

# Components and materials

Book C20

1987

Wirewound components for TV and monitors

# WIREWOUND COMPONENTS FOR TV AND MONITORS

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### DATA HANDBOOK SYSTEM

Our Data Handbook System comprises more than 60 books with specifications on electronic components, subassemblies and materials. It is made up of four series of handbooks:

**ELECTRON TUBES** 

**BLUE** 

SEMICONDUCTORS

RED

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

**PURPLE** 

COMPONENTS AND MATERIALS

**GREEN** 

The contents of each series are listed on pages iv to vii.

The data handbooks contain all pertinent data available at the time of publication, and each is revised and reissued periodically.

When ratings or specifications differ from those published in the preceding edition they are indicated with arrows in the page margin. Where application information is given it is advisory and does not form part of the product specification.

Condensed data on the preferred products of Philips Electronic Components and Materials Division is given in our Preferred Type Range catalogue (issued annually).

Information on current Data Handbooks and on how to obtain a subscription for future issues is available from any of the Organizations listed on the back cover.

Product specialists are at your service and enquiries will be answered promptly.

# **ELECTRON TUBES (BLUE SERIES)**

The blue series of data handbooks comprises:

T <sub>1</sub>	Tubes for r.f. heating
T2a	Transmitting tubes for communications, glass types
T2b	Transmitting tubes for communications, ceramic types
Т3	Klystrons
T4	Magnetrons for microwave heating
T5	Cathode-ray tubes Instrument tubes, monitor and display tubes, C.R. tubes for special applications
Т6	Geiger-Müller tubes
Т8	Colour display systems Colour TV picture tubes, colour data graphic display tube assemblies, deflection units
Т9	Photo and electron multipliers
T10	Plumbicon camera tubes and accessories
T11	Microwave semiconductors and components
T12	Vidicon and Newvicon camera tubes
T13	Image intensifiers and infrared detectors
T15	Dry reed switches
T16	Monochrome tubes and deflection units Black and white TV picture tubes, monochrome data graphic display tubes, deflection units

# SEMICONDUCTORS (RED SERIES)

The red series of data handbooks comprises:

S1	Diodes Small-signal silicon diodes, voltage regulator diodes ( $<$ 1,5 W), voltage reference diodes, tuner diodes, rectifier diodes
S2a	Power diodes
S2b	Thyristors and triacs
<b>S3</b>	Small-signal transistors
S4a	Low-frequency power transistors and hybrid modules
S4b	High-voltage and switching power transistors
<b>S</b> 5	Field-effect transistors
S6	R.F. power transistors and modules
<b>S7</b>	Surface mounted semiconductors
S8a	Light-emitting diodes
S8b	Devices for optoelectronics  Optocouplers, photosensitive diodes and transistors, infrared light-emitting diodes and infrared sensitive devices, laser and fibre-optic components
S9	Power MOS transistors
S10	Wideband transistors and wideband hybrid IC modules
S11	Microwave transistors
S12	Surface acoustic wave devices
S13	Semiconductor sensors
*S14	Liquid Crystal Displays

<sup>\*</sup>To be issued shortly.

# INTEGRATED CIRCUITS (PURPLE SERIES)

The NEW SERIES of handbooks is now completed. With effect from the publication date of this handbook the "N" in the handbook code number will be deleted. Handbooks to be replaced during 1986 are shown below.

The purple series of handbooks comprises:

IC01	Radio, audio and associated systems Bipolar, MOS	new issue 1986 IC01N 1985
IC02a/b	Video and associated systems Bipolar, MOS	new issue 1986 IC02Na/b 1985
IC03	Integrated circuits for telephony Bipolar, MOS	new issue 1986 IC03N 1985
IC04	HE4000B logic family CMOS	new issue 1986 IC4 1983
IC05N	HE4000B logic family — uncased ICs CMOS	published 1984
IC06N	High-speed CMOS; PC74HC/HCT/HCU Logic family	published 1986
IC08	ECL 10K and 100K logic families	New issue 1986 IC08N 1984
IC09N	TTL logic series	published 1986
IC10	Memories MOS, TTL, ECL	new issue 1986 IC7 1982
IC11N	Linear LSI	published 1985
Supplement to IC11N	Linear LSI	published 1986
IC12	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus compatible ICs	not yet issued
IC13	Semi-custom Programmable Logic Devices (PLD)	new issue 1986 IC13N 1985
IC14N	Microprocessors, microcontrollers and peripherals Bipolar, MOS	published 1985
IC15	FAST TTL logic series	new issue 1986 IC15N 1985
IC16	CMOS integrated circuits for clocks and watches	first issue 1986
IC17	Integrated Services Digital Networks (ISDN)	not yet issued
IC18	Microprocessors and peripherals	new issue 1986*

<sup>\*</sup> The Microprocessors were included in handbook IC14N 1985, so IC18 will replace that part of IC14N.

# COMPONENTS AND MATERIALS (GREEN SERIES)

The green series of data handbooks comprises:

C22

Film capacitors

C2	Television tuners, coaxial aerial input assemblies, surface acoustic wave filters
C3	Loudspeakers
C4	Ferroxcube potcores, square cores and cross cores
C5	Ferroxcube for power, audio/video and accelerators
C6	Synchronous motors and gearboxes
<b>C7</b>	Variable capacitors
C8	Variable mains transformers
C9	Piezoelectric quartz devices
C11	Varistors, thermistors and sensors
C12	Potentiometers, encoders and switches
C13	Fixed resistors
C14	Electrolytic and solid capacitors
C15	Ceramic capacitors
C16	Permanent magnet materials
C17	Stepping motors and associated electronics
C18	Direct current motors
C19	Piezoelectric ceramics
C20	Wire-wound components for TVs and monitors

July 1986



SELECTION GUIDE

# RECOMMENDED COMBINATIONS FOR COLOUR TELEVISION

900		
Picture tube	A37-573X	A37-590X A37-591X
Deflection unit	AT1205	AT1206
Screen diagonal	37 cm	37 cm
Multipole	AT1052	AT1052
Degaussing coil single insulation	3122 138 99840	3122 138 99840
Mains filter choke	AT4043/90	AT4043/90
Switched mode driver transformer		AT4043/29
Switched mode transformer	AT3010/90	_
Mains transformer	_	TS561
Input choke	_	AT4043/81
Synchronous power pack transformer	_	AT2077/80 or AT2076/80
Line output transformer	AT2079/10	_
Linearity control unit	AT4042/04A or AT4042/91	AT4042/91
110 <sup>o</sup>		
Picture tube	A	\51-540X
Deflection unit	ļ .	AT1850
Screen diagonal	5	51 cm
Degaussing coil single insulation double insulation		3122 138 55220 or 3122 138 56320
Mains filter choke	AT4043/55 or /90	AT4043/55 or /90
Driver transformer		AT4043/29
Switched mode transformer	AT3010/110	_
Mains transformer	TS561	TS561
Current sensing transformer	_	AT4043/46
Bridge coil	AT4043/100	AT4043/100
East/west choke	AT4043/60	AT4043/60
Input choke	_	AT4043/16A
Line output transformer	AT2077/81	AT2077/82
Audio choke	_	AT4043/96
Power pack system line choke	_	AT4043/53
Linearity control unit or linearity corrector	AT4042/08A or AT4042/90	AT4042/90

A42-570X	A42-592X A42-593X	A51-570X	A51-590X A51-591X		
AT1215 AT1216 or AT1470		AT1237	AT1236 or AT1480		
42 cm 42 cm		51 cm	51 cm		
AT1052	AT1052	AT1052	AT1052		
3122 138 99850	3122 138 99850	3122 138 56070	3122 138 56070		
AT4043/90	AT4043/90	AT4043/90	AT4043/90		
	AT4043/29	- Marie	AT4043/29		
AT3010/90*	_	AT3010/90	_		
<u> </u>	TS561	-	TS561		
	AT4043/81		AT4043/81		
-	AT2077/80 or AT2076/80		AT2077/80 or AT2076/80		
AT2079/07*		AT2079/10	_		
AT4042/04A or AT4042/91	AT4042/91	AT4042/04A or AT4042/91	AT4042/91		
A56-	540X 360	A66-	540X 870		
56 cm	n	66 cı	66 cm		
	138 55220 or 138 56320		2 138 55230 or 2 138 56310		
AT4043/55 or /90	AT4043/55 or 90	AT4043/55 or /90   AT4043/55 or /90			
	AT4043/29		AT4043/29		
AT3010/110	_	AT3010/110	_		
TS561	TS561	TS561	TS561		
_	AT4043/46	_	AT4043/46		
AT4043/100	AT4043/100	AT4043/100	AT4043/100		
AT4043/60 AT4043/60		AT4043/60	AT4043/60		
	AT4043/16A	_	AT4043/16A		
AT2077/81	AT2077/82	AT2077/81	AT2077/82		
	AT4043/96	_	AT4043/96		
	AT4043/53	_	AT4043/53		
AT4042/08A or AT4042/90 AT4042/90		AT4042/08A or AT4042/90	AT4042/90		

# RECOMMENDED COMBINATIONS FOR COLOUR DATA GRAPHIC DISPLAYS

	line frequency					
		24 kHz				
	medium resolution	riigii resolution		high resolution		
	14 inch	10 inch	14 inch	14 inch		
Colour monitor tube assembly	M34EAQ00X01 M34EAQ10X01	250ARB22N-TC03 (M25-100X/N/4130)	M37-103X/N/1020 M37-108X/N/1020 M37-118X/N/1020	M37-103X/N/1020 M37-108X/N/1020 M37-118X/N/1020		
Inductance of line deflection						
coils	1,9 mH	1,93 mH	1,2 mH	1,2 mH		
Line output transformer	AT2077/81	AT2076/81	AT2076/81	AT2076/51		
Linearity control unit	AT4042/34	AT4042/04A or AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A		
Driver transformer	AT4043/01	AT4043/01	AT4043/01	AT4043/01		
Shift transformer	_	AT4043/09	AT4043/09	AT4043/09		
Dynamic focusing transformer	<del>-</del> ' :	_	_	_		
Bridge coil	AT4043/68	AT4043/68	AT4043/68	AT4043/68		

# SELECTION GUIDE

		line frequency		
32 kHz		45 kHz	64 kHz	
high resolution		high resolution	high resolution	
14 inch	20 inch	14 inch	20 inch	
M37-103X/N/1030 M37-108X/N/1030 M37-118X/N/1030	M51-107X/N/7171	M37-103X/N/1050 M37-108X/N/1050 M37-118X/N/1050	M48JFJ58X32	
0,3 mH	0,71 mH	0,14 to 0,16 mH	0,18 mH	
AT2076/51	AT2076/51	AT2077/85	AT2076/60	
AT4042/32A	AT4042/32A	AT4042/32A	AT4042/32A	
AT4043/01	AT4043/01	AT4043/87	2 × AT4043/87+ 1 × AT4043/01	
AT4043/09	AT4043/09	AT4043/09	AT4043/09	
<u> </u>	AT4043/67	_	_	
AT4043/68	AT4043/68	AT4043/13	AT4043/08A	

# RECOMMENDED COMBINATIONS FOR MONOCHROME DATA GRAPHIC DISPLAYS

Line frequency	15 to 22 kHz	15 to 22 kHz	15 to 22 kHz	
E.H.T.	11 kV	11 kV	11 kV	
Number of characters/line	40 to 80	40 to 80	40 to 80	
Picture tube	M24-306	M31-336/M31-340	M32EAA series	
Screen diagonal	9 in	12 in	14 in	
Deflection angle	900	900	900	
Format	landscape	landscape	landscape	
Deflection unit	AT1077/09	AT1077/05	AT1077/13	
Line output transformer AT2240/16** or AT2140/16B**		AT2140/16B**	AT2140/16B**	
Linearity control unit	AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A	
	or AT4042/46	or AT4042/46	or AT4042/46	
Line driver transformer	_	-	_	
Dynamic focusing transformer	-	_	_	
D.C. shift transformer	_	_	_	
Amplitude control unit AT4044/39D		AT4044/39D	AT4044/39D	
Transductor –		-		

<sup>\*</sup> E.H.T. cable, catalogue number 3122 137 63370, to be ordered separately.

<sup>\*\*</sup> E.H.T. cable, catalogue number 3122 137 63920, to be ordered separately.

E.H.T. cable, catalogue number 3111 108 34740, to be ordered separately.

E.H.T. cable, catalogue number 3122 137 58254, to be ordered separately.

15,6 kHz	21,3 kHz	15 to 25 kHz	15 to 50 kHz	15 to 50 kHz	15 to 70 kHz	125 kHz
17 kV	17 kV	17 kV	17 kV	17 kV	17 kV	17 kV
80	80	80	100 to 132	100 to 132	100 to 132	192
M31-326/ M38-328	M31-326/ M38-328	M31-326/ M38-328	M31-326	M38-328	M38-328	M38-200
12 in/15 in	12 in/15 in	12 in/15 in	12 in	15 in	15 in	15 in
110 <sup>0</sup>	1100	110 <sup>0</sup>	110º	110 <sup>o</sup>	110 <sup>0</sup>	70 <sup>0</sup>
landscape	landscape	landscape	landscape	landscape	portrait	portrait
AT1038/41/42	AT1038/41/42	AT1038/41/42	AT1039/03	AT1039/01	AT1039/00	AT1991
AT2102/04C <sup>▲</sup>	AT2102/06C <sup>▲</sup>	AT2076/84*	AT2076/84*	AT2076/84*	AT2076/84*	AT2076/54
AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A	AT4042/08A or AT4042/33A	AT4042/08A or AT4042/33A	AT4042/08A or AT4042/33A	
AT4043/59	AT4043/59	AT4043/64	AT4043/64	AT4043/64	AT4043/64	AT4043/87
	AT4043/67	AT4043/67	_		- 12.0	<u>-</u>
_	_	_	AT4043/29	AT4043/29	AT4043/29	AT4043/29
	_	_	AT4044/35	AT4044/35	AT4044/35	-
_	_	_ "	_	_		AT4041/52

# **GLASS DELAY LINES**

type	DL63	DL680	DL701	DL703
catalogue number	4322 027 84631	4322 027 84661	4322 027 84771 4322 027 84772	4322 027 8483
application	CTV	VLP	CTV/VCR	VCR
system	PAL-Brazil	PAL	PAL-Europe	PAL-Europe
nominal frequency	3,575611 MHz	7,500000 MHz	4,433619 MHz	4,433619 MHz
-3 dB lower limit	2,8 MHz	5,5 MHz	3,43 MHz	3,03 MHz
-3 dB upper limit	4,5 MHz	8,5 MHz	5,23 MHz	5,43 MHz
insertion loss	9 ± 3 dB	max. 17 dB	9 ± 3 dB	9 ± 3 dB
delay time	63486 ± 5 ns	64400 ± 50 ns	63943 ± 5 ns	63935 ± 5 ns
nominal phase	0o	_	180°	180°
drift (+ 10/+ 60 °C)	typ. 5 ns	≤ 10 ns	≤ 5 ns	≤ 5 ns
spurious (3 $ au$ )	≤ -22 dB	≤ -20 dB	≤ -28 dB	≤ -28 dB
spurious ('others)	≤-30 dB	≤-30 dB	≤-33 dB	≤ -26 dB
R1 (input)	560 Ω	150 Ω	390 Ω	390 Ω
R2 (output)	560 Ω	150 Ω	390 Ω	390 Ω
L1 eff. (input)	18 μΗ	2,2 μΗ	10 μΗ	18 μΗ
L2 eff. (output)	18 μΗ	2,2 μΗ	10 μΗ	18 μΗ
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DL711	DL720	DL721	DL722	DL750
4322 027 84781 4322 027 84782	4322 027 84721	4322 027 84731	4322 027 84741	4322 027 84751 4322 027 84752
CTV	CTV	CTV	ст∨	CTV comb f./VCR
PAL/SECAM	PAL-Argentina	PAL-Argentina	PAL-Argentina	NTSC
4,433619 MHz	3,582056 MHz	3,582056 MHz	3,582056 MHz	3,579545 MHz
3,43 NHz	2,8 MHz	2,8 MHz	2,8 MHz	2,8 MHz
5,23 MHz	4,5 MHz	4,5 MHz	4,5 MHz	4,5 MHz
9 ± 3 dB	9 ± 3 dB	9 ± 3 dB	9 ± 3 dB	9 ± 3 dB
63943 ± 5 ns	63929 ± 5 ns	64069 ± 5 ns	64069 ± 5 ns	63555 ± 5 ns
180°	00	180º	180°	180°
≤ 5 ns	≤ 5 ns	≤ 5 ns	≤ 5 ns	typ. 5 ns
≤ -33 dB*	≤ -22 dB	≤ -22 dB	≤ -22 dB	≤ -22 dB
≤ -33 dB*	≤-28 dB	≤ -28 dB	≤ -28 dB	≤ -28 dB
390 Ω	560 Ω	560 Ω	390 Ω	560 Ω
390 Ω	560 Ω	560 Ω	390 Ω	560 Ω
10 μΗ	18 μΗ	18 μH	10 μΗ	18 μΗ
10 μΗ	18 µH	18 μΗ	10 μΗ	18 μΗ
233	237	237	237	241

<sup>\*</sup> Spurious signals measured in frequency range 3,9 to 4,75 MHz.

# GLASS DELAY LINES/COMB FILTERS

type	DL752	DL872	DL875	DL876	CF873
catalogue number	4322 027 84882	4322 027 84841	4322 027 84501	4322 027 84511	4322 027 84581
application	VCR comb filter				
system	NTSC	PAL-Europe	PAL-Brazil	PAL-Argentina	PAL-Europe
nominal frequency	3,579545 MHz	4,433619 MHz	3,575611 MHz	3,582056 MHz	4,433619 MHz
-3 dB lower limit	3,08 MHz	3,93 MHz	3,08 MHz	3,08 MHz	3,93 MHz
-3 dB upper limit	4,08 MHz	4,93 MHz	4,08 MHz	4,08 MHz	4,93 MHz
insertion loss	10 ± 3 dB	18 ± 3 dB			
delay time	64 μs	128 μs	128 μs	128 μs	128 μs
spurious (2 $ au$ )	≤ -20 dB	≤ -12 dB	≤ -15 dB	≤ -15 dB	≤ -18 dB
spurious $(3\tau)$	≤ -18 dB				
spurious ('others')	≤ -26 dB	≤ -23 dB	≤ -20 dB	≤ -20 dB	≤ -23 dB
comb depth at fo	≥ 24 dB	≥ 20 dB	≥ 18 dB	≥ 18 dB	≥ 20 dB
comb depth at f+	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 12 dB
comb depth at f_	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 10 dB	≥ 12 dB
page	245	249	253	257	261

Note:  $f_0 = 4,42971 \text{ MHz}$   $f_+ = 4,92971 \text{ MHz}$  $f_- = 3,92971 \text{ MHz}$ 

# **DEGAUSSING COILS**

Screen diagonal of picture tube	10 inch 11 inch 12 inch	14 inch	16 inch	20 inch	20 inch	20 inch 22 inch	26 inch
Degaussing system	single coil	single coil	single coil	single coil	double coil	double coil	double coil
Mounting	twisted loop	asym- metrical	asym- metrical	asym- metrical	top + bottom	top + bottom	top + bottom
Ampere-turns	500	600	600	700	2 x 300	2 × 300	2 x 300
Catalogue number of degaussing coil 3122 138 single insulation double insulation	56310	99840 51860	99850 51850	56070 56170	55920	55220 56320	55230 56310
Diameter	435 mm	300 mm	330 mm	435 mm	385 mm	385 mm	435 mm
Mains voltage	220/240V	220/240 V	220/240 V	220/240 V	110/220 V	110/220 V	110/220 V
Resistance	8,6 Ω*	21,7 Ω	26,3 Ω	19,5 Ω	11,4 Ω	11,5 Ω	8,6 Ω
Number of turns	52	97	107	120	65	49	52

<sup>\*</sup> Resistor 10  $\Omega$  to be connected in series.







## DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- Three-layer e.h.t. coil, focus tap for hi-bi
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Piggy-back type
- For Data Graphic Displays

### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

For transistor line output s	stages		
C	leflection angle	1100	900
leht		max. 1,5 mA	max. 1 mA
E.H.T.		25 kV	25 kV
Ri(eht)		1,86 ΜΩ	2,45 ΜΩ
Ip-p deflection (incl. 6% ov	verscan)	5,3 A	2,85 A
Supply voltage (VB')		151 V	151,5 V
Supply current (laverage)	at	477 mA (I <sub>eht</sub> = 1,5 mA)	291 mA (I <sub>beam</sub> = 1 mA)
Voltages of primary windin	ngs *	V <sub>p</sub> = + 114, + 520 + 1060, + 1090	+ 112, + 515 + 1050, + 1080
Voltages of auxiliary wind	ings	V <sub>p</sub> = -280, -149, +64, +227, +326 picture tube heater voltage	- 275, - 146, + 62 + 223, + 322

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 110° and 90° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

	deflection angle		110 <sup>o</sup>	900
<ul> <li>deflection unit</li> </ul>		AT1870,	AT1860, AT1850	AT1235/00
<ul> <li>bridge coil</li> </ul>			AT4043/68	AT4043/68
- linearity control unit			AT4042/08A or /30	AT4042/04A or /90
<ul> <li>line output transistor</li> </ul>			BU508A	BU508A
		4 - 1	0100 107 E	0054

- screened e.h.t. cable with a length of 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 58254.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The e.h.t. winding is moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting.\*\* External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

- D.C. component on these pulses is V<sub>B</sub>' (see Fig. 3).
- \*\* For mounting on the printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm in diameter has to be used. Tightening torque on printed-wiring board: 500 + 100 mNm.

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines

Dimensions in mm

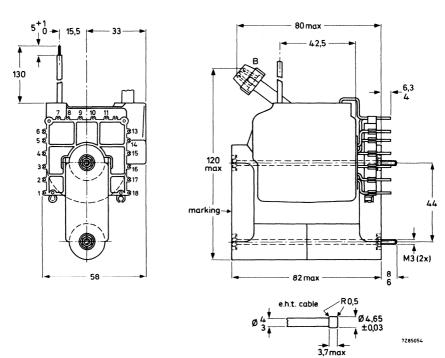


Fig. 1.

<u>B</u>

Solderability in accordance with IEC 68, Test T

#### MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. The fit of the connecting and the mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

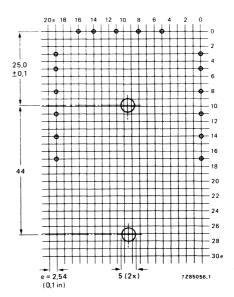


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side). Grid hole diameter 1,3 ± 0,1 mm.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

#### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 85  $^{\rm OC}$  under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

#### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

### **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 110° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

E.H.T. supply	<sup>l</sup> eht e.h.t. Ri(eht)	mA kV MΩ	<b>0,03</b> 25,0	1 23,2 -1,86-	1,5 22,2
	( V <sub>B</sub>	V	158,5	158,5	158,5
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub> ′	V	151	147,2	145,0
	laverage	mA	259	397	477
Output transistor	√ VCEM	V	1240	1210	1190
Output transistor	+ ICEM	Α	3,5	3,6	3,65
Deflection	I <sub>p-p</sub>	A	5,3	5,2	5,15
	tflyback	μs	11,4		_
	Overscan	%	6	-	6,5
V <sub>focus</sub>		kV	8,6	8,1	7,8
Auxiliary windings:					
picture tube heater vo peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	9,04	8,74	8,54
pin 2	V <sub>2</sub>	V	280		
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	V	-149		
pin 4	V <sub>4</sub>	V	+ 64		
pin 11	V <sub>11</sub>	V	+ 227		
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+ 326		
pin 9	Vg *	· V	+ 114		
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+ 520		
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1060		
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 1090		

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 4a and 4b.

An alternative 3-diode modulator circuit is shown in Fig. 4c.

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is VB'.

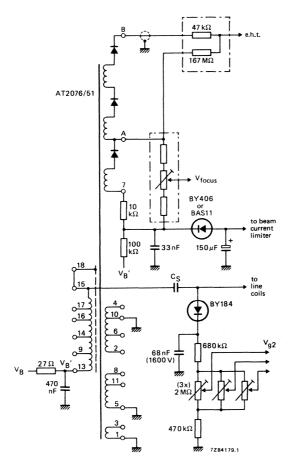


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram of transformer, and e.h.t., focus voltage and  $\rm V_{\rm q2}$  circuits.

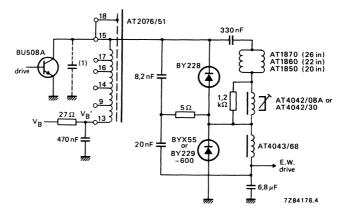


Fig. 4a Diode modulator with split tuning.

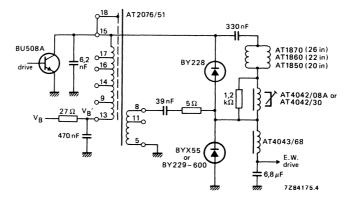


Fig. 4b Diode modulator with tap on transformer.

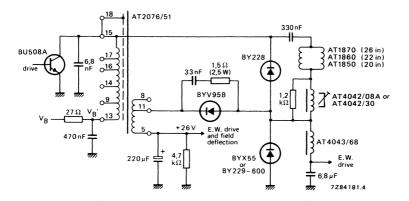


Fig. 4c Three-diode modulator circuit.

ELECTRICAL DATA with 90° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES.

			Figs 3 a V <sub>B</sub> = 15		Figs 3 V <sub>B</sub> = 1	
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. Ri(eht)	mA kV MΩ	0,03 24,55 –2,4	1 22,1 45—	0,03 25,0 -2,	1 22,5 5—
Power supply	√B'	v	151,5	148,1	130,0	126,1
	laverage	mA	168	291	226	375
Output transistor	VCEM	V	1220	1150	1060	995
Output transistor	+ ICEM	A	2,0	2,1	2,4	2,5
Deflection	I <sub>p-p</sub>	A	2,85	2,7	2,9	2,75
	tflyback	μs	11,45		11,45	
	Overscan	%	6	7,5	6	7,5
V <sub>focus</sub>	(	kV	8,45	7,7	8,6	7,8
Auxiliary windings:						
picture tube heater vo peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	9,13	8,7	9,30	8,79
pin 2	$V_2$	V	-275		-280	
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	V	-146		-149	
pin 4	٧4	V	+62		+64	
pin 11	V <sub>11</sub>	V	+223		+ 227	
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+ 322		+326	
pin 9	V <sub>9</sub> *	V	+ 112		+ 114	
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+515		+ 520	
pin 15	V <sub>15</sub> *	V			+ 1240	
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1050			
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 1080		+ 1090	

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 5a and 5b.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}\,$  D.C. component on these pulses is  $V_{B}'.$ 

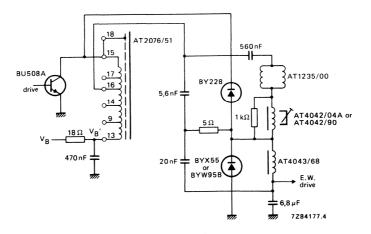


Fig. 5a Diode modulator,  $V_B = 154,5 V$ .

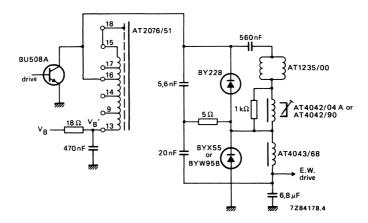


Fig. 5b Diode modulator,  $V_B = 134,3 \text{ V}$ .



Replaced by AT2076/84

### DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- Three-laver e.h.t. coil
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- · Piggy-back type
- For Data Graphic Displays.

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages		
deflection ar	ngle 110 <sup>o</sup>	90o
leht	max. 1,5 mA	max. 1 mA
E.H.T.	25 kV	25 kV
Ri(eht)	<b>1,86</b> ΜΩ	2,45 ΜΩ
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection (incl. 6% overscan)	5,3 A	2,85 A
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> ')	151 V	151,5 V
Supply current (laverage) at	477 mA $(I_{eht} = 1.5 \text{ mA})$	291 mA (I <sub>beam</sub> = 1 mA)
Voltages of primary windings *	$V_p = +114, +520 +1060, +1090$	+ 112, + 515 + 1050, + 1080
Voltages of auxiliary windings	V <sub>p</sub> = -280, -149, +64, +227, +326 picture tube heater voltage	-275, -146, +62 +223, +322

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 110° and 90° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

	deflection angle	110 <sup>0</sup>	900		
<ul> <li>deflection unit</li> </ul>		AT1270/00, AT1260, AT1250	AT1235/00		
- bridge coil		AT4043/68	AT4043/68		
- linearity control unit		AT4042/08 or /30	AT4042/02 or /90		
<ul> <li>line output transistor</li> </ul>		BU508A	BU508A		
<ul> <li>screened e.h.t. cable with a length of 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 58254.</li> </ul>					

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The e.h.t. winding is moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC65, para, 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting. \*\* External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

- \* D.C. component on these pulses is V<sub>B</sub>' (see Fig. 3).
- \*\* For mounting on the printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm in diameter has to be used. Tightening torque on printed-wiring board: 500 + 100 mNm.

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm

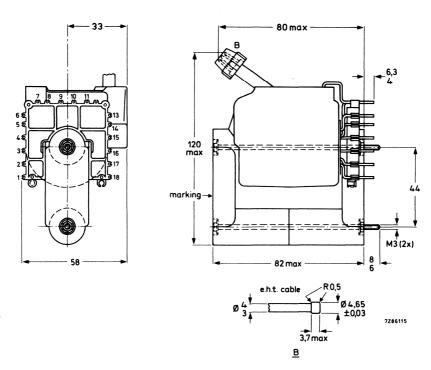


Fig. 1.

Solderability in accordance with IEC68, Test T

#### MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. The fit of the connecting and the mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

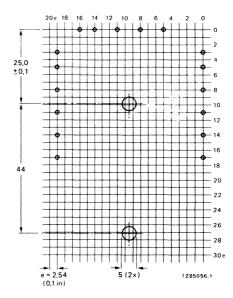


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side). Grid hole diameter 1,3 ± 0,1 mm.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

#### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed  $+85\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm.

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm.

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 110° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

E.H.T. supply	leht e.h.t. <sup>R</sup> i(eht)	mA kV MΩ	0,03 25,0	1 23,2 –1,86–	1,5 22,2
	( V <sub>B</sub>	V	158,5	158,5	158,5
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub> '	V	151	147,2	145,0
	laverage	mA	259	397	477
0	VCEM	V	1240	1210	1190
Output transistor	+ICEM	Α	3,5	3,6	3,65
	lp-p	Α	5,3	5,2	5,15
Deflection	tflyback	μs	11,4	_	-
	Overscan	%	6	-	6,5
V <sub>focus</sub>		kV	8,6	8,1	7,8
Auxiliary windings: picture tube heater ve peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	9,04	8,74	8,54
pin 2	$V_2$	V	-280		
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	V	-149		
pin 4	V <sub>4</sub>	V	+64		
pin 11	V <sub>11</sub>	V	+ 227		
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+326		
pin 9	V9*	v	+114		
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+ 520		
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1060		
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 1090		

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 4a and 4b.

An alternative 3-diode modulator circuit is shown in Fig. 4c.

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is V<sub>B</sub>'.

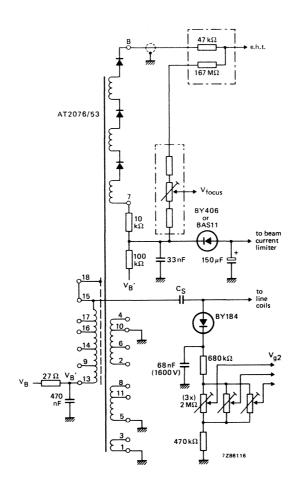


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram of transformer, and e.h.t., focus voltage and  $\rm V_{\rm g2}$  circuits.

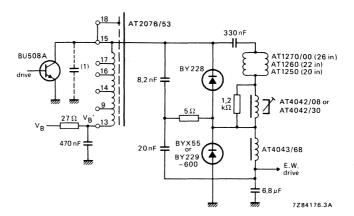


Fig. 4a Diode modulator with split tuning.

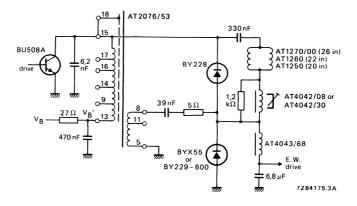


Fig. 4b Diode modulator with tap on transformer.

(1) Transformer stray capacitance.

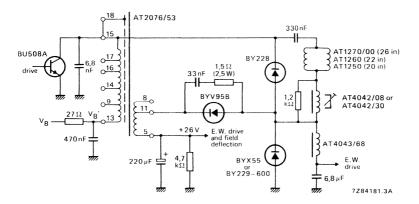


Fig. 4c Three-diode modulator circuit.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 90° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

			Figs 3 and 5a V <sub>B</sub> = 154,5 V		Figs 3 and 5b V <sub>B</sub> = 134,3 V	
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. Ri(eht)	mA kV MΩ	0,03 24,55 -2,4	1 22,1 45–	0,03 25,0 -2,	1 22,5 5–
Power supply	∫ V <sub>B</sub> ′	V	151,5	148,1	130,0	126,1
rower suppry	laverage	mA	168	291	226	375
Output transistor	∫ V <sub>CEM</sub>	V	1220	1150	1060	995
Output transistor	+ ICEM	Α	2,0	2,1	2,4	2,5
	( Ip-p	Α	2,85	2,7	2,9	2,75
Deflection	tflyback	μs	11,45		11,45	
	Overscan	%	6	7,5	6	7,5
V <sub>focus</sub>		kV	8,45	7,7	8,6	7,8
Auxiliary windings: picture tube heater v peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	9,13	8,7	9,30	8,79
pin 2	$V_2$	V	275		-280	
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	V	-146		-149	
pin 4	V <sub>4</sub>	V	+62		+64	
pin 11	V <sub>11</sub>	V	+ 223		+ 227	
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+322		+326	
pin 9	V <sub>9</sub> *	V	+112		+ 114	
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+515		+520	
pin 15	V <sub>15</sub> *	V			+ 1240	
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1050			
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 1080		+ 1090	

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 5a and 5b.

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  D.C. component on these pulses is  $V_{B}'$ .

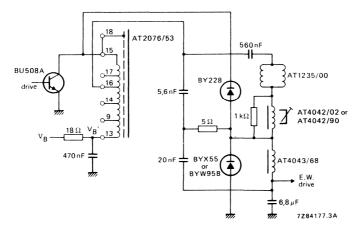


Fig. 5a Diode modulator,  $V_B = 154,5 V$ .

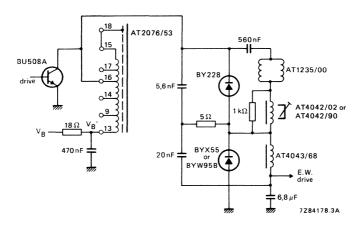


Fig. 5b Dlode modulator,  $V_B = 134,3 \text{ V}$ .



# UNIVERSAL DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For monochrome Data Graphic Displays
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil

Aluminium foil primary winding

+6 V, -6 V, +11 V, +26 V, +41 V, +52 V, -150 V,

Piggy-back type

heater voltage 9,8 V(r.m.s.)

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

max. 0,5 mA leht F.H.T. 17 kV 1.3  $M\Omega$ Ri(eht) 3.8 Ip-p deflection Supply voltage (V<sub>B</sub>) 129 210 mA Supply current (Iaverage) 5.4 us Flyback time

For transistor line output stages, deflection angle 110°, scan frequency 32 kHz.

#### APPLICATION

Auxiliary voltages

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 38 cm (15 in)/110<sup>o</sup> monochrome data graphic display tubes, at line scan frequencies of 15,625 kHz, 32 kHz or 64 kHz. It is intended for use in conjunction with:

- deflection unit AT1039/00 (for 'portrait' scan mode, scan frequency 64 kHz) or AT1039/01 (for 'landscape' scan mode, scan frequency 15,625 kHz or 32 kHz);
- line output transistor BU508A;
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m, catalogue number 3122 137 58254.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The e.h.t. winding is moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting.\* External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

<sup>\*</sup> For mounting on the printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm in diameter has to be used. Tightening torque on printed-wiring board: 500 + 100 mNm.

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm

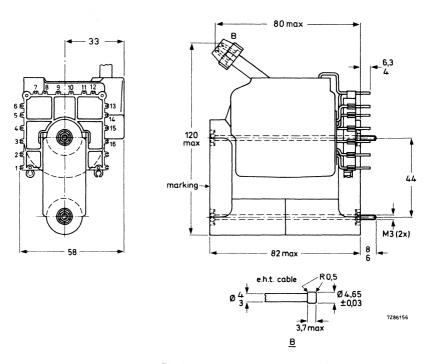


Fig. 1.

Mass approx. 500 g

Solderability in accordance with IEC 68, Test  $\mathsf{T}$ 

#### MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. The fit of the connecting and the mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

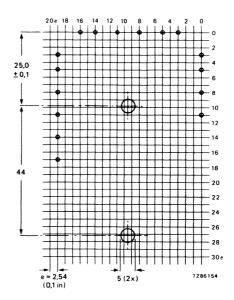


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side). Grid hole diameter 1,3 ± 0,1 mm.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

# Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 85 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm.

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm.

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

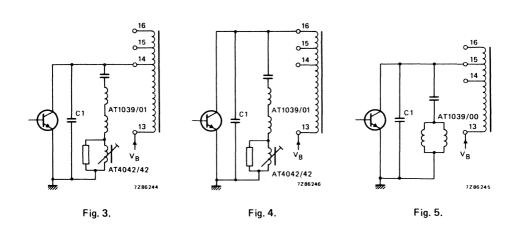
The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Scan frequency		Hz	15625 (	Fig. 3)	31250 (	Fig. 4)	62500 (	Fig. 5)
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	mA kV MΩ	0,035 17,3 1,	0,55 16,8 1	0,035 17,85 1,	0,55 17,25 ,3	0,035 17,6 2,	0,55 16,6 0
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub> I <sub>average</sub>	V mA	68,5 385	68,5 530	129 210	129 285	100 310	100 410
Output transistor	<sup>V</sup> CEM	V	560		1120		780	
Deflection	I <sub>p-p</sub>	Α μs	3,95 11,2	3,95 11,2	3,75 5,4	3,75 5,4	5,80 3,0	5,80 3,0
Tuning capacitor	C1	nF	20	כ	2,	2	1,	6
Auxiliary winding	s:							
heater voltage (r.m voltages (d.c.)* at		<b>v</b>	9,53		9,83		9,92	
pin 15 (V <sub>g2</sub> , load pin 1 ** pin 3 ** pin 5 ** pin 2 (V <sub>g1</sub> , load pin 8 ** pin 11 **	V <sub>1</sub> V <sub>3</sub> V <sub>5</sub>	>>>>>>>	+757 +49,7 +38,5 +24,5 -156 +10,5 +6,4 -6,4		+842 +49,7 +38,5 +24,5 -166 +10,5 +6,4 -6,4		+773 +55,4 +42,9 +27,3 -155 +11,8 +7,15 -7,15	

<sup>\*</sup> Pins 9 and 10 connected to earth.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Load 1 k $\Omega$ .



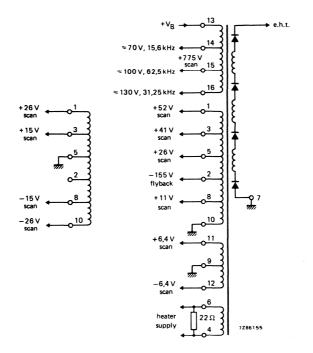


Fig. 6 Application circuit.



# ASYNCHRONOUS POWER PACK TRANSFORMER

- For colour Data Graphic Displays
- Mains isolation
- Aluminium foil primary winding and screens

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

E.H.T.	25 kV
l <sub>eht</sub>	max. 1,6 mA
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	1 ΜΩ
Supply	
voltage (d.c.)	+300 V
current (I <sub>eht</sub> = 1,5 mA)	400 mA
Voltages of auxiliary windings	-9 V, +20 V, +31 V, +42 V, +150 V, +200 V, +225 V

#### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed for use as a mains isolated supply transformer in colour monitors. It provides the required stabilized auxiliary voltages including an e.h.t. supply with low internal resistance. The transformer is suitable for 90° and 110° deflection systems using 25 kV e.h.t. It is intended for use in conjunction with:

- mains filter choke AT4043/55:
- mains transformer TS561/2;
- line driver transformer AT4043/87;

#### and for 1100 tubes:

- deflection unit AT1870; AT1860 and AT1850;
- line choke AT4043/53;
- linearity control unit AT4042/08A;
- line driver transformer AT4043/87 (if separate drive of line output stage is required);

# and for 900 tubes:

- deflection unit AT1235/00:
- line choke AT4043/53;
- linearity control unit AT4042/04A;

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil with screens and the e.h.t. winding with incorporated diodes are moulded in flame retarding polyester.

The device is provided with two securing M3 studs. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 3).

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

## **Outlines**

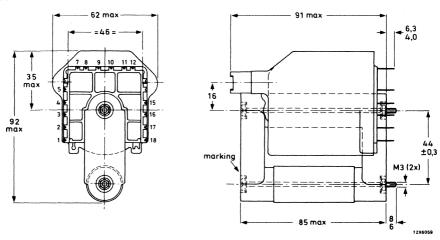


Fig. 1 Transformer AT2076/60.

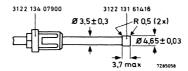


Fig. 2 Plug for connection to e.h.t.

Mass

Solderability max. 240 °C, max. 2,5 s

530 q

#### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. For mounting on a printed-wiring board, a washer of 20 mm outer diameter has to be used; the tightening torque on the printed-wiring board is 500 + 100 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins and the studs in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 3.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

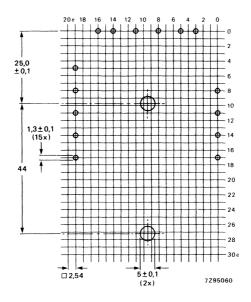


Fig. 3 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

# Temperature

The ambient temperature in the set should not exceed  $+65\,^{\rm OC}$  under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- maximum output power;
- maximum supply voltage;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be necessary to provide an ample cool air flow around the transformer.

43

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (it should be noted that edges of conductive parts must have a greater distance):

from the e.h.t. coil, radially 10 mm, axially 10 mm.

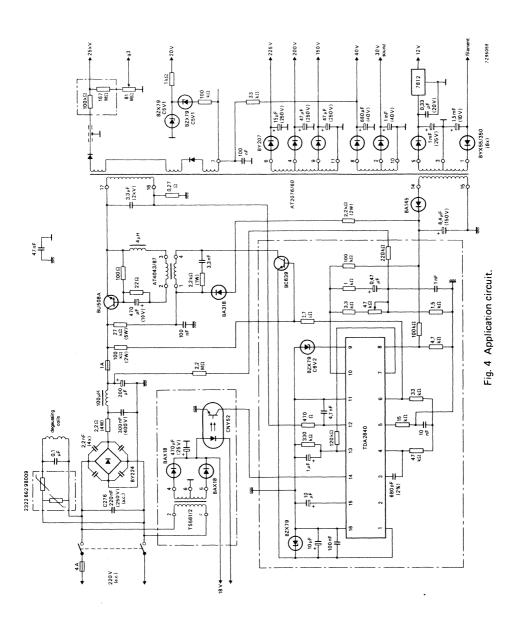
The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

ELECTRICAL DATA (measured in circuit of Fig. 4, mains voltage 220 V)

	l <sub>eht</sub>	mA	0,1	1,6
E.H.T. supply	e.h.t.	kV	25	23,7
	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	MΩ		0,9
Power supply	∫ V <sub>B</sub> *	V	300	297
ι σινεί σαρρίγ	laverage	mA	270	390
Supply transistor	√ VCEM	V	1000	1000
(BU208A)	1 + I <sub>CM</sub>	Α	1,9	2,5
Flyback time		μs	9,5	10,5
Auxiliary windings (typical val	ues **):			
picture tube heater voltage	V <sub>1</sub>	V	-9 (6,5 W)	
drive winding	V <sub>15-16</sub>	V	+ 100	
field time base	٧9	V	+ 42 (13 W)	
line time base	V <sub>10</sub>	V	+ 150 (20 W)	
	٧4	V	+ 200 (22 W)	
video output	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+225 (9 W)	
audio output	$V_2$	V	+31 (5 W)	
small signal output	· V	l v	+ 20 (10 W)	

<sup>\*</sup> Stabilization range VB from 215 V d.c. (165 V mains) to 350 V d.c. (265 V mains).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Values apply to voltages after rectification, and pins 3, 11 and 12 connected to earth.





# SYNCHRONOUS POWER PACK TRANSFORMER

for colour television

- · Piggy-back type
- Mains isolation
- Aluminium foil primary winding and screens

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

E.H.T.	25 kV ± 3%
leht	max. 1,6 mA
Ri(eht)	1 ΜΩ
V <sub>X</sub> (see Fig. 3)	6,25 kV ± 3%
Supply	
voltage d.c.	+ 295 V
current (I <sub>eht</sub> = 1,6 mA)	450 mA
Voltages of auxiliary windings	
r.m.s.	4,3 V, 8 V
d.c.	7,5 V, 18 V, 25 V, 33 V, 150 V, 205 V

#### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed for use as a mains isolated supply transformer in colour television sets. It provides the required stabilized auxiliary voltages including an e.h.t. supply with low internal resistance. The transformer is suitable for 90° and 110° deflection systems using 25 kV e.h.t. It is intended for use in conjunction with:

- mains filter choke AT4043/55;
- mains transformer TS561/2;
- current sensing transformer AT4043/46;
- driver transformer AT4043/45;
- supply choke AT4043/52;

and for 110° 20, 22 and 26 inch tubes:

- deflection unit AT1870, AT1860, and AT1850;
- line choke AT4043/53;
- linearity control unit AT4042/08A or AT4042/30;
- line driver transformer AT4043/87 (if separate drive of line output stage is required);

and for 900 20 inch tubes:

- deflection unit AT1235/00:
- -- line choke AT4043/53;
- linearity control unit AT4042/04A or AT4042/90.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil with screens and the e.h.t. winding with incorporated diodes are moulded in flame retarding polyester.

The device is provided with two securing M3 studs. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

#### **Outlines**

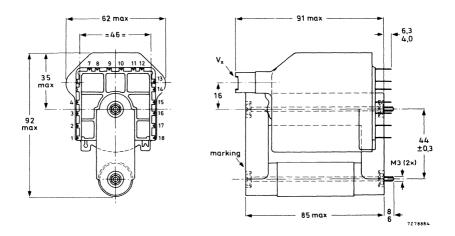




Fig. 1 A is plug for connection to  $V_X$ , B is plug for connection to e.h.t.

**Mass** 540 g

Solderability max. 240 °C, max. 2,5 s

#### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. For mounting on a printed-wiring board, a washer of 20 mm outer diameter has to be used. Tightening torque on printed-wiring board 500 + 100 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins and the studs in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

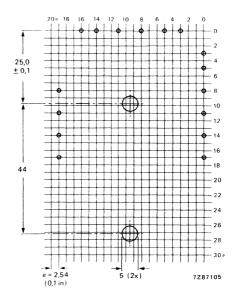


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side). Grid hole diameter  $1.3 \pm 0.1$  mm.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

# Temperature

The ambient temperature in the set should not exceed +65 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- maximum output power;
- maximum supply voltage;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be necessary to provide an ample cool air flow around the transformer.

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (it should be noted that edges of conductive parts must have a greater distance):

from the e.h.t. coil, radially 10 mm, axially 10 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

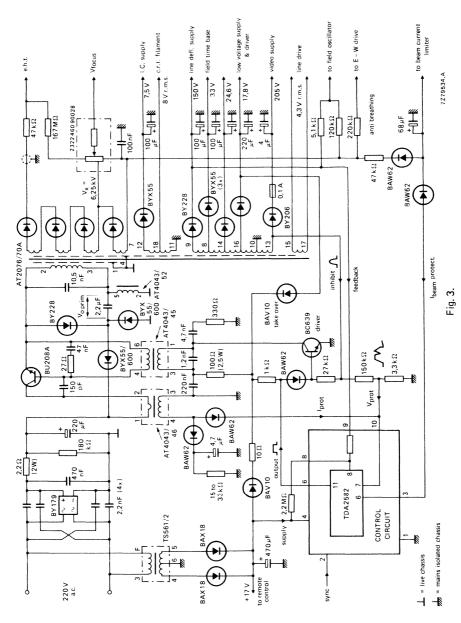
ELECTRICAL DATA (measured in circuit of Fig. 3, mains voltage 220 V)

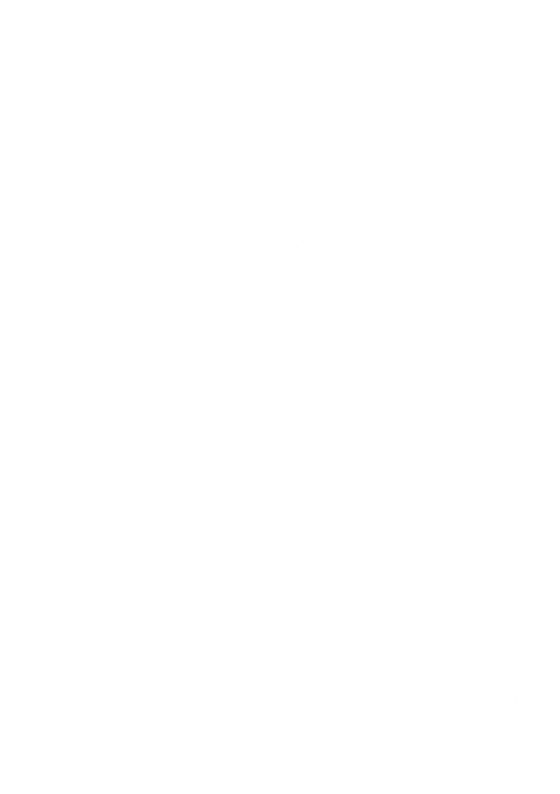
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t.	mA kV	0,15 25,2	1,6 23,7
	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	MΩ	1,0	20,7
Power supply	∫ V <sub>B</sub> *	V	297	292
Power supply	laverage	mΑ	230	450
V <sub>o</sub> prim		V	150	150,5
Supply transistor	VCEM	V	1250	1260
(BU208A)	+ICM	Α	2,8	3,1
Flyback time		μs	14,8	15,0
$V_{X}$		kV	6,25	_
Auxiliary windings (typical value	ue):			
picture tube heater voltage	V <sub>18</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	8,0 (730 mA)	
drive winding	V <sub>15-17</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	4,3 (1 A)	
Voltages after rectification, pins 10 and 11 to earth:				
field time base	v <sub>8</sub>	V	33 (325 mA)	
line time base	V <sub>9</sub>	V	150 (125 mA)	
	V <sub>12</sub>	v	7,5 (1000 mA)	
video output	V <sub>13</sub>	v	205 (10 mA)	
audio output	V <sub>14</sub>	v	24,6 (500 mA)	
audio output	V <sub>16</sub>	v	17,8 (530 mA)	

Note: The power pack is capable of supplying 45 W extra output power if required, e.g. higher audio output power from pin 14.

<sup>\*</sup> Stabilization range VB from 215 V d.c. (165 V mains) to 350 V d.c. (265 V mains).







# MINIATURE DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For 90° colour TV and colour monitors
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil, focus tap for hi-bi
- · Aluminium foil primary winding
- Simplified synchronous power pack system
- Raster correction free

#### **OUICK REFERENCE DATA**

For transistor line output stages; 90	O deflection angle	
leht	0 mA	0,6 mA
E.H.T.	23,0 kV	21,2 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	2,6	$M\Omega$
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection	3,2 A	3,12 A
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	111 V	109,6 V
Supply current (Iaverage)	350 mA	460 mA
Auxiliary voltages	−210 V(p-p),	-500 V(p-p), -420 V(p-p), -124 V(p-p), -14 V(p-p), +210 V(p-p), +440 V(p-p)

## APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 90° colour picture tubes in transistor or gate turn-off thyristor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

- deflection unit AT1206/20, AT1216/20 or AT1236/20,
- input choke AT4043/81;
- driver transformer AT4043/82;
- sensing transformer AT4043/46;
- line output transistor BU508A;
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370;
- focus cable, length 31 cm; catalogue number 3122 131 00732.

Note: Types AT2076/80 and AT2076/80A differ only in manufacturing technique; apart from this the transformers are identical.

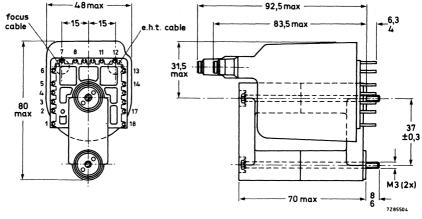
## DESCRIPTION

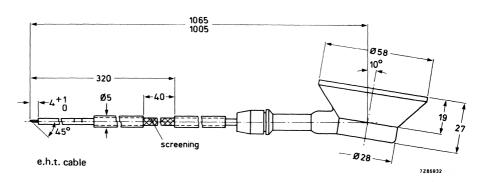
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding are moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

# MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm







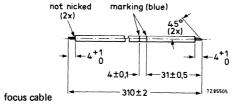


Fig. 1.

Mass

325 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test T

## Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. For mounting on a printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm outer diameter has to be used; the tightening torque on the printed-wiring board is 500 + 100 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins and the studs in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

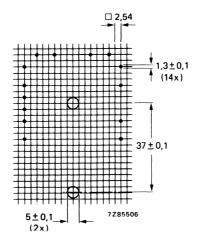


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

#### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 85 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 90° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	mA kV MΩ	0 23,0 2,6	0,6 21,2
	( V <sub>B</sub>	V	111	109,6
Power supply	laverage	mA	350	460
	( VCEM	V	1285	1280
Output transistor	+ ICEM	Α	2,95	2,95
	( lp-p	A	3,2	3,12
Deflection	tflyback	μs	12,0	12,0
	Overscan	%	6	
V <sub>focus</sub>		kV	7,65	7,05
Auxiliary windings:				
picture tube heater vo Voltages (peak-to-pea	-	, <b>V</b>	7,97	7,72
pin 1	V <sub>1</sub>	V	+440	
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub>	V	-420	
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	V	-500	
pin 2	$V_2$	V	-210	
pin 5	√ <sub>5</sub>	V	-124	
pin 8	v <sub>8</sub>	V	+28	
pin 4	V <sub>4</sub>	V	+210	
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub>	V	-14	

Above measurements using circuit of Fig. 3.

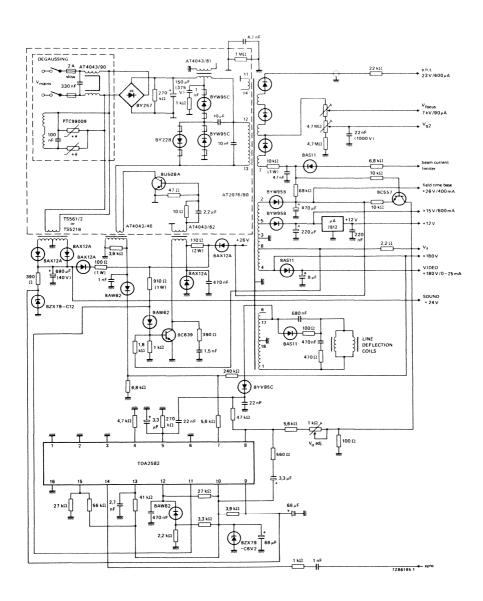


Fig. 3 Application circuit.



# MINIATURE DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For 90° and 110° colour TV and colour monitors
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil, focus tap for hi-bi
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Reduced dimensions, reduced mass

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages		1
	1100 deflection angle	90° deflection angle
leht	max. 1,5 mA	max. 1 mA
E.H.T.	25 kV	25 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	1,6 M $\Omega$	2,9 ΜΩ
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection (incl. 6% overscan)	5,3 A	2,85 A
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> ')	150 V	148,1 V
Supply current (Iaverage)	466 mA	299 mA
Voltages of primary windings*	+ 98 V <sub>p</sub> , + 530 V <sub>p</sub> , + 960 V <sub>p</sub> , + 1060 V <sub>p</sub>	+ 100 V <sub>p</sub> , + 514 V <sub>p</sub> , + 930 V <sub>p</sub> , + 1030 V <sub>p</sub> , + 1190 V <sub>p</sub>
Voltages of auxiliary windings	+ 62 V <sub>p</sub> , + 105 V <sub>p</sub>	-270 V <sub>p</sub> , -222 V <sub>p</sub> , -141 V <sub>p</sub> ,  +60 V <sub>p</sub> , + 105 V <sub>p</sub> be heater voltage

#### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 110° and 90° colour picture tubes in transistor or gate turn-off thyristor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors and monochrome monitors at 17 kV e.h.t.

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

	110 <sup>o</sup> deflection angle	90° deflection angle
- deflection unit	AT1870, AT1860, AT1850	AT1235/00, AT1235/40
- bridge coil	AT4043/68	AT4043/68
<ul> <li>linearity control unit</li> </ul>	AT4042/08A, AT4042/30	AT4042/04A, AT4042/90
<ul> <li>line output transistor</li> </ul>	BU508A	BU508A
annone de la cable demakt 1.		

screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370.

Note: Types AT2076/81 and AT2076/81A differ only in manufacturing technique; apart from this the transformers are identical.

#### DESCRIPTION

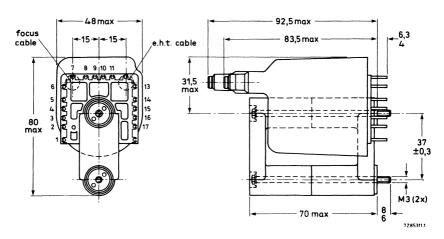
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding are moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

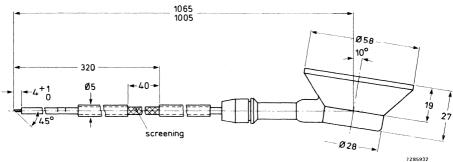
focus cable, length 31 cm; catalogue number 3122 131 00732.

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is VB' (see Fig. 3).

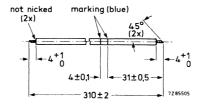
MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm





e.h.t. cable



focus cable

Fig. 1.

Mass

325 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test T

#### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. For mounting on a printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm outer diameter has to be used; the tightening torque on the printed-wiring board is 500 + 100 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins and the studs in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 2.

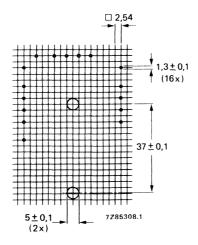


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

## Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed  $+85\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 110° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

E.H.T. supply	leht e.h.t.	mA kV	0,03 25,0	1 23,4	1,5 22,6
, , ,	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	МΩ	1,6	1,6	1,6
	V <sub>B</sub>	V	157,8	157,8	157,8
Power supply	√ <sub>B</sub> ′	V	150,2	145,7	143,3
	laverage	mA	242	393	466
Output transistor	VCEM	V	1240	1220	1200
Output transistor	+ ICEM	Α	3,6	3,7	3,7
	I <sub>p-p</sub>	Α	5,3	5,1	5,0
Deflection	<sup>†</sup> flyback	μs	11,4	_	-
	Overscan	%	6	-	-
V <sub>focus</sub>		kV	8,1	7,9	7,8
Auxiliary windings:					
picture tube heater vo peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	V	8,3	8,0	7,8
pin 2	$V_2$	v	-290		
pin 6	V <sub>6</sub>	v	-148		
pin 4	V <sub>4</sub>	V	+ 62		
pin 5	V <sub>5</sub>	v	-230		
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+ 105		
pin 9	V <sub>9</sub> *	V	+ 98		
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+ 530		
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 960		
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1060		

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 4a and 4b.

An alternative 3-diode modulator circuit is shown in Fig. 4c.

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is VB'.

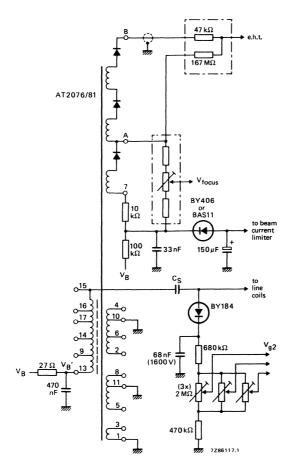


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram of transformer, and e.h.t., focus voltage and  $\rm V_{\rm q2}$  circuits.

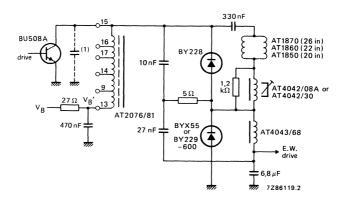


Fig. 4a Diode modulator with split tuning.

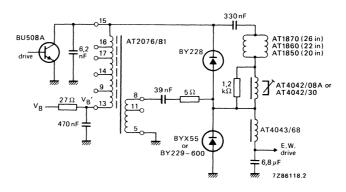


Fig. 4b Diode modulator with tap on transformer.

(1) Transformer stray capacitance.

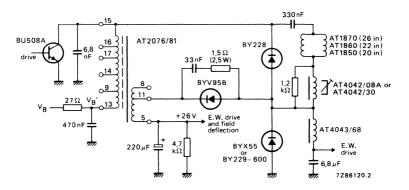


Fig. 4c Three-diode modulator circuit.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA** with 90° COLOUR PICTURE TUBES

			Figs 3 V <sub>B</sub> = 1		Figs 3 a V <sub>B</sub> = 13	
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	mA kV MΩ	0,03 25,0 2,	1 22,1 9	0,03 25,0 3	1 22,0
Power supply	∫ <sup>V</sup> B′ ∖ I <sub>average</sub>	V mA	151,5 173	148,1 299	130,0 245	126,1 389
Output transistor	VCEM	V A	1220 2,0	1150 2,2	1060 2,4	995 2,6
Deflection	tflyback	Α μs	2,90 11,45	2,78	2,92 11,45	2,89
V <sub>focus</sub>	' Overscan	% kV	6 8,45	7,0 7,40	6 8,6	7,0 7,65
Auxiliary windings: picture tube heater vi peak voltages at	oltage V <sub>3-1</sub> (r.m.s.)	v	8,11		8,15	
pin 2	$V_2$	V	-270		-274	
pin 6	v <sub>6</sub>	V	-141		-144	
pin 4	٧4	V	+ 60		+61	
pin 5	V <sub>5</sub>	V	-222		-225	
pin 8	V <sub>8</sub>	V	+ 105		+ 105	
pin 9	V9*	V	+ 100		+ 102	
pin 14	V <sub>14</sub> *	V	+ 514		+ 520	
pin 15	V <sub>15</sub> *	V	+ 1190		+ 1200	
pin 16	V <sub>16</sub> *	V	+ 1030		+ 1040	
pin 17	V <sub>17</sub> *	V	+ 930		+ 940	

Above measurements using circuits of Figs 3, 5a and 5b.

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is  $V_{B'}$ .

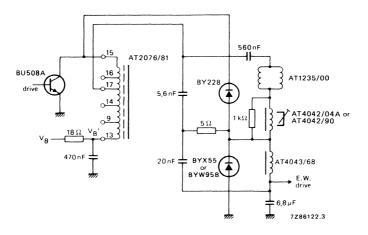


Fig. 5a Diode modulator,  $V_{B}' = 150 \text{ V}$ .

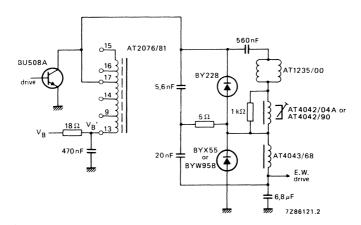


Fig. 5b Diode modulator,  $V_{B'} = 130 \text{ V}$ .



## UNIVERSAL DIODE-SPLIT LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For monochrome Data Graphic Displays
- Three-layer e.h.t, coil
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Piggy-back type

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages, deflection angle 1100

	landscape	portrait	
le.h.t.	max.	0,5 mA	
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0$ mA	17 k\	/	
Ri(e.h.t.)	1,2 ΜΩ		
Flyback time	4 to 9 μs	3 to 8 μs	
Line scan frequency range	15 to 50 kHz	15 to 70 kHz	
Primary voltages	+ 94 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> , + 188 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> , + 540 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> , + 730 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> , + 990 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>		
Auxiliary voltages	+ 85 $V_p$ , -85 $V_p$ , + 24 $V_p$ , + 55 $V_p$ , -150 $V_p$ , heater voltage		

### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude and e.h.t. for 1100 monochrome data graphic display tubes, at line scan frequencies of 15 to 70 kHz in both landscape and portrait scan mode. A choice can be made from different flyback times.

The transformer is intended for use in conjunction with:

- deflection unit AT1039 series at line scan frequencies of 15 to 70 kHz (portrait scan mode) or of 15 to 50 kHz (landscape scan mode);
- line output transistor BUW12A;
- linearity control unit AT4042/08A or AT4042/33A
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370.

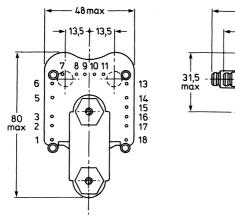
### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube U-cores, screwed together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The transformer is moulded in flame retarding polyester, meeting the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4 and UL492, para. 280-SE1. The transformer has 2 M3 screw-studs for mounting. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 3).

## MECHANICAL DATA

**Outlines** 

Dimensions in mm



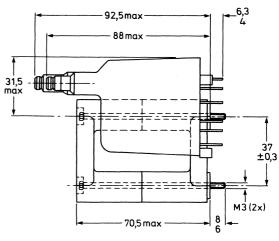


Fig. 1 Line output transformer AT2076/84.

7291248.1

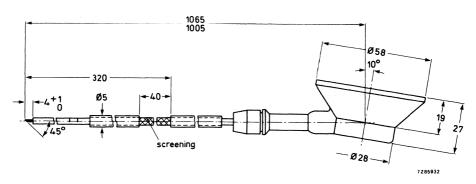


Fig. 2 E.H.T. cable 3122 137 63370.

Mass

approx. 325 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68-2-20, test Ta.

### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on either a printed-wiring board or, under certain conditions, on a metal chassis. Two securing studs (M3) are provided. For mounting on a printed-wiring board a washer of 20 mm outer diameter has to be used; the tightening torque on the printed-wiring board is 500 + 100 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins and the studs in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 3.

Whether the transformer is board or chassis mounted, the core must be earthed.

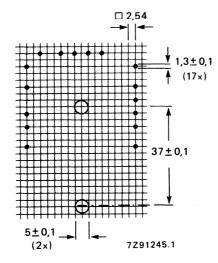


Fig. 3 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 65  $^{\rm O}$ C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm.

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm.

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Figs 4 and 5)

## Landscape scan mode

Line scan frequency range

15 to 50 kHz

	line deflection coils parallel connected			line deflection coils series connected		
Taps of primary winding			1			
to be used	13/17	14/17	15/17	15/18	13/17	14/17
Flyback time	4,0 μs	4,8 μs	5,9 μs	7,0 μs	8,0 μs	9,0 μs
Flyback capacitor (C1)	7,5 nF	10 nF	18 nF	7,5 nF	10 nF	15 nF
Deflection current	8,4 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	8,4 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	8,4 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	4,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	4,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	4,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>
Deflection voltage	730 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	630 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	540 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	800 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	730 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	630 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>

## Portrait scan mode

Line scan frequency range

15 to 70 kHz

•	line deflection coils parallel connected				deflection c es connected	
Taps of primary winding		1	I			
to be used	13/17	14/17	15/17	15/18	13/17	14/17
Flyback time	3,1 μs	4,2 μs	4,9 μs	5,9 μs	6,6 μs	7,9 μs
Flyback capacitor (C1)	3,3 nF	6,8 nF	10 nF	4,7 nF	5,6 nF	10 nF
Deflection current	6,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	6,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	6,2 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	3,1 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	3,1 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	3,1 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>
Deflection voltage	730 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	630 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	540 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	800 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	730 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	630 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>

## Primary voltages (peak-to-peak values)

Pins 13/14	+ 94 V
Pins 13/15	+ 188 V
Pins 13/16	+ 540 V
Pins 13/17	+ 730 V
Pins 13/18	+ 990 V

## Auxiliary voltages (peak values)

Pins 5/8	heater voltage
Pin 1	+ 55 V (video supply)
Pin 2	-150 V (V <sub>01</sub> )
Pin 3	+ 24 V (field time base)
Pin 10	−85 V
Pin 11	+ 85 V

 $V_{g2}$ -circuit supply should be taken from pin 17 or 18 by means of peak rectification.

Note: For detailed information see Technical Publication 115.

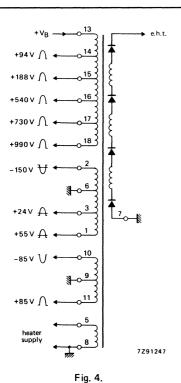


Fig. 5.



## DIODE-SPLIT-BOX LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For 90° colour TV with single switch power pack system (S2P2)
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Incorporated potentiometers for focusing and V<sub>02</sub> adjustment
- Mains insulation

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

0 mA
23 kV
<b>≤ 2,4 M</b> Ω
3,0 A
112 V
460 mA
5,1 to 7,6 kV
230 to 830 V
6,3 V (heater supply) 200 V (video supply) 26 V (frame) 16 V (small signal)

### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 90° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

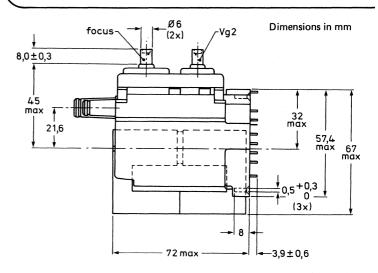
It is intended for use in conjunction with:

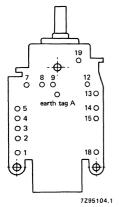
- input choke AT4043/81;
- driver transformer AT4043/82;
- sensing transformer AT4043/46;
- mains transformer TS561/2 or TS521B:
- mains filter choke AT4043/90:
- linearity corrector AT4042/90 (for narrow neck tubes), or AT4042/91 (for mini neck tubes);
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370;
- focus cable, length 31 cm; catalogue number 3122 131 00732.

## DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube cores, glued together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding and e.h.t. diodes are encapsulated with epoxy resin in a premoulded case. The transformer has potentiometers for focusing control and  $V_{g2}$  adjustment. The transformer case has 3 holes that enables fixing to a printed-wiring board with self-tapping screws. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 4).

## MECHANICAL DATA Outlines





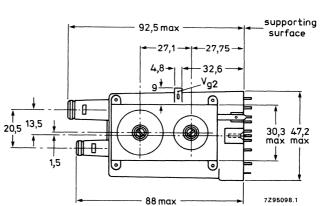


Fig. 1 Line output transformer AT2077/80.

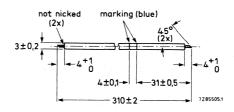


Fig. 2 Focus cable 3122 131 00732.

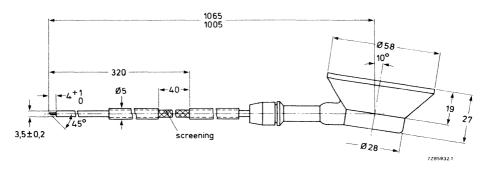


Fig. 3 E.H.T. cable 3122 137 63370.

Mass approx. 375 g

Solderability in accordance with IEC 68, test T

Packing 27 transformers per box

## Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. It can be secured with 3 self-tapping screws; the tightening torque on the board is 500 + 300 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 4. The transformer core must be earthed via the earth tag (see Fig. 1).

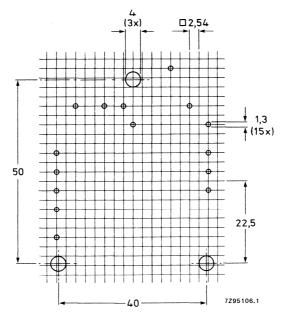


Fig. 4 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 60 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

## ELECTRICAL DATA with 90° colour picture tubes

	leht	mA	0	0,1	0,6
E.H.T. supply	e.h.t.	kV	23,0	22,4	21,2
	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	MΩ	-	2,4	
Power supply	( V <sub>B</sub>	V	112		108,5
rower suppry	laverage	mA	350		460
Output transistor	∫ V <sub>CEM</sub>	V	1285		1270
Output transistor	( + ICEM	Α	2,55		2,60
	deflection current	A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	3,0		2,88
Deflection	flyback time	μs	11,95		11,95
	overscan	%	6		
F 14	min.	kV	5,1		
Focusing voltage	max.	kV	7,6		
Crid 2 valtara (V -)	min.	V	230		
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>g2</sub> )	max.	V	830		
Auxiliary voltages*	heater voltage	V <sub>(r.m.s.)</sub>	8,0		7,7
	pin 2	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 190		
	pin 3	V(p-p)	-208		
	pin 4	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 27,5		
	pin 5	V(p-p)	-138		
	pin 8	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 845		
	pin 9	V(p-p)	+ 920		
	pin 12	V(p-p)	+ 70		

<sup>\*</sup> Pins 1 and 18 connected to earth.

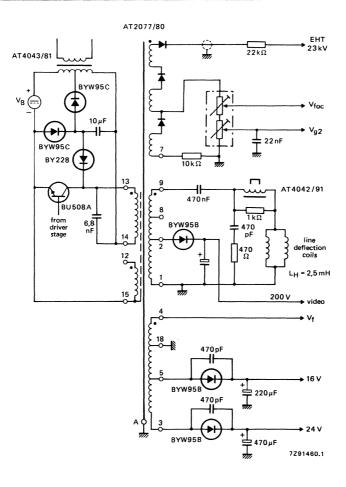
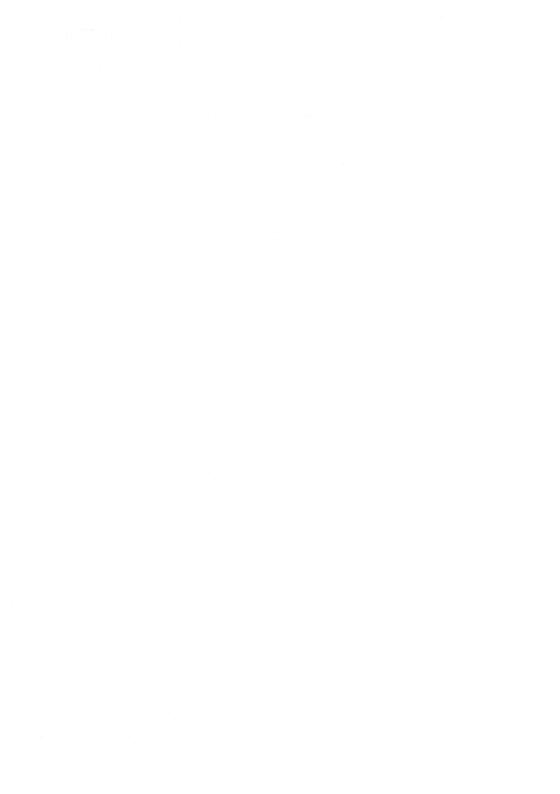


Fig. 5 Application circuit.



## DIODE-SPLIT-BOX LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For 90° and 110° colour TV and colour monitors with separate power supply
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Incorporated potentiometers for focusing and V<sub>q2</sub> adjustment

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages; 90° and 110° deflection angle	
leht	0 mA
E.H.T.	25 kV
Ri(eht)	$\leq$ 1,8 M $\Omega$
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection (6% overscan)	4,4 A
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> ')	152 V
Voltages of primary windings (peak-to-peak values)*	+ 110 V, + 524 V, + 960 V, + 1064 V
Voltages of auxiliary windings (peak-to-peak values)	−283 V, −226 V, −149 V, + 59 V, + 104 V
heater voltage (r.m.s. value)	8,2 V

### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 90° and 110° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

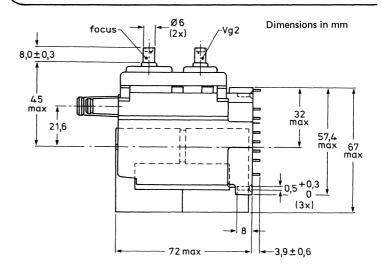
- linearity corrector AT4042/90 or /08A;
- bridge coil AT4043/100;
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370, or unscreened e.h.t. cable, length 59 cm; catalogue number 3122 137 63260;
- focus cable, length 31 cm; catalogue number 3122 131 00732;
- V<sub>q2</sub> cable, length 30 cm; catalogue number 3122 137 64570.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube cores, glued together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding and e.h.t. diodes are encapsulated with epoxy resin in a premoulded case. The transformer has potentiometers for focusing control and  $V_{g2}$  adjustment. The transformer case has 3 holes that enables fixing to a printed-wiring board with self-tapping screws. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 4).

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is V<sub>B</sub>' (see Fig. 5).

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines



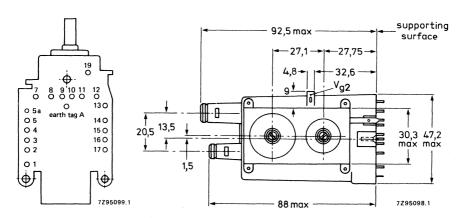


Fig. 1 Line output transformer AT2077/81.

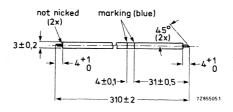


Fig. 2 Focus cable 3122 131 00732.

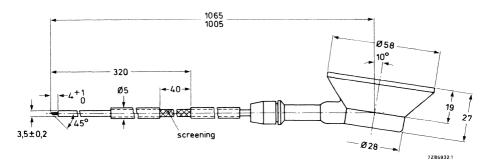


Fig. 3 E.H.T. cable 3122 137 63370.

Mass

approx. 375 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test T

Packing

27 transformers per box

### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. It can be secured with 3 self-tapping screws; the tightening torque on the board is 500 + 300 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 4. The transformer core must be earthed via the earth pin (see Fig. 1).

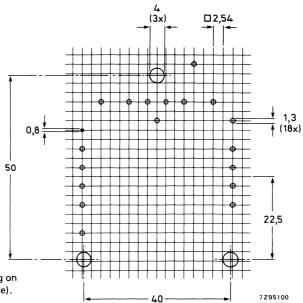


Fig. 4 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed +60 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

The transformer leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

## → ELECTRICAL DATA; for use with 110° colour picture tubes, see Fig. 5.

E.H.T. supply	leht e.h.t.	mA kV	0 25,6	0,5 24,7		1 23,8	1,5 23,7
L.H. F. Suppry	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	MΩ	25,0	24,7	1,8	25,0	25,7
	(V <sub>B</sub>	V	152	152		152	152
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub> ′ I <sub>B</sub>	mA	148 250	146,9 330		144,6 435	142,6 458
	VCEM	V	1200	1185	***************	1180	1175
Output transistor	+ ICEM	A	3,2	3,3		3,4	3,5
	deflection current	A <sub>(p-p)</sub>	4,4	4,35		4,3	4,25
Deflection	flyback time	μs	11,55	11,55		11,55	11,75
	overscan	%	6				
Focusing voltage	min.	kV	0,24 x e.				
	max.	kV	0,36 x e	.h.t.			
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>q2</sub> )	min.	V	0,014 x				
- 92	max.	IV.	0,04 x e	.h.t.			
Primary voltages*	pin 9	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 110				
	pin 14	V(p-p)	+ 524				
	pin 16	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 1064				
	pin 17	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 960				
Auxiliary voltages	heater voltage (V <sub>1-3</sub> )	V <sub>(r.m.s.)</sub>	8,2	8,0		7,9	7,8
	pin 1	$V_{(p-p)}$	+ 30				
	pin 2	V(p-p)	-283				
	pin 4	$V_{(p-p)}$	+ 59				
	pin 5	$V_{(p-p)}$	-226	4040			400-
	pin 7	V(d.c.)	1265	1240		1215	1200
	pin 8	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 104				
	pin 12	V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	-149				

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. component on these pulses is VB'.

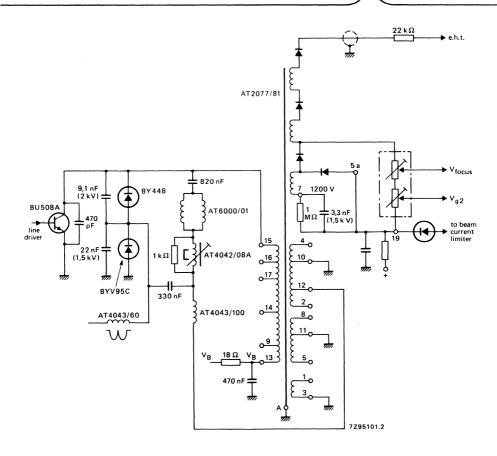


Fig. 5 Application circuit.

## 3122 138 36570

→ ELECTRICAL DATA; for use with 51 cm, 90° Flat Square colour picture tube, see Fig. 6.

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> e.h.t. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	mA kV MΩ	0 25,4	0,5 24,3 1,	1 23,8
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub> V <sub>B</sub> ,	V V mA	148,5 145 230	148,2 142,9 315	148,0 140,9 400
Output transistor	VCEM + ICEM	V A	1200 2,38	1180 2,43	1190 2,5
Deflection	deflection current flyback time overscan	A <sub>(p-p)</sub> μs %	3,05 10,6 6	3,0 10,7	2,95 10,8
Focusing voltage	min. max.	kV kV	0,24 x e.h.t. 0,36 x e.h.t.		
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>g2</sub> )	min. max.	V V	0,014 x e.h.t. 0,04 x e.h.t.		
Auxiliary voltages	pin 9* (video) pin 5** heater voltage pin 4 pin 12 pin 2 pin 14	V V(d.c.) V(r.m.s.) V(p-p) V(p-p) V(p-p) V(p-p)	230 55 8,2 + 59 - 149 - 283 - 253	226 54 8,0	223 53 7,9

<sup>\*</sup> Values apply to voltages after rectification.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Field time base; approx. 9 W.

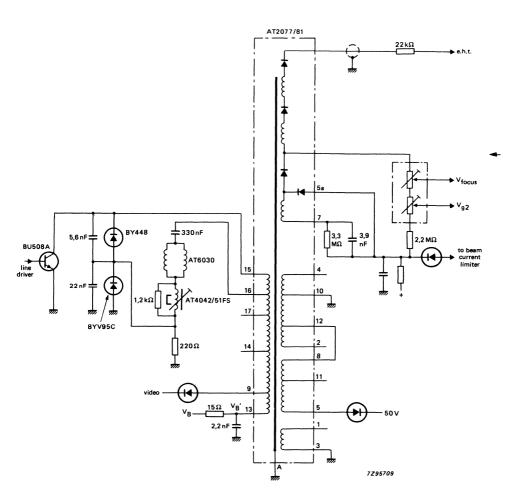


Fig. 6 Application circuit.

## DIODE-SPLIT-BOX LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

- For 110° deflection colour TV with twin switch power pack system (TSP²)
- Three-layer e.h.t. coil, with tap for focusing voltage of 26 to 34% of e.h.t. voltage
- Aluminium foil primary winding
- Incorporated focusing potentiometer
- Main insulation

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages; 1100 deflection angle	
leht	0 mA
E.H.T.	25 kV
Ri(eht)	<b>≤ 1 MΩ</b>
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection	4,3 A ←
Supply current at I <sub>eht</sub> = 1,1 mA	850 mA ± 10%
Auxiliary voltages	8,2 V (heater supply) 210 V (video supply) 26 V (frame) 12 V (small signal) 5 V (teletext) 150 V (scan voltage)

### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 110° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

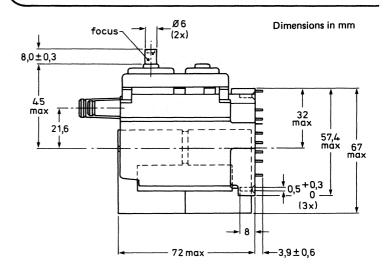
It is intended for use in conjunction with:

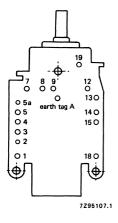
- input choke AT4043/16A:
- driver transformer AT4043/29:
- pulse transformer AT4043/76;
- mains filter choke AT4043/90;
- audio choke AT4043/96:
- screened e.h.t. cable, length 1 m; catalogue number 3122 137 63370;
- focus cable, length 31 cm; catalogue number 3122 131 00732.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube cores, glued together. The primary winding of aluminium foil and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding and e.h.t. diodes are encapsulated with epoxy resin in a premoulded case. The transformer is provided with a focusing control potentiometer. The transformer case has 3 holes that enables fixing to a printed-wiring board with self-tapping screws. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board (Fig. 2).

## MECHANICAL DATA Outlines





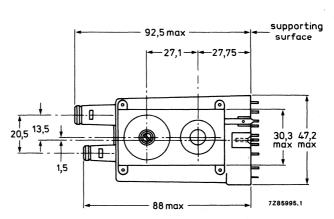


Fig. 1 Line output transformer AT2077/82.

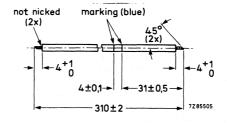


Fig. 2 Focus cable 3122 131 00732.

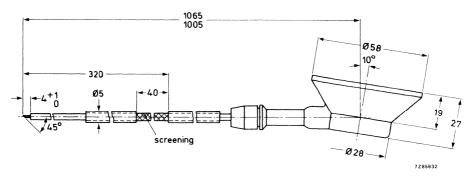


Fig. 3 E.H.T. cable 3122 137 63370.

Mass

approx. 325 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test T

**Packing** 

27 transformers per box

### Mounting

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. It can be secured with 3 self-tapping screws; the tightening torque on the board is 500 + 300 mNm. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm is illustrated in Fig. 4. The transformer core must be earthed via the earth pin (see Fig. 1).

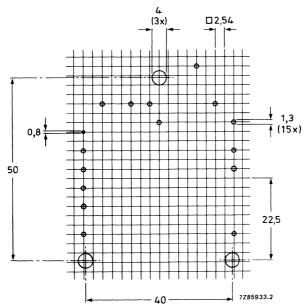


Fig. 4 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 60 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained:

From the e.h.t. coil radially, 10 mm

From the e.h.t. coil axially, 10 mm

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances than given above.

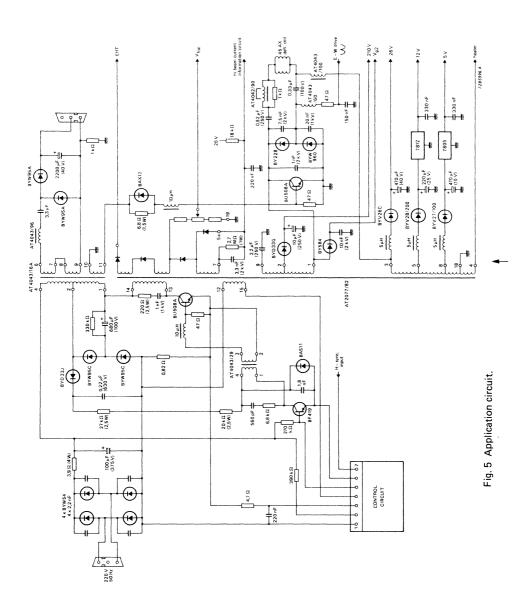
The transformer leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

## ELECTRICAL DATA with 1100 colour picture tubes

leht E.H.T. supply e.h.t. Ri(eht)	mA kV MΩ	0,1 25,0	1,1 24,1 0,9	1,6 23,65
Power supply $ \begin{cases} V_B \\ V_{CEM}^* \end{cases} $	V V A	100 1260 1,7	101 1270 2,1	101,5 1290 2,15
Deflection Vg Flyback time VCEM ICEM Deflection current	% V μs V A A (p-p)	6 150 11,5 1220 3,45 4,3	150 11,5 1230 3,65 4,3	6 150 11,5 1235 3,8 4,3
Focusing voltage min. max.	kV	5,6 9,1		
Auxiliary windings: picture tube heater voltage, V <sub>4</sub>	V <sub>(r.m.s.)</sub>	8,2	8,2	8,2
Voltages (peak-to-peak values)** at pin 1 V1 V1 V2 V2 V2 V3 V3 V3 V4 V4 V4 V5 V5 V5 V5 V7 V7 V7 V7 V7 V8 V8 V8 V9 V9 V9 V15 V15	V (d.c.) V V V V V V (d.c.) V <sub>(p-p)</sub>	+ 1220 + 87 to + 13 -218 + 29 -129 + 1145 -74 + 150 -80	39	

<sup>\*</sup> At mains voltage 220 V.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Pin 18 connected to earth.



## LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

"Micro slot"

- For 90° colour TV and colour monitors
- Incorporated potentiometers and cables for focusing and V<sub>q2</sub> adjustment

### **OUICK REFERENCE DATA**

≤ 1 mA
23 kV
<b>≤ 2 M</b> Ω
2,2 A
112 V
480 mA
25 to 34,5% of E.H.T.
110 to 1000 V
7,2 V (r.m.s.) (heater supply) + 178 V (video supply) + 27,2 V (frame) + 13,4 V (small signal) 140 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> (reference pulse)

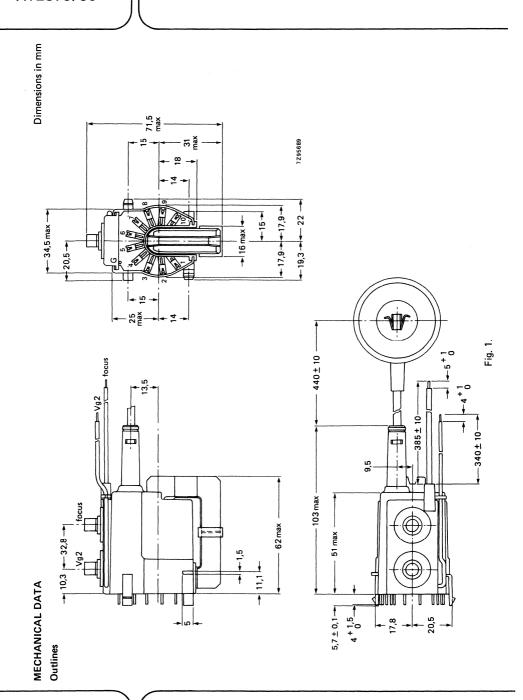
## **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 90° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube cores, glued together. The primary winding and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding and e.h.t. diodes are encapsulated with epoxy resin in a pre-moulded case. The transformer has potentiometers for focusing control and  $V_{g2}$  adjustment. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig.1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board.

For mechanized mounting this line output transformer can also be supplied without cables.



Mass

approx. 190 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test Ta

Packing

24 transformers per box

### Mounting

For mounting hole pattern see Fig. 2. The transformer core must be earthed via the earth tag (G, Fig. 1).

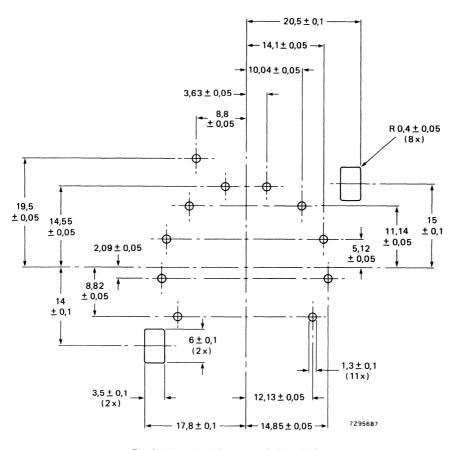


Fig. 2 Mounting hole pattern (solder side).

## **MECHANICAL DATA** (continued)

### Temperature

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 60  $^{\rm O}$ C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The minimum distance between the e.h.t. coil and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces is 10 mm. Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances.

The transformer leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> E.H.T.	≤ 0,9 mA 23 kV	
E.T. T. Supply	Ri(eht)	≤ 2 MΩ	
Power supply	/ V <sub>B</sub>	112 V	
	laverage	480 mA	
Output transistor	√CEM	970 V	
	+ ICEM	1,9 A	
	( deflection current (p-p)	2,2 A	
Deflection	flyback time	10,9 μs	
	line frequency	15625 Hz	
	deflection coil inductance	2,7 mH	
Focusing voltage	min.	25% of E.H.T.	
r ocusing vortage	max.	34,5% of E.H.T.	
Focusing current		120 μΑ	
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>g2</sub> )	min. (d.c.)	110 V	
	max. (d.c.)	1000 V	
Auxiliary voltages	pin 3, V <sub>3</sub> (r.m.s.)	7,2 V (heater voltage)	
	pin 2, V <sub>2</sub> (d.c.)	+ 178 V (video supply)	
	pin 4, V <sub>4</sub> (d.c.)	+ 27,2 V (frame supply)	
	pin 6, V <sub>6</sub> (d.c.)	+ 13,4 V (small signal supply)	
	pin 8, Vg (p-p)	140 V (reference pulse)	

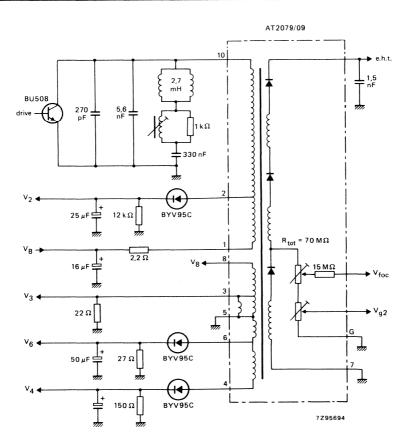


Fig. 3 Application circuit.

"Micro slot"

- For 90° colour TV and colour monitors
- ullet Incorporated potentiometers and cables for focusing and  $V_{q2}$  adjustment

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages; 90° deflection angle	
leht	≤ 1 mA
E.H.T.	25,5 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	$\leq$ 2 M $\Omega$
I <sub>p-p</sub> deflection	2,6 A
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	95 V
Supply current at I <sub>eht</sub> = 0,9 mA	580 mA
Focusing voltage control	26 to 34,5% of E.H.T.
Grid 2 voltage control	220 to 830 V
Auxiliary voltages	6,8 V (heater supply) + 163,2 V (video supply) + 12,7 V + 7,3 V

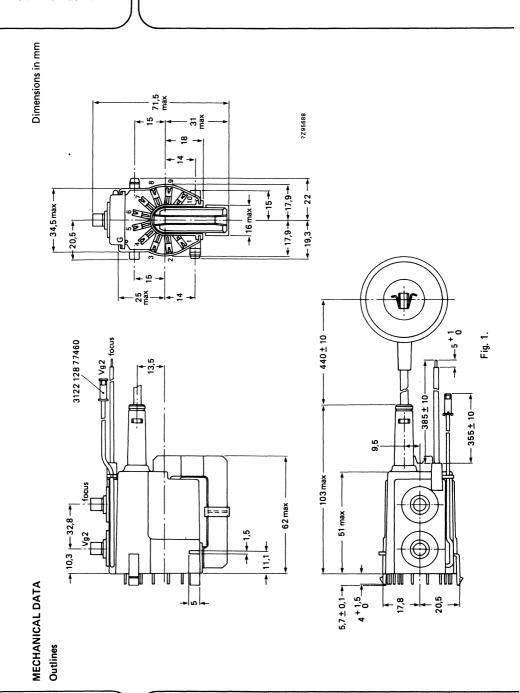
# **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 90° colour picture tubes in transistor equipped television receivers presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA). The transformer may also be used in colour monitors.

## DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises 2 Ferroxcube cores, glued together. The primary winding and the secondary windings are situated on one leg of the core. The primary winding together with its e.h.t. winding and e.h.t. diodes are encapsulated with epoxy resin in a pre-moulded case. The transformer has potentiometers for focusing control and  $V_{g2}$  adjustment. External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, positioned as indicated in Fig. 1, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board.

For mechanized mounting this line output transformer can also be supplied without cables.



Mass

approx. 210 g

Solderability

in accordance with IEC 68, test Ta

**Packing** 

24 transformers per box

# Mounting

For mounting hole pattern see Fig. 2. The transformer core must be earthed via the earth tag (G, Fig. 1).

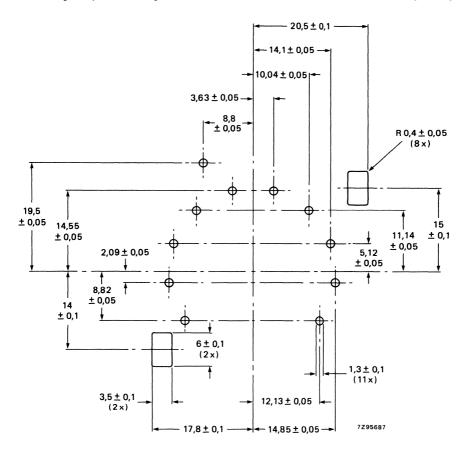


Fig. 2 Mounting hole pattern (solder side).

# MECHANICAL DATA (continued)

### **Temperature**

The operating temperature of the e.h.t. coil should not exceed + 60 °C under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the coils;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high ambient temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it is recommended to provide sufficient flow of cool air around the transformer.

### Distances

The minimum distance between the e.h.t. coil and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces is 10 mm. Sharp edges of conductive parts must have greater distances.

The transformer leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops, etc.

ELECTRICAL DATA; see application circuit with diode modulator, Fig. 3.

	l <sub>eht</sub>	≤ 1 mA
E.H.T supply	E.H.T.	25,5 kV
	Ri(eht)	≤ 2 MΩ
Power supply	∫ V <sub>B</sub>	95 V
	average	580 mA
0	VCEM	820 V
Output transistor	+ ICEM	2,4 A
	( deflection current (p-p)	2,6 A
Deflection	flyback time	11,2 μs
Deflection	line frequency	15625 Hz
	deflection coil inductance	2,5 mH
F	min.	26% of E.H.T
Focusing voltage	max.	34,5% of E.H.T.
Focusing current		120 μΑ
Crid 2 valtage (V -)	min (d.c.)	220 V
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>g2</sub> )	max. (d.c.)	830 V
Auxiliary voltages	pin 8, V <sub>8</sub> (r.m.s.)	6,8 V (heater voltage)
	pin 1, V <sub>1a</sub> (d.c.)	+ 163,2 V (video supply)
	pin 2, V <sub>2a</sub> (d.c.)	+ 12,7 V
	pin 3, V <sub>3a</sub> (d.c.)	+ 7,3 V

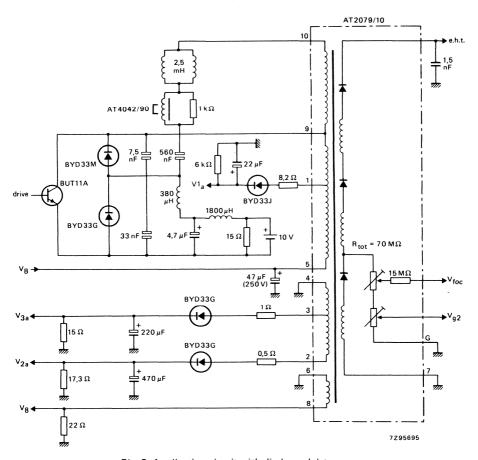


Fig. 3 Application circuit with diode modulator.

ELECTRICAL DATA; see application circuit for 90° flat square picture tube A51EAL00X, Fig. 4.

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> E.H.T. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	≤ 1 mA 25,5 kV ≤ 2,5 MΩ
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	116 V
Output transistor	VCEM	950 V 2,4 A
Deflection	deflection current (p-p) flyback time line frequency deflection coil inductance	2,85 A 11,8 μs 15625 Hz 2,0 mH
Focusing voltage Focusing current	min. max.	26% of E.H.T. 34,5% of E.H.T. 130 μΑ
Grid 2 voltage (V <sub>g2</sub> )	min. (d.c.) max. (d.c.)	220 V 830 V
Auxiliary voltages	pin 8, V <sub>8</sub> (r.m.s.) pin 5, V <sub>5a</sub> (d.c.)	6,8 V (heater voltage) + 190 V (video supply)

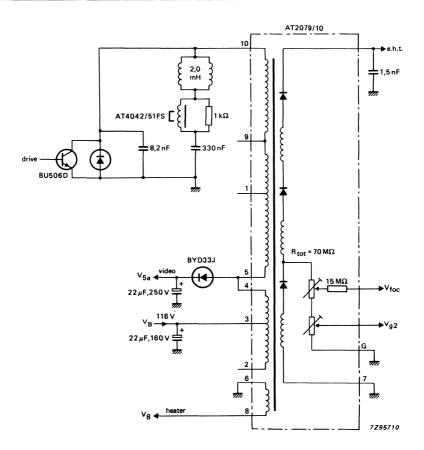


Fig. 4 Application circuit for 90° flat square picture tube A51EAL00X.

Replaced by AT2102/02A<del>◄</del>

# LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		onjunction 1071/03	used in conjunction with AT1074/01		
l <sub>eht</sub>	0 μΑ	100 μΑ	0 μΑ	100 μΑ	
E.H.T.	14,9 kV	13,9 kV	14,7 kV	13,6 kV	
Ri(eht)	10 ΜΩ		11 ΜΩ		
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	12 V	12 V	12 V	12 V	
Supply current (IB)	1725 mA	1825 mA	1700 mA	1800 mA	
Deflection current	8,5 A	8,4 A	5,0 A (p-p)	4,95 A (p-p)	
Auxiliary voltages	6,3 V (r.	m.s.), 11 V (r	.m.s.), 66 V (d.c	.), 790 V (d.c.)	

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 24 cm (9 in) to 31 cm (12 in) 90° monochrome monitor tubes in video display monitors presenting 625 lines at 50 frames per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 frames per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with the following packages of components:

deflection unit AT1071/03 or AT1071/07;

adjustable linearity control unit AT4036/00A;

line driver transformer AT4043/64;

deflection unit AT1074/01;

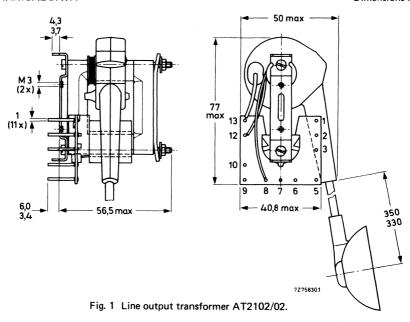
adjustable linearity control unit AT4042/26A;

line driver transformer AT4043/56.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises Ferroxcube U and I-cores clamped together with two screws. The primary windings and the auxiliary windings are situated on one leg of the core, the e.h.t. winding and the coupling winding are situated on the other leg. The e.h.t. winding is encapsulated in flame retardent polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

Dimensions in mm



# MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. The fit of the connecting and mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2. The core of the transformer must be earthed.

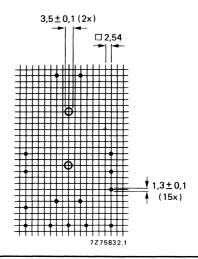


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;

high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

## Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

- a. From the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.
- b. From the e.h.t. lead 25 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

# ELECTRICAL DATA (see also Figs 3 and 4)

		AT2102/02 used in conjunction with AT1071/03		AT2102/02 used in conjunction with AT1074/01		
E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub>	0 μA	100 μA	0 μA	100 μA	
	E.H.T.	14,9 kV	13,9 kV	14,7 kV	13,6 kV	
	R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	10	MΩ	11 I	MΩ	
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	12 V	12 V	12 V	12 V	
	I <sub>av</sub>	1725 mA	1825 mA	1700 mA	1800 mA	
Output transistor	V <sub>CEM</sub>	144 V 6,4 A	144 V 6,4 A	142 V 6,2 A	142 V 6,2 A	
Deflection	Current	8,5 A (p-p)	8,4 A (p-p)	5,0 A (p-p)	4,95 A (p-p)	
	Flyback time	9,9 μs	9,9 μs	10 μs	10 μs	
	Scan variation	1,5	%	2 S	%	

Auxiliary windings	
connection pins 1 and 2	6,3 V (r.m.s.)
connecting pins 1 and 3	11 V (r.m.s.)
connecting pin 5 (pin 6 connected to earth)	790 V (d.c.)
connecting pin 7 (pin 6 connected to earth)	66 V (d.c.)

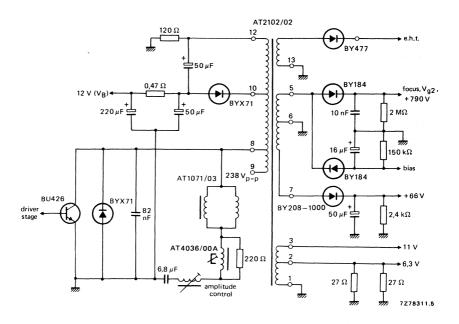


Fig. 3 Application circuit for use with deflection units AT1071/03 and AT1071/07.

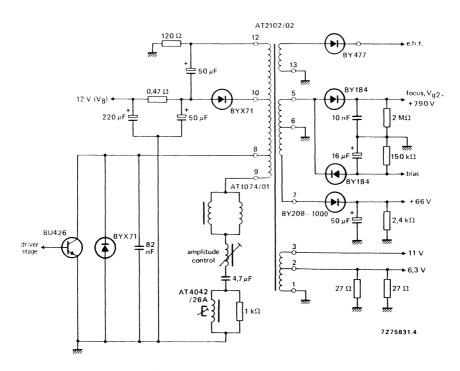


Fig. 4 Application circuit for use with deflection unit AT1074/01.

For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

	used in conjunction with AT1071/03 used in conjunction with AT1074/01			
l <sub>eht</sub>	0 μΑ   100 μΑ   0 μΑ   100 μΑ			
E.H.T.	14,9 kV   13,9 kV   14,7 kV   13,6 kV			
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	10 ΜΩ 11 ΜΩ			
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	12 V 12 V 12 V 12 V			
Supply current (IB)	1725 mA   1825 mA   1700 mA   1800 mA			
Deflection current	8,5 A 8,4 A 5,0 A (p-p) 4,95 A (p-			
Auxiliary voltages	6,3 V (r.m.s.), 11 V (r.m.s.), 66 V (d.c.), 790 V (d.			

### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 24 cm (9 in) to 31 cm (12 in) 90° monochrome monitor tubes in video display monitors presenting 625 lines at 50 frames per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 frames per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with the following packages of components:

deflection unit AT1071/03 or AT1071/07:

adjustable linearity control unit AT4036/00A;

line driver transformer AT4043/64;

deflection unit AT1074/01;

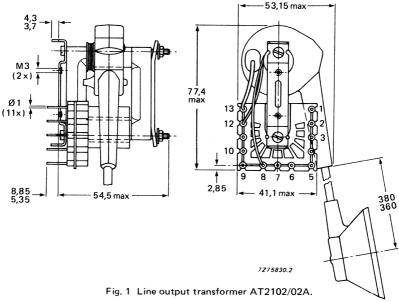
adjustable linearity control unit AT4042/26A;

line driver transformer AT4043/56.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises Ferroxcube U and I-cores clamped together with two screws. The primary windings and the auxiliary windings are situated on one leg of the core, the e.h.t. winding and the coupling winding are situated on the other leg. The e.h.t. winding is encapsulated in flame retardent polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

Dimensions in mm



# **MOUNTING**

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. The fit of the connecting and mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2. The core of the transformer must be earthed.

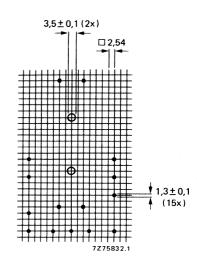


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection; high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer,

#### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

- a. From the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.
- b. From the e.h.t. lead 25 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

# ELECTRICAL DATA (see also Figs 3 and 4)

		AT2102/02A use with AT		AT2102/02A used in conjunction with AT1074/01		
E.H.T. supply	<sup>l</sup> eht E.H.T. <sup>R</sup> i(eht)	0 μA 14,9 kV 10	100 μA 13,9 kV MΩ	0 μA 14,7 kV	100 μA 13,6 kV MΩ	
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	12 V 1725 mA	12 V 1825 mA	12 V 1700 mA	12 V 1800 mA	
Output transistor	V <sub>CEM</sub>	144 V 6,4 A	144 V 6,4 A	142 V 6,2 A	142 V 6,2 A	
Deflection	Current Flyback time Scan variation	8,5 A (p-p) 9,9 μs 1,5 °	8,4 A (p-p) 9,9 μs %	5,0 A (p-p) 10 μs 2 9	4,95 A (p-p) 10 μs	

### Auxiliary windings

connection pins 1 and 2
connecting pins 1 and 3
connecting pin 5 (pin 6 connected to earth)
connecting pin 7 (pin 6 connected to earth)

6,3	٧	(r.m.s.)
11	٧	(r.m.s.)
790	٧	(d.c.)

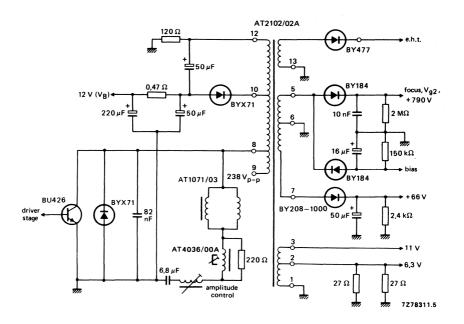


Fig. 3 Application circuit for use with deflection units AT1071/03 and AT1071/07.

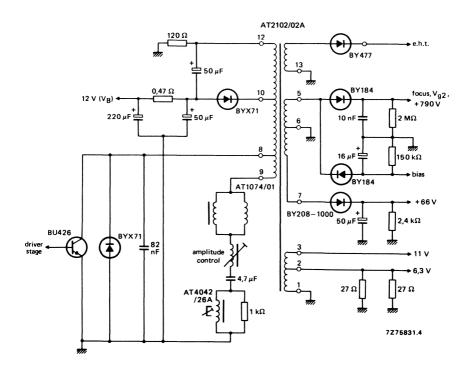


Fig. 4 Application circuit for use with deflection unit AT1074/01.



• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

l <sub>eht</sub>	0 μΑ	100 μΑ
E.H.T.	17 kV	16,35 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	6,5	МΩ
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	24 V	24 V
Supply current (IB)	820 mA	910 mA
Deflection current	4,6 A (p-p)	4,6 A (p-p)
Auxiliary voltages	6,3 V (r.m.s.), 25 V (d.c.), 70 V (d.	c.), 800 V (d.c.)

### **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 31 cm (12 in) to 38 cm (15 in) 1100 monochrome monitor tubes with a neck diameter of 28 mm in video display monitors presenting 625 lines at 50 frames per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 frames per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

deflection unit AT1038/40A;

adjustable linearity control unit AT4042/08A;

line driver transformer AT4043/59;

e.h.t. cable with a length of 450 mm, catalogue number 3111 108 34160 or UL approved e.h.t. cable, catalogue number 3111 108 34740.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises Ferroxcube U and I-cores, clamped together with two screws. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and the e.h.t. winding are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardent polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

### Dimensions in mm

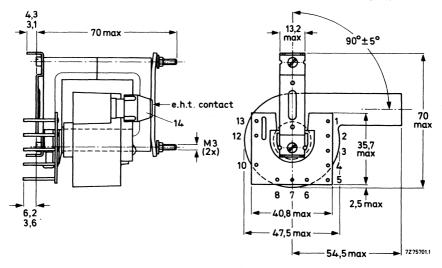


Fig. 1a Line output transformer AT2102/04C.

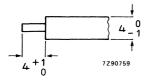


Fig. 1b E.H.T. contact (transformer side).

# **MOUNTING**

The transformer may be mounted on a printedwiring board. The fit of the connecting and mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2. The core of the transformer must be earthed.

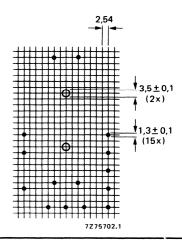


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;

high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

#### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

- a. From the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.
- b. From the e.h.t. lead 25 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub> E.H.T. R <sub>i(eht)</sub>		μΑ kV 6.5	100 16,35 ΜΩ	μA kV
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	24 820	V.	24 910	-
Output transistor	V <sub>CEM</sub>	440 3,6	-	440 3,6	-
Deflection	Current Flyback time Overscan variation			4,6 10,5 5%	A (p-p) μs

### Auxiliary windings

connecting pins 1 and 2	6,3 V (r.m.s.)
connecting pin 4 (pin 5 connected to earth)	25 V (d.c.)
connecting pin 3 (pin 5 connected to earth)	70 V (d.c.)
connecting pin 7 (pin 6 connected to earth)	800 V (d.c.)

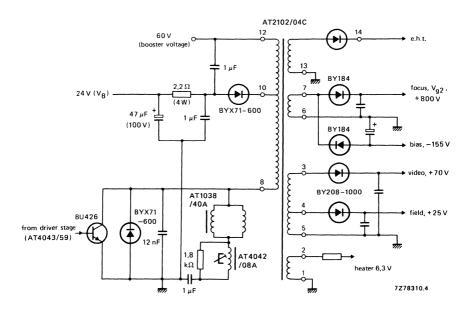


Fig. 3 Application circuit.

# For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

leht	0 μΑ   10	0 μΑ
E.H.T.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	<sup>α</sup> 8 MΩ	
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	24 V	
Supply current (IB)	955 mA	
Deflection current	4,4 A (p-p) 4,3	5 A (p-p)
Auxiliary voltages	6,4 V (r.m.s.), 87,6 V (d.c.), 905 V (d.c.), -14	4 V (d.c.)

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 31 cm (12 in) to 38 cm (15 in) 110° CRTs with a neck diameter of 28 mm in video display monitors.

The line frequency is set to 21,3 kHz at a fly-back time of 8,0  $\mu$ s. With a small modification the line frequency can be reduced to 19 kHz. A frame frequency of 50 or 60 Hz is possible without modification.

The transformer is intended for use in conjunction with:

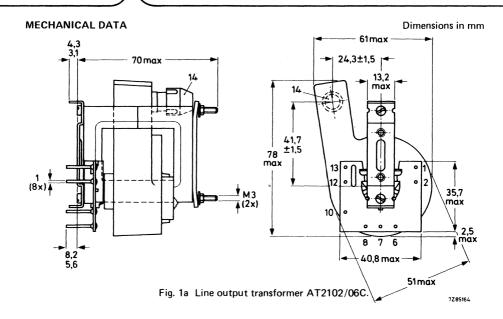
- deflection unit AT1038/40A;
- adjustable linearity control unit AT4042/08A;
- line driver transformer AT4043/59:
- e.h.t. cable with a length of 450 mm (catalogue number 3111 100 34160 or UL approved e.h.t. cable, catalogue number 3111 108 34740.

#### Note

The transformer was originally developed for data display of 80 characters per row, 28 rows per page, having a  $7 \times 9$  character matrix in a  $9 \times 14$  character cell; dynamic focusing was applied in the line direction to improve picture performance.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores, clamped together with two screws. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and e.h.t. winding are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardent polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.



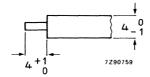


Fig. 1b E.H.T. contact (transformer side).

### MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on a printedwiring board. The fit of the connecting and mounting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2. The core of the transformer must be earthed.

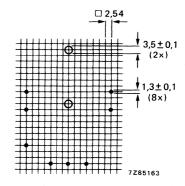


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;

high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

- a. From the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.
- b. In general such that no corona occurs at 10% over-voltage of e.h.t., at an air pressure of 60 kPa and a relative humidity of 85%.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

E.H.T. supply	$I_{eht}$ 0 $\mu A$ E.H.T. 17,0 kV $R_{i(eht)}$	8	100 μA 16,2 kV MΩ
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	24 955	V mA
Output transistor	VCEM ICM	720 3,3	-
Deflection	Current Flyback time Overscan variation	8,0	-

# Auxiliary windings

connecting pins 1 and 2; load 300 mA connecting pin 12; load 40 mA

connecting pin 7 (pin 6 connected to earth); load 0,7 mA

load 0,3 mA

6,4 V (r.m.s.) ± 5,5%

87,6 V (d.c.)

905 V (d.c.) ± 5,5%

 $-144 V (d.c.) \pm 5,5\%$ 

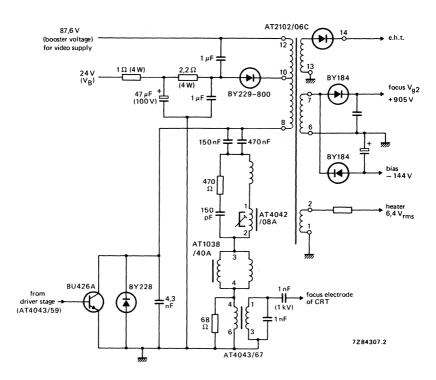


Fig. 3 Application circuit.

# **TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS**

The line output transformer withstands the following tests.

IEC 68–2 test method	name of test	procedure (quick reference)
Ua1	Tensile strength of terminations	
Ub (method 1)	Bending of terminations	
Fc	Vibration	Frequency range 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min per direction
Eb	Bump	250 bumps in 5 directions, acceleration 25 g.
Ea	Shock	Half-sine pulse shape, 11 ms, 490 m/s², 6 directions, 3 shocks per direction.
Ta (method 1)	Soldering	Solder temp. 230 °C, dwell time 2 s.
Bb	Dry heat	96 h at +100 °C.
Db	Damp heat, cyclic	21 cycles of 24 h at +40 °C, R.H. 95%.
Ab	Cold	96 h at -25 °C.
M	Low air pressure	+55 °C, 60 kPa, 30 min.
Ca	Damp heat, steady state	21 days.
Na	Rapid change of temperature	5 cycles of -25 °C/+100 °C.
	Flammability of transformer (IEC65-14.4); power test	10 W, 20 W, 30 W and 40 W successively, for 2 min until encapsulation of e.h.t. coil cracks.
	Flammability of materials (UL94, class V1)	Line output transformer is self-extinguishing.



• For monochrome TV and inexpensive monitors

# QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For transistor line output stages; 90° deflection angle	
leht	≤ 0,2 mA
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$	11,7 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	<b>≤7 MΩ</b>
Flyback time	11,1 μs
Line scan frequency	15 625 Hz
Deflection coil inductance	0,45 mH
Auxiliary voltages	+ 25 V, + 110 V, + 84,5 V

### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required line scanning amplitude and e.h.t. for 90° monochrome picture tubes, presenting 625 lines at 50 fields per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 fields per second (USA).

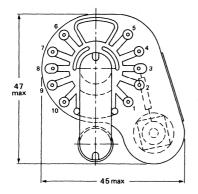
It is intended to be used in conjunction with e.h.t. cable, length 300 mm, catalogue number 3111 108 87080, or the UL approved type, catalogue number 3122 137 63920.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and e.h.t. winding are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardant polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing requirements of IEC 65, para. 14.4.

External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board.

Dimensions in mm



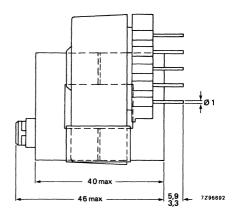


Fig. 1.

# MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on a printed-wiring board. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2. The core of the transformer must be earthed.

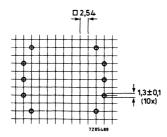


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the windings;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high room temperature (up to 60 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

#### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

from the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

The bending radius of the e.h.t. cable must be  $\geq$  12,5 mm.

# **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$	11,7 kV
Ri(eht)	max. 7 M $\Omega$
leht	max. 0,2 mA
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	11 V
Supply current	640 mA
Output transistor voltage, V <sub>CEM</sub>	200 V <sub>(p-p)</sub>
Deflection current	2,95 A <sub>(p-p)</sub>
Flyback time	11,1 μs 1
Deflection coil inductance	0,45 mH
Line scan frequency	15625 Hz
Auxiliary voltages	
connecting pin 2, V <sub>2</sub>	+ 25 V
connecting pin 6, V <sub>6</sub>	+ 84,5 V
connecting pin 9, Vg	+ 110 V

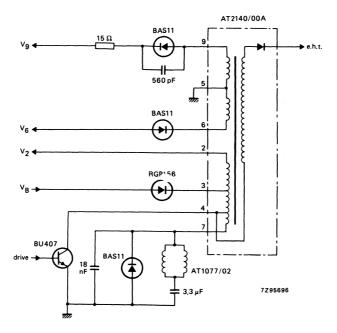


Fig. 3 Application circuit.

AT2140/16 AT2140/17

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Replaces AT2240/16

# LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

For transistor line output stages: 900 deflection angle

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

To transistor line output stages, 90- deflection angle		
	AT2140/16	AT2140/17
leht	max. 100 μA	
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$	12,5 kV	12,5 kV
R <sub>i(eht)</sub>	10 (	MΩ
Flyback time	8 μs	6 μs
Line scan frequency range	15 to 23 kHz	22 to 30 kHz
Deflection coil inductance	475	μΗ
Auxiliary voltages	+ 60 V (d.c.),60	V (d.c.), + 500 V (d.c.)

## **APPLICATION**

These transformers have been designed to provide the required line scanning amplitude and e.h.t. for 90° monochrome data graphic display tubes, 20 mm neck diameter.

The transformers are intended for use in conjunction with:

- deflection unit AT1077 series,
- linearity control unit AT4042/08A,
- amplitude control unit AT4044/39D,
- e.h.t. cable, length 260 mm, catalogue number 3111 108 34490, or the UL approved type, catalogue number 3122 137 63920,
- dynamic focusing transformer AT4043/67.

## DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and e.h.t. winding are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardant polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

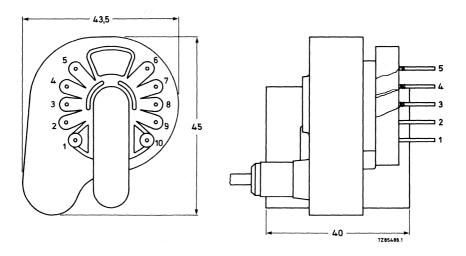


Fig. 1.

## MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on a printedwiring board. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2.

The core of the transformer must be earthed.

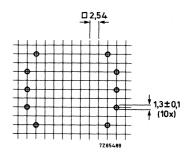


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

| ΔT2140/17

AT2140/16

#### Temperature

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;

high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

## Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

from the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.

The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

The bending radius of the e.h.t. cable must be  $\geq 7.5$  mm.

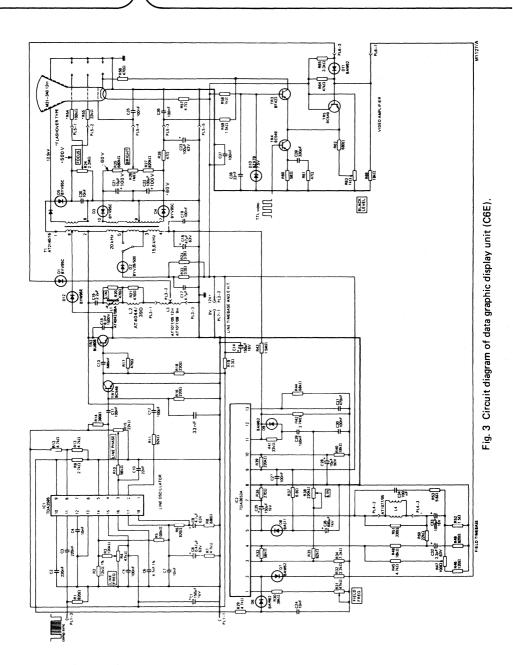
## **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

AT2140/16 and AT2140/17 used in conjunction with AT1077/05, AT4042/08A and AT4044/39D.

	A12140/16	A12140/17
Line scan frequency range* connecting pin 3 connecting pin 5	15 to 20 kHz 20 to 23 kHz	22 to 26 kHz 26 to 30 kHz
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$ $R_{i(eht)}$ leht	12,5 kV 10 MΩ max. 100 μA	12,5 kV 10 MΩ max. 100 μA
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> ) Input power	11 to 14,5 V 7 W	11 to 14,5 V 10 W
Deflection current Deflection voltage Flyback time Flyback capacitor	2,9 A 300 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> 8 µs 8,2 nF	2,9 A 450 V <sub>(p-p)</sub> 6 μs 5,6 nF
Auxiliary voltages connecting pin 1 connecting pin 7 connecting pin 10	+ 500 V + 60 V –60 V	+ 500 V + 60 V -60 V

For further information see Technical Publication "A low-cost monochrome data and graphics display unit (C6E)".

<sup>\*</sup> The transformers are provided with two booster diode connections: pin 3 and pin 5, enabling selection of frequency ranges.



## LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

## • For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

leht	0 μΑ	100 μΑ
E.H.T	10,8 kV	10,0 kV
Ri(eht)	8	Β΄ΜΩ
Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> )	12	2 V
Supply current (IB)	390 mA	590 mA
Deflection current	2,7 A(p-p)	2,7 A(p-p)
Auxiliary voltages	11 V(r.m.s.), -70 V(d.c.),	-165 V(d.c.), +450 V(d.c.)

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude for 24 cm (9 in) to 31 cm (12 in) 90° monochrome monitor tubes in video display monitors presenting 625 lines at 50 frames per second (CCIR) or 525 lines at 60 frames per second (USA).

It is intended for use in conjunction with deflection unit AT1077/.., linearity control unit AT4034/05A or linearity corrector AT4042/46, and an e.h.t. cable, length 260 mm, catalogue number 3111 100 32250, or the UL approved type, catalogue number 3122 137 63920.

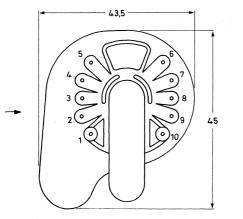
## DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and e.h.t. winding are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardent polyester. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriters' Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

## Dimensions in mm



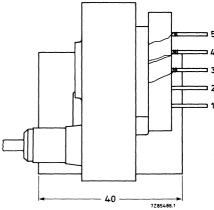


Fig. 1.

## MOUNTING

The transformer may be mounted on a printed wiring board. The fit of the connecting pins in a printed-wiring grid with a pitch of 2,54 mm (0,1 in) is illustrated in Fig. 2.

The core of the transformer must be earthed.

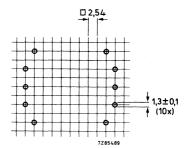


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

## Temperature

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 90 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

over-voltage on the windings;

low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;

high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

#### Distances

The following minimum distances between the transformer and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces must be maintained (in proportion to their sharpness protruding parts must have a greater distance):

from the e.h.t. winding, radially 15 mm, axially 10 mm.

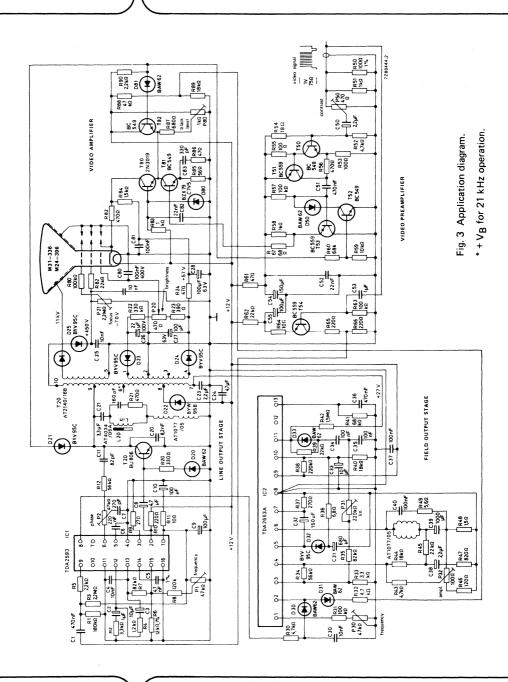
The transformer, and the leads and components carrying high-voltage pulses should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

The bending radius of the e.h.t. cable must be  $\geq$  7,5 mm.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

AT2140/16B used in conjunction with AT1077/05 and AT4042/46.

E.H.T. supply	l <sub>eht</sub>	0 μA	100 μA
	E.H.T.	10,8 kV	10,4 kV
	Ri(eht)	8	MΩ
Power supply	V <sub>B</sub>	12	V
	I <sub>B</sub>	390 mA	480 mA
Output transistor	V <sub>CEM</sub>	265 2,3	
Deflection	Current	2,7	A(p-p)
	Flyback time	8,5	μs
Auxiliary windings connecting pin 1 connecting pin 4 connecting pins 6/8 connecting pin 10		-165 11	V(d.c.) V(d.c.) V(r.m.s.) V(d.c.)



# **DEVELOPMENT DATA**

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

## LINE OUTPUT TRANSFORMER

"Alpha box"

- For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays with 900 monitor tubes
- With or without built-in bleeder resistor

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

l <sub>eht</sub>	max. 100 μA
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$	13 kV
Ri(eht)	max. 5 M $\Omega$
Flyback time	4,2 μs
Line frequency range	30 to 40 kHz
Deflection coil inductance	310 μΗ
Auxiliary voltages	+ 60 V <sub>(d.c.)</sub> , -60 V <sub>(d.c.)</sub> , + 500 V <sub>(d.c.)</sub>

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to provide the required scanning amplitude and e.h.t. for 90° monochrome data graphic display tubes, 20 mm neck diameter, at line frequencies between 30 and 40 kHz.

It is intended for use in conjunction with:

- deflection unit AT1078 series;
- linearity control unit AT4042/08A;
- amplitude control unit AT4044/39D;
- dynamic focusing transformer AT4043/67;
- e.h.t. cable, catalogue number 3122 137 64830.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The primary windings, the auxiliary windings and e.h.t. windings are situated on one leg of the core, and are encapsulated in flame retardent epoxy resin. An e.h.t. rectifier diode is incorporated in the transformer. The whole transformer meets the self-extinguishing and non-dripping properties of the American Underwriter's Laboratories rating mentioned in UL94SE-1.

External circuit connection is made to connecting pins, enabling the unit to be soldered directly into a printed-wiring board; the e.h.t. has a plug connection.

The transformer is available with or without e.h.t. bleeder resistor.

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines

Dimensions in mm

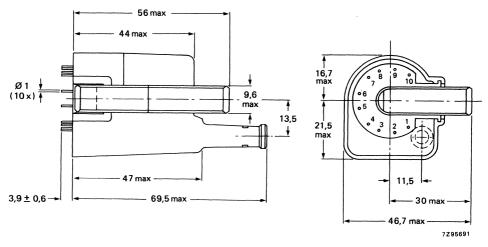


Fig. 1.

Mass approx. 130 g

## Mounting

For mounting hole pattern see Fig. 2. The transformer core must be earthed.

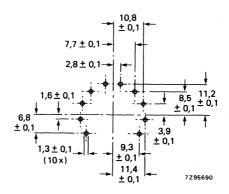


Fig. 2 Mounting hole pattern.

#### Temperature

The operating temperature of the core and the coils should not exceed 60 °C, under worst conditions, i.e. taking into account:

- over-voltage on the windings;
- low atmospheric pressure (at high altitudes) implying bad cooling by convection;
- high room temperature (up to 45 °C).

To satisfy this requirement it may be desired to provide ample cool air circulation around the transformer.

#### Distances

The minimum distance between the e.h.t. coil and neighbouring conductive flat surfaces is 5 mm.

Sharp edges of conductive parts must have a minimum distance of 10 mm.

The transformer, leads and components carrying high voltage pulses, should be kept free from metal particles, solder drops etc.

The bending radius of the e.h.t. cable must be  $\geq$  12,5 mm.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see also Fig. 3)

AT2250/14 used in conjunction with AT1078/10, AT4042/08A and AT4044/39D.

•	
Line scan frequency range	30 to 40 kHz
E.H.T. at $I_B = 0 \mu A$ $R_i(eht)$ $I_{eht}$ Supply voltage (V <sub>B</sub> ) Input power	13 kV
Deflection current Deflection voltage Flyback time Flyback capacitor	3,45 A 550 V(p-p) 4,2 μs 3,3 nF
Auxiliary voltages (d.c.) connecting pin 1 connecting pin 7 connecting pin 10	+ 500 V + 60 V - 60 V

<sup>\*</sup> Dependent on operating frequency.

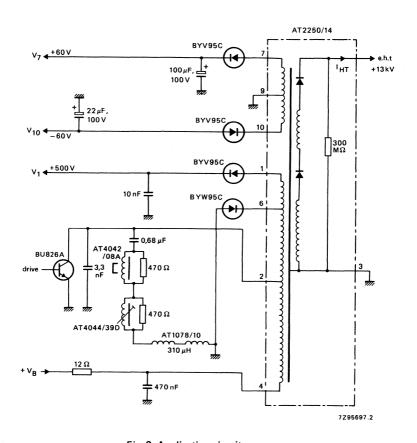


Fig. 3 Application circuit.



## • For colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

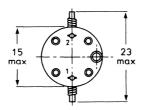
This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of the 30AX system. It is compatible with linearity control unit AT4042/42 (connections 1 and 2 of the AT4042/42 on the printed-wiring board to be connected to 3 and 4 respectively).

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom.

The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**



Dimensions in mm

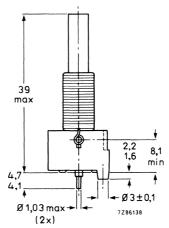


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/30 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560 \,\Omega$ ).

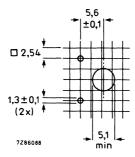


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 5,1 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 11,8 V  $\pm$  5,5%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

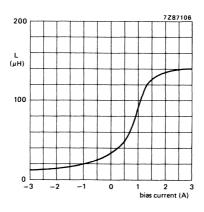


Fig. 4 Inductance as a function of bias current.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

 Cold
 IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

 Dry heat
 IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, +100 °C.

 Damp heat, cyclic
 IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, +40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.



• For Colour Data Graphic Displays and Colour TV

## APPLICATION

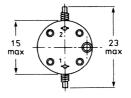
This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of 90° colour monitors and TV receivers.

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



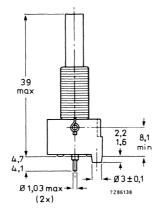


Fig. 1.

## Mounting .

The AT4042/34 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

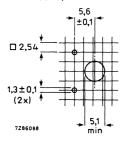
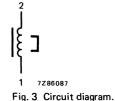


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 3,0 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 15,2 V  $\pm$  5,5%.



## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 3000 h} & \leq 0,05\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & \leq 0,2\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & \leq 5\% \\ \end{array}$ 

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4
Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz; amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40 g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles, T<sub>A</sub> = -25 °C, T<sub>B</sub> = + 100 °C.

• For Colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of colour TV receivers and 90° monitors.

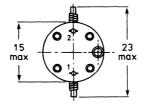
## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom.

The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



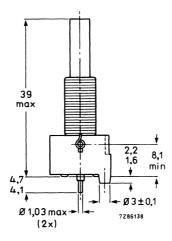


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/36FS can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value 560  $\Omega$ ).

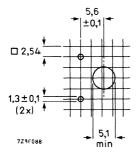


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 1,9 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 17,4 V  $\pm$  5,5%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

For colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

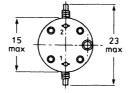
This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of 90° colour TV receivers and monitors.

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



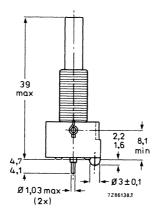


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/41FS can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

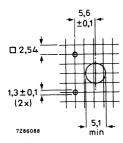


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 2,1 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 12,7 V  $\pm$  5,5%.

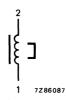


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 after 300 h
  $\leq 0.05\%$  

 after 10 000 h
  $\leq 0.2\%$  

 after 30 000 h
  $\leq 5\%$ 

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4
Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

#### **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump | IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca. 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays.

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of 90° monitors for data graphic display in conjunction with line output transformer AT2140/16B or AT2240/16, and deflection unit AT1077/05.

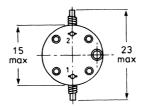
## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom.

The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



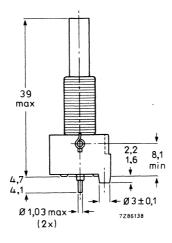


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/46 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560 \,\Omega$ ).

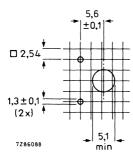


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 3 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 6 V  $\pm$  5,5%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

#### **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

Flammability of assembly IEC 65, clause 14.4.

Flammability of materials UL94, category V1.

For colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

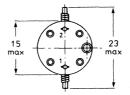
This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of the 45AX system.

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



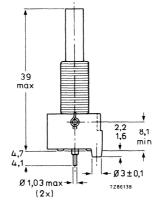


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/51 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

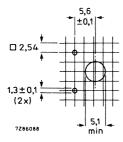


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 3,15 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is  $12.9 \text{ V} \pm 5.5\%$ .



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 after 300 h
  $\leq$  0,05%

 after 10 000 h
  $\leq$  0,2%

 after 30 000 h
  $\leq$  5%

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 7

70 °C

Flammability of assembly

according to IEC 65, clause 14.4

Flammability of materials

according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm,  $3 \times 30$  min.

Bump

IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering Cold Dry heat IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic

IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state

IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature

IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

• For colour Data Graphic Displays and Colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

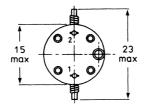
This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of 90° monitors and TV receivers.

## **DESCRIPTION**

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



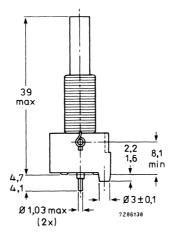


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/90 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560 \,\Omega$ ).

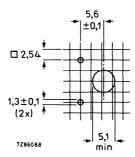


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 2,9 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 9,8 V  $\pm$  5,5%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4

Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_{\Delta} = -25$  °C,  $T_{B} = +100$  °C.

· For colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

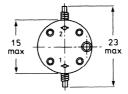
This linearity corrector is for 90° minineck applications.

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



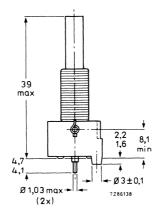


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/91 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

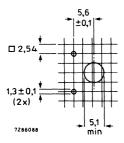


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 2,3 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 17.6 V  $\pm$  5%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 300 h} & & \leqslant 0,05\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & & \leqslant 0,2\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & & \leqslant 5\% \\ \end{array}$ 

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

#### **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test BA; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

For colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity corrector is for the line deflection output stage of colour TV receivers.

## DESCRIPTION

The linearity corrector consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod and a ring-shaped magnet of plastic-bonded Ferroxdure, which is placed around the rod at the bottom. The corrector has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

15 max 23 max

Dimensions in mm

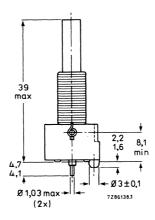


Fig. 1.

The AT4042/92 can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coil should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

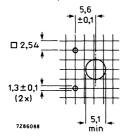


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 5,5 A (p-p), frequency 15 625 Hz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity corrector, the correction voltage is 14,7 V  $\pm$  5%.

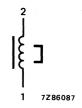


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

#### Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 300 h} & & \leqslant 0,05\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & & \leqslant & 0,2\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & & \leqslant & 5\% \\ \end{array}$ 

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity corrector withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

LINEARITY CONTROL UNITS



Replaces AT4036

# ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

• For monochrome Data Graphic Displays

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity control unit is for use in monochrome monitors.

## DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and two Ferroxdure magnets. One ring-shaped magnet is placed around the Ferroxcube rod, at the bottom. The other magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore,the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm

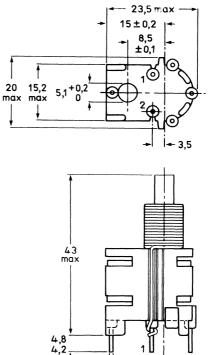


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

- 1,03 max

7Z95276

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

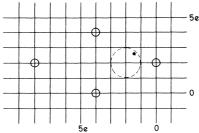


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board. Grid hole diameter =  $1.3 \pm 0.1$  mm;

 $^{7246786}$  e = 2,54 mm.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 6,0 A (p-p), frequency 16 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 0,95 and 2,15 V  $\pm$  10%.

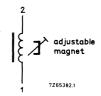


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm,  $3 \times 30$  min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40 g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

Replaces AT4042/02 and AT4042/04P

# ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

· For Colour Data Graphic Displays

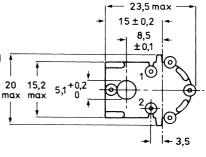
## APPLICATION

This linearity control unit is for use in colour monitors. It can also be used in 90° colour and monochrome television sets.

## DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm



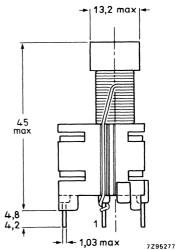


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560 \Omega$ ).

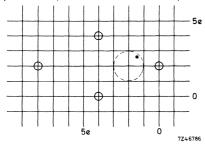


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board. Grid hole diameter = 1,3  $\pm$  0,1 mm; e = 2,54 mm.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 2,8 A (p-p), frequency 16 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 12,5 and 29 V  $\pm$  10%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature

70 °C

Flammability of assembly

according to IEC 65, clause 14.4

Flammability of materials

according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump

IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering

IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold

IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat

IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic

IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state

IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature

IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

Replaces AT4042/42 and AT4042/08

# ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

For monochrome Data Graphic Displays

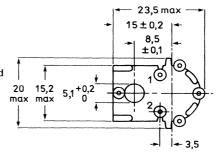
#### APPLICATION

This linearity control unit is for use in monochrome monitors. It is used in conjunction with a deflection unit of the AT1039 series, with series connected line coils.

#### DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm



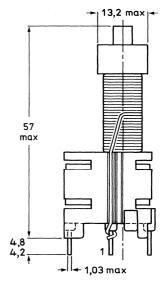


Fig. 1.

7790840

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value 560  $\Omega$ ).

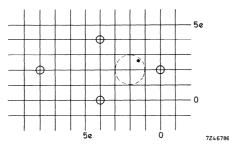


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board. Grid hole diameter =  $1.3 \pm 0.1$  mm; e = 2,54 mm (0,1 in).

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 6,0 A (p-p), frequency 16 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 15 and 25 V  $\pm$  10%.

Note: With a sawtooth current of 4,65 A (p-p) the correction voltage is adjustable between 8 and 15 V.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature

70 °C

Flammability of assembly

according to IEC 65, clause 14.4

Flammability of materials

according to UL94, category V-1

## **TESTS**

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1; 230  $\pm$  10 °C, 2  $\pm$  0,5 s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C. Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba: 96 h. + 100 °C. Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = 25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C. Change of temperature

## ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays

## **APPLICATION**

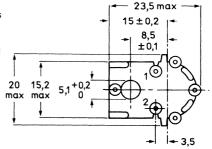
This linearity control unit is for use in colour monitors.

#### DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Outlines; Dimensions in mm



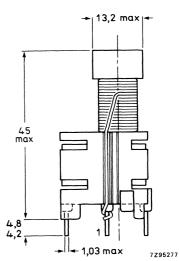


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560 \,\Omega$ ).

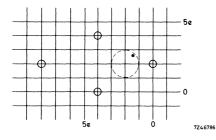


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (e = 2,54 mm (0,1 in); grid hole diameter  $1,3 \pm 0,1 \text{ mm}$ .

\* Hole for bottom adjustment.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (with S-correction) of 4.4 A (p-p), frequency 32 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 0,65 and 3,2 V  $\pm$  10%.



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

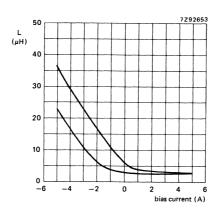


Fig. 4 Inductance as a function of bias current.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

#### **TESTS**

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb, 40g. 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.



23,5 max

# ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

• For monochrome Data Graphic Displays

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity control unit is for use in monochrome monitors. It is used in conjunction with a deflection unit of the AT1039 series, and line output transformer AT2076/84.

#### DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm

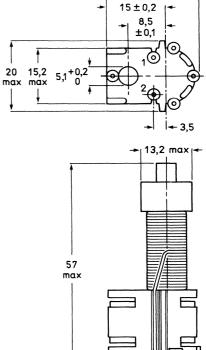


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

7Z90840

4,8

1,03 max

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value 560  $\Omega$ ).

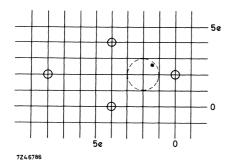


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board; e = 2,54 mm.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 8,8 A (p-p), frequency 32 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 6 and 10 V.

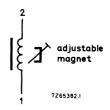


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4

Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

**TESTS** 

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, +40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

## ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays and Colour TV

## **APPLICATION**

This linearity control unit is for use in colour monitors and television sets.

## DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm

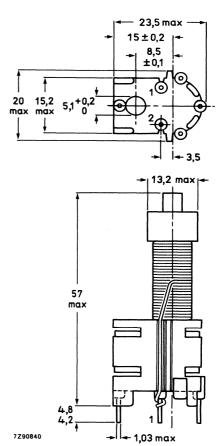


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value 560  $\Omega$ ).

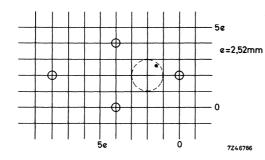


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e = 2,54 mm.

\* Hole for bottom adjustment.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 6,0 A (p-p), frequency 16 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 8,5 and 12,4 V.



#### Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

after 300 h

after 10 000 h

after 30 000 h

≤ 0,2%

after 30 000 h

≤ 5%

Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4
Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

#### **TESTS**

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10$  °C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.

## ADJUSTABLE LINEARITY CONTROL UNIT

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays and Colour TV

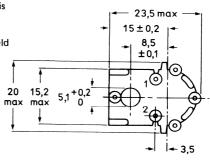
#### **APPLICATION**

This linearity control unit is for use in colour monitors and television sets.

## DESCRIPTION

The unit consists of a coil, mounted on a Ferroxcube rod, and three Ferroxdure magnets. Two ring-shaped magnets are placed around the Ferroxcube rod, one at the top and one at the bottom. The third magnet is positioned against the Ferroxcube rod opposite the bottom magnet and clamped. It is provided with a square hole to facilitate adjustment of the biasing field and, therefore, the linearity of the line deflection.

MECHANICAL DATA; Dimensions in mm



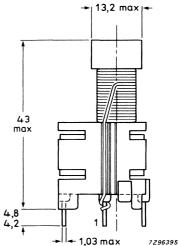


Fig. 1.

The linearity control units are packed in boxes of 300 pieces.

The unit can be mounted on printed-wiring boards by means of its two connection pins, see Fig. 2. To prevent distortion of the magnetic field, no magnetic-conductive materials should approach the magnetic parts nearer than 3 mm. The coils should be shunted with a carbon resistor to damp ringing phenomena; the value of the resistor depends on the line output transformer used (typical value  $560~\Omega$ ).

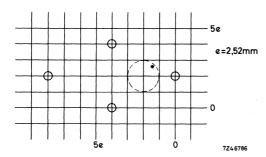


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e = 2,54 mm.

\* Hole for bottom adjustment.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

When a sawtooth current (without S-correction) of 8,5 A (p-p), frequency 32 kHz, flyback ratio 18%, flows through the linearity control unit, the correction voltage is adjustable between 2.4 and 6.5 V.



## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 300 h} & \leq 0,05\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & \leq 0,2\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & \leq 5\% \\ \end{array}$ 

Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

Maximum ambient temperature 70 °C

Flammability of assembly according to IEC 65, clause 14.4 Flammability of materials according to UL94, category V-1

#### TESTS

The linearity control unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc, procedure B4;

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 1000 bumps, 3 directions.

Soldering IEC 68-2-20, test Ta, first part, method 1;  $230 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C,  $2 \pm 0.5$  s.

Cold IEC 68-2-1, test Aa; 96 h, -25 °C.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Ba; 96 h, + 100 °C.

Damp heat, cyclic IEC 68-2-30, test Db; 21 days, + 40 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C.





# AMPLITUDE CONTROL UNIT

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays (C64 concept)

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

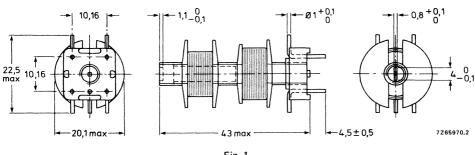


Fig. 1.

The coil has five pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board. It can be adjusted at the top by means of a trimming key.

3 to 40 mNm Torque for adjustment 30 N Press-through force △L/L per degree of angular tvp.  $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ rotation of core

## Mounting

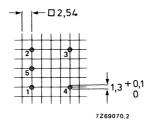


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance 125 to 290 µH \* L1-4 65 to 20 µH \*\* L2-3 16,3 µH ± 10% \* L2-5 Resistance (d.c.) < 0.58 Ω R4.1  $\leq$  0,215  $\Omega$ R<sub>2-3</sub> Current 11-4  $\leq$  2,5 A<sub>(p-p)</sub> at 15 kHz  $\leq$  1,3 A(p-p) at 64 kHz  $\leq$  9 A<sub>(p-p)</sub> at  $\leq$  50 kHz 12.5  $\leq$  7 A<sub>(p-p)</sub> at 50 to 70 kHz  $\leq$  4,5  $A_{(p-p)}$  at  $\leq$  50 kHz 12-3  $\leq$  3,5 A<sub>(p-p)</sub> at 50 to 70 kHz Operating voltage V<sub>1-4</sub> (flyback)  $\leq$  120  $V_{(p-p)}$ V2.5 and V2.3 (sawtooth)  $\leq$  150  $V_{(p-p)}$ Maximum voltage between windings 1-4 and 2-3 800 Vp Operating frequency 15 to 64 kHz Temperature coefficient at 20 to 100 °C approx. 300x10 -6/K Operating temperature range -25 to +100 °C Inflammability according to UL94 V-1



Fig. 3 Electrical diagram.

## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures, at maximum current, Tamb = 55 + 5°C:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 300 h} & \leq 0,01\% \\ \mbox{after 1000 h} & \leq 0,013\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & \leq 0,02\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & \leq 1\% \\ \end{array}$ 

- At 250 mV, 1 kHz; minimum value, measured with core in position L<sub>2-3</sub> max.
- \*\* At 250 mV, 1 kHz; minimum value, measured with core in position L<sub>1-4</sub> max.

# The coil withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
Bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
Vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/directions
Shock	Ea	half sine pulse shape, duration 11 ms, acceleration $490 \text{ m/s}^2$ , 6 directions, 3 shocks per direction
Resistance to soldering heat	Tb	method 1A
Solderability	Ta	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s
Robustness of terminations Cold Dry heat	U <sub>a</sub> and U <sub>b</sub> Ab Bb	–25 °C, 96 h + 100 °C, 96 h
Damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, + 40 °C, 93% R.H.
Damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, + 40 °C
Change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles



# AMPLITUDE CONTROL UNIT

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

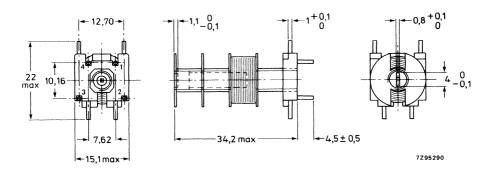


Fig. 1.

The coil has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board. It can be adjusted at the top by means of a trimming key.

Torque for adjustment 3 to 40 mNm Press-through force  $\geqslant$  30 N  $\Delta L/L$  per degree of angular rotation of core typ. 2,5 x 10<sup>-4</sup>

## Mounting

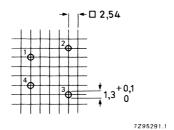


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side)

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance

Resistance (d.c.)

Current

Maximum voltage

Operating frequency

Temperature coefficient at 20 to 100 °C

Operating temperature range

Inflammability

36 to 50  $\mu$ H\*, typ. 43  $\mu$ H\*

< 0,135  $\Omega$ 

 $\leq$  3,5 A(p-p) (sawtooth)

30 V(p-p) (flyback)

16 to 25 kHz

approx.  $300 \times 10^{-6} / K$ 

-25 to + 100 °C

according to UL94 V-1



Fig. 4 Electrical diagram.

7Z95292

## Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures, at maximum current, T<sub>amb</sub> = 55 + 5 °C:

after 300 h

after 1000 h

after 10 000 h

after 30 000 h

≤ 0,01% ≤ 0,013%

≤ 0,02% ≤ 1%

<sup>\*</sup> At 250 mV, 1 kHz.

The amplitude control withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
Bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
Vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/directions
Shock	Ea	half sine pulse shape, duration 11 ms, acceleration 490 m/s², 6 directions, 3 shocks per direction
Resistance to soldering heat	Tb	method 1A
Solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s
Robustness of terminations Cold Dry heat	U <sub>a</sub> and U <sub>b</sub> Ab Bb	−25 °C, 96 h + 100 °C, 96 h
Damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, + 40 °C, 93% R.H.
Damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, + 40 °C
Change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, 100 °C, 5 cycles



# LUMINANCE DELAY LINES



3122 138 99420

## LUMINANCE DELAY LINE

## **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

Delay 270 ns
Dimensions 30 x 19 x 14 mm
Self-extinguishing

## **APPLICATION**

The DL270 is for use in the luminance circuit of colour television receivers.

## DESCRIPTION

The delay line consists of two parallel connected coils which are astatically wound to decrease the influence of magnetic fields from other parts of the receiver. The delay line is in a plastic housing. Three pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm e = 2,54 mm

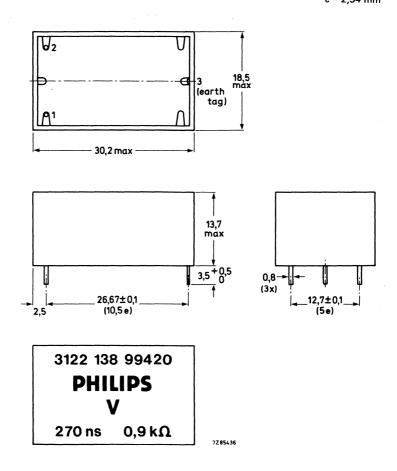


Fig. 1.

Mass 6,5 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered onto a printed-wiring board pierced with three 1,0 + 0,1 mm diameter holes.

Packaging 108 delay lines per box.

## ELECTRICAL DATA (Measured at 25 °C)

270 ns ± 10% Delay  $0.9 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10\%$ Characteristic impedance Group delay (with respect to 0,5 MHz) max. 30 ns at 3,5 MHz at 5.0 MHz max. 60 ns Bandwidth at -3 dB 5 MHz max. 2,5% Ripple with 2<sub>T</sub>-pulse on pin 2 min. 50 V (d.c.) Breakdown voltage between pins 2 and 3 -25 to +70 °C Permissible temperature range

Fig. 2.

7Z85386

The luminance delay line withstands the following tests:

test	according to IEC 68-2 par.		procedure
Climatic			
cold	1	Ab	–25 °C, 96 h
dry heat	2	Bb	+ 70 °C, 96 h
damp heat cyclic	30	Db	+ 40 °C, 21 cycles
damp heat steady state	3	Ca	+ 40 °C, 21 days
change of temperature	14	Na	–25 °C/+ 70 °C, 5 cycles
Mechanical			
vibration sinusoidal	6	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 perpendicular directions, 0,5 h each
bump	29	Eb	1000 bumps in 6 directions peak acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup>
shock	27	Ea	half-sinewave, 11 ms peak acceleration 490 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 shocks per direction, 6 directions
resistance to soldering heat	20	Ть	method 1A
solderability	20	Та	first part of method 1 230 $\pm$ 10 °C, 2 $\pm$ 0,5 s
robustness of terminations	21	Ua Ub	tensile 10 N, thrust 2 N 2 bends, 5 N



3122 138 96042

# **LUMINANCE DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Delay 330 ns
Dimensions 30 x 19 x 14 mm
Self-extinguishing properties

## **APPLICATION**

The DL330 is for use in the luminance circuit of colour television receivers.

## DESCRIPTION

The delay line consists of two parallel connected coils which are astatically wound to decrease the influence of magnetic fields from other parts of the receiver. The delay line is enclosed in a plastic housing. Three pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Outlines

Dimensions in mm

e = 2,54 mm

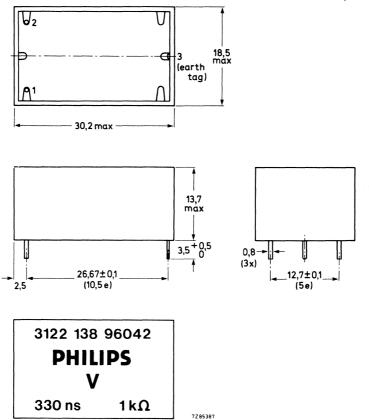


Fig. 1.

Mass 6,5 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board pierced with three 1,0 + 0,1 mm diameter holes.

Packaging 108 delay lines per box.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Measured at 25 °C

330 ns ± 10% Delay  $1 k\Omega \pm 10\%$ Characteristic impedance

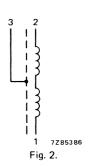
Group delay (with respect to 0,5 MHz)

at 3,5 MHz max. max. 60 ns at 5,0 MHz 5 MHz

Bandwidth at -3 dB Ripple with 2<sub>T</sub>-pulse on pin 2 max. 2.5%

Breakdown voltage between pins 2 and 3 min. 50 V (d.c.)

 $-25 \text{ to } + 70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Permissible temperature range



The luminance delay line withstands the following tests:

test	according to IEC 68-2 par.		procedure
Climatic			
cold	1	Ab	25 °C, 96 h
dry heat	2	Bb	+ 70 °C, 96 h
damp heat cyclic	30	Db	+ 40 °C, 21 cycles
damp heat steady state	3	Ca	+ 40 °C, 21 days
change of temperature	14	Na	-25 °C/+ 70 °C, 5 cycles
Mechanical			
vibration sinusoidal	6	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 perpendicular directions, 0,5 h each
bump	29	Eb	1000 bumps in 6 directions peak acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup>
shock	27	Ea	half-sinewave, 11 ms peak acceleration 490 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 shocks per direction, 6 directions
resistance to soldering heat	20	Tb	method 1A
solderability	20	Та	first part of method 1 230 $\pm$ 10 °C, 2 $\pm$ 0,5 s
robustness of terminations	21	Ua Ub	tensile 10 N, thrust 2 N 2 bends, 5 N

30 ns



#### 3122 138 50450

# LUMINANCE DELAY LINE

# QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Delay 390 ns
Dimensions 30 x 19 x 14 mm
Self-extinguishing properties

#### APPLICATION

The DL390 is for use in the luminance circuit of colour television receivers.

# DESCRIPTION

The delay line consists of two parallel connected coils which are astatically wound to decrease the influence of magnetic fields from other parts of the receiver. The delay line is enclosed in a plastic housing. Three pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

Dimensions in mm

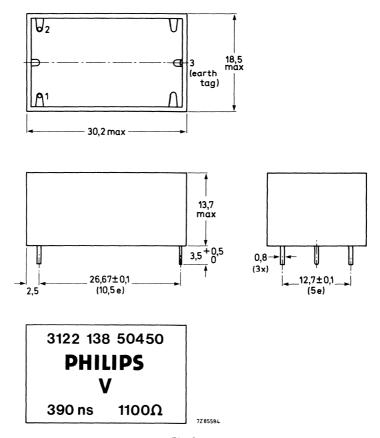


Fig. 1.

Mass

6,5 g

# Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board pierced with three 1,0 + 0,1 mm diameter holes.

**Packaging** 

108 delay lines per box.

Measured at 25 °C

modulated at 20		
Delay	390 ns ± 10%	3 2
Characteristic impedance	1,1 k $\Omega$ ± 10%	
Group delay (with respect to 0,5 MHz) at 3,5 MHz at 5,0 MHz	max. 45 ns max. 60 ns	
Bandwidth at -3 dB	5 MHz	i }
Ripple with $2\tau$ -pulse on pin 2	max. 3%	! 3
Breakdown voltage between pins 2 and 3	min. 50 V (d.c.)	
Permissible temperature range	$-25 \text{ to } + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	1 7285386

Fig. 2.

The luminance delay line withstands the following tests:

test	1	ling to 3-2 par.	procedure
Climatic			
cold	1	Ab	–25 °C, 96 h
dry heat	2	Вь	+ 70 °C, 96 h
damp heat cyclic	30	Db	+40 °C, 21 cycles
damp heat steady state	3	Ca	+ 40 °C, 21 days
change of temperature	14	Na	-25 °C/+ 70 °C, 5 cycles
Mechanical			
vibration sinusoidal	6	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 perpendicular directions, 0,5 h each
bump	29	Eb	1000 bumps in 6 directions peak acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup>
shock	27	Ea	half-sinewave, 11 ms peak acceleration 490 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 shocks per direction, 6 directions
resistance to soldering heat	20	Tb	method 1A
solderability	20	Та	first part of method 1 230 $\pm$ 10 °C, 2 $\pm$ 0,5 s
robustness of terminations	21	Ua Ub	tensile 10 N, thrust 2 N 2 bends, 5 N



3122 138 99471

# LUMINANCE DELAY LINE

# QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Delay

470 ns

Dimensions

30 x 19 x 14 mm

Self-extinguishing

# **APPLICATION**

The DL470 is for use in the luminance circuit or transposer circuit of colour television receivers.

#### DESCRIPTION

The delay line consists of two parallel connected coils which are astatically wound to decrease the influence of magnetic fields from other parts of the receiver. The delay line is in a plastic housing. Three pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

Dimensions in mm

e = 2,54 mm

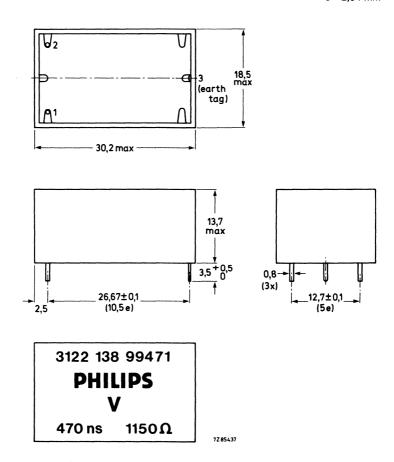


Fig. 1.

Mass 6,5 g

# Mounting

The unit can be soldered onto a printed-wiring board pierced with three 1,0 + 0,1 mm diameter holes.

Packaging 108 delay lines per box.

# ELECTRICAL DATA (Measured at 25 °C)

Delay 470 ns  $\pm$  10% Characteristic impedance 1150  $\Omega$   $\pm$  10%

Group delay (with respect to 1,0 MHz)

at 3,5 MHz max. 45 ns at 5,0 MHz max. 60 ns

Bandwidth at -3 dB 5 MHz

Ripple with  $2\tau$ -pulse on pin 2 max. 3%

Breakdown voltage between pins 2 and 3 min. 50 V (d.c.)Permissible temperature range  $-25 \text{ to } +70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

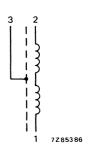


Fig. 2.

The luminance delay line withstands the following tests:

test	according to IEC 68-2 par.		procedure	
Climatic				
cold	1	Ab	−25 °C, 96 h	
dry heat	2	Bb	+ 70 °C, 96 h	
damp heat cyclic	30	Db	+ 40 °C, 21 cycles	
damp heat steady state	3	Ca	+ 40 °C, 21 days	
change of temperature	14	Na	-25 °C/+ 70 °C, 5 cycles	
Mechanical				
vibration sinusoidal	6	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 perpendicular directions, 0,5 h each	
bump	29	Eb	1000 bumps in 6 directions peak acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
shock	27	Ea	half-sinewave, 11 ms peak acceleration 490 m/s² 3 shocks per direction, 6 directions	
resistance to soldering heat	20	Ть	method 1A	
solderability	20	Та	first part of method 1 230 $\pm$ 10 °C, 2 $\pm$ 0,5 s	
robustness of terminations	21	Ua Ub	tensile 10 N, thrust 2 N 2 bends, 5 N	







3,575611 MHz

63,486 µs

# **DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For receivers up to Brazilian PAL-M standard

Nominal frequency

Phase delay time

Dimensions  $37 \times 7.5 \times 28.5 \text{ mm}$ 

Self-extinguishing properties

# **APPLICATION**

The DL63 is intended for use in decoder circuits of colour television receivers.

#### DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in mm

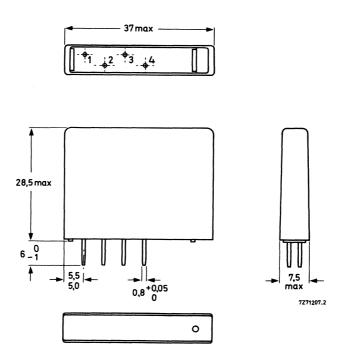


Fig. 1.

Mass

7 g

# Mounting

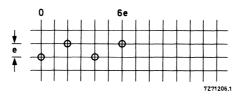


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

from  $\leq 2.8$  to  $\geq 4.5$  MHz

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Bandwidth at -3 dB

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (f<sub>O</sub>) 3,575611 MHz

Phase delay time ( $\tau$ ) 63,486  $\pm$  0,005  $\mu$ s

Insertion loss 9 ± 3 dB

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C (relative to + 25 °C) typ. 5 ns

Maximum input voltage (p-p) 10 V

Spurious signals  $3 \tau$  signals  $\leq -22 \text{ dB with respect to } 1 \tau$  signal

other signals  $\leqslant$  -30 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal Phase relation  $\varphi_{4.3}-\varphi_{2.1}$ 

Storage temperature range —40 to + 70 °C

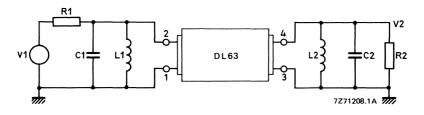


Fig. 3.

# **Terminations**

 $R1 = R2 = 560 \Omega$ 

C1 = 20 pF | total capacitance of test jig without delay line i.e. wiring capacitance,

C2 = 30 pF | capacitance of coil and extra trimming capacitor.

 $L1 = 15,2 \mu H$ 

 $L2 = 14,1 \mu H$ 

# Application circuit

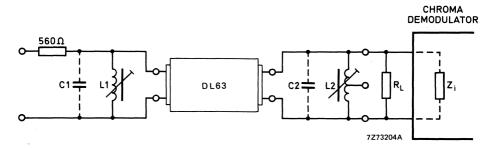


Fig. 4.

$$(R_L//Z_i) = 560 \Omega$$

C1, C2 < 30 pF (wiring capacitance and capacitance of the coil)

L1, L2 nominal values depend on values of C1 and C2 to produce the reactances:

$$X1 = \frac{\omega_0 L1}{1 - \omega_0^2 L1C1} = 405 \Omega$$

$$X2 = \frac{\omega_0 L2}{1 - \omega_0^2 L2C2} = 405 \Omega$$

Maximum bandwidth is obtained at minimum C1 and C2.

Recommended adjustment range of the coils -19 to +36%.

# **DELAY LINE**

# **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

Nominal frequency 7,5 MHz Phase delay time 64,4  $\,\mu s$  Dimensions 37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm Self-extinguishing properties

#### **APPLICATION**

The DL680 is for use in video long play equipment.

# DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in mm

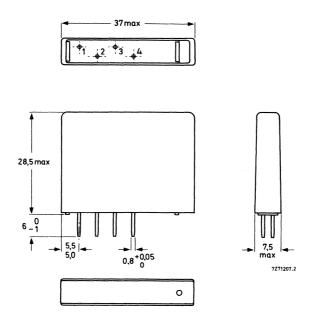


Fig. 1.

# Mass 7 g

# Mounting

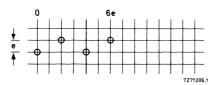


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e=2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm\,0,1$  mm. Hole diameter is 1,0+0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (f<sub>O</sub>) 7,5 MHz

Phase delay time ( $\tau$ ) 64,4  $\pm$  0,05  $\mu$ s

Bandwidth at -3 dB from  $\leq 5,5 \text{ to} \geq 8,5 \text{ MHz}$ 

Insertion loss ≤ 17 dB

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C

(relative to +25 °C)  $\leq$  10 ns Maximum input voltage (p-p) 5 V

Spurious signals

 $3 \tau$  signals  $\leq -20 \text{ dB}$  with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal other signals  $\leq -30 \text{ dB}$  with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal

Storage temperature range —40 to +70 °C

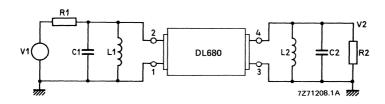


Fig. 3.

#### **Terminations**

 $R1 = R2 = 150 \Omega$ 

C1 = 20 pF | total capacitance of test jig without delay-line i.e. wiring capacitance, capacitance of coil

C2 = 20 pF / and extra trimming capacitor.

 $L1 = 2.0 \mu H$ 

 $L2 = 2.0 \mu H$ 



# **DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For receivers up to European PAL standard

Nominal frequency

4,433619 MHz

Phase delay time

63,943 μs

**Dimensions** 

37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

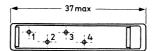
Self-extinguishing properties

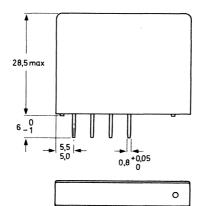
#### **APPLICATION**

The DL701 is intended for use in decoder circuits of colour television receivers, or in drop-out circuits of video cassette recorders.

# DESCRIPTION







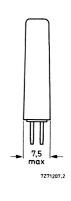


Fig. 1.

# Mass 7 g

# Mounting

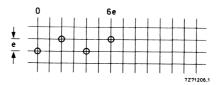


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e=2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency ( $f_0$ ) 4,433619 MHz Phase delay time ( $\tau$ ) 63,943  $\pm$  0,005  $\mu$ s

Bandwidth at -3 dB from  $\leq 3,43 \text{ to} \geq 5,23 \text{ MHz}$ 

Insertion loss 9 ± 3 dB

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C (relative to + 25 °C) max. 5 ns, typ. 3 ns

Maximum input voltage (p-p) 10 V

Spurious signals  $3 \tau$  signals  $\leq -28 \text{ dB}$  with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal  $\leftarrow$  other signals  $\leq -33 \text{ dB}$  with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal

Phase relation  $\varphi_{4-3}-\varphi_{2-1}$  180° Storage temperature range  $-40 \text{ to } +70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

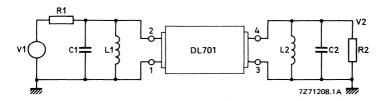


Fig. 3.

## **Terminations**

R1 = R2 = 390  $\Omega$ C1 = 20 pF | total capacitance of test jig without delay-line i.e. wiring capacitance,

C2 = 30 pF capacitance of coil and extra trimming capacitor.

 $L1 = 8,64 \mu H$ 

 $L2 = 8,10 \mu H$ 

# Application circuit

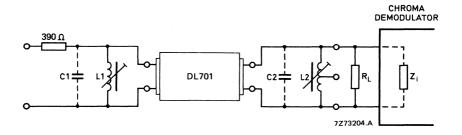


Fig. 4.

$$(R_L//Z_i) = 390 \Omega$$

C1, C2 < 30 pF (wiring capacitance and capacitance of the coil)

L1, L2 nominal values depend on values of C1 and C2 to produce the reactances:

$$X1 = \frac{\omega_0 L1}{1 - \omega_0^2 L1C1} = 278 \Omega$$

$$X2 = \frac{\omega_0 L2}{1 - \omega_0^2 L2C2} = 278 \Omega$$

$$f_0 = 4,433619MHz$$

Maximum bandwidth is obtained at minimum C1 and C2.

Recommended adjustment range of the coils -19 to +36%.

# **DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For video recorders to European PAL standard

Nominal frequency

63,935 μs

Phase delay time Dimensions

37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

4,433619 MHz

Self-extinguishing properties

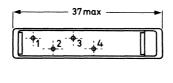
#### APPLICATION

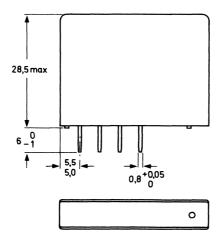
The DL703 is intended for use in dropout circuits of PAL video recorders. It has been designed to have a wider bandwidth at both the -3 dB and -10 dB points.

#### DESCRIPTION

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm





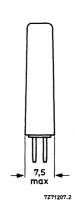


Fig. 1.

Mass

7 g

# Mounting

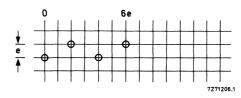


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (fo)

Phase delay time  $(\tau)$ 

Bandwidth at -3 dB

Bandwidth at -10 dB

Insertion loss

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C

(relative to + 25 °C)

Maximum input voltage (p-p)

Spurious signals

3 au signals

other signals

Phase relation  $\varphi_{4-3} - \varphi_{2-1}$ 

Storage temperature range

4,433619 MHz

 $63,935 \pm 0,005 \mu s$ 

from  $\leq$  3,03 to  $\geq$  5,43 MHz

from  $\leq$  2,63 to  $\geq$  6,23 MHz

9 ± 3 dB

max. 5 ns, typ. 3 ns

15 V

 $\leq$  -28 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal

 $\leq$  -26 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal

180º

-40 to + 70 °C

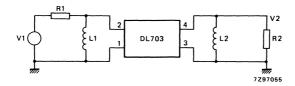


Fig. 3.

Terminations

 $R1 = R2 = 390 \Omega$ 

 $L1 = L2 = 18,0 \mu H$ 



# **DELAY LINE**

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For receivers up to European PAL and SECAM standard

Nominal frequency

Phase delay time

Dimensions

Self-extinguishing properties

4,433619 MHz 63,943 μs

37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

#### **APPLICATION**

The DL711 is intended for use in decoder circuits of colour television receivers.

# DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in mm

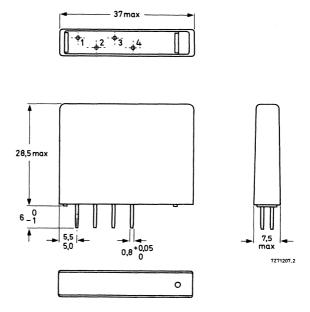


Fig. 1.

# Mass 7 g

## Mounting

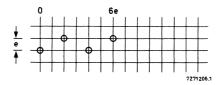


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Storage temperature range

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (fo) 4,433619 MHz

Phase delay time  $(\tau)$  $63,943 \pm 0,005 \mu s$ 

from  $\leq$  3,43 to  $\geq$  5,23 MHz Bandwidth at -3 dB

9 ± 3 dB Insertion loss

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C (relative to + 25 °C) max. 5 ns, typ. 3 ns

10 V Maximum input voltage (p-p)

Spurious signals\*

 $\leq$  -33 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal 3 τ signals  $\leq$  -33 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal other signals

1800 Phase relation  $\varphi_{4-3} - \varphi_{2-1}$ -40 to + 70 °C

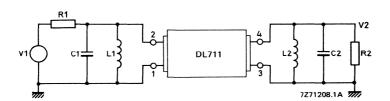


Fig. 3.

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Terminations
```

 $R1 = R2 = 390 \Omega$ 

C1 = 20 pF

total capacitance of test jig without delay-line i.e. wiring capacitance,

C2 = 30 pFcapacitance of coil and extra trimming capacitor.

 $L1 = 8,64 \mu H$ 

 $L2 = 8,10 \mu H$ 

Measured in frequency range 3,9 to 4,75 MHz.

# Application circuit

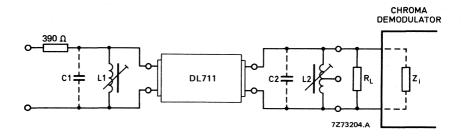


Fig. 4.

$$(R_L//Z_i) = 390 \Omega$$

L1, L2 nominal values depend on values of C1 and C2 to produce the reactances:

$$X1 = \frac{\omega_0 L1}{1 - \omega_0^2 L1C1} = 278 \Omega$$

$$X2 = \frac{\omega_0 L2}{1 - \omega_0^2 L2C2} = 278 \Omega$$

$$f_0 = 4,433619 \text{ MHz}$$

Maximum bandwidth is obtained at minimum C1 and C2.

Recommended adjustment range of the coils -19 to +36%.

# **DELAY LINES**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For receivers up to Argentina PAL-N standard	
Nominal frequency	3,582056 MHz
Phase delay time	
DL720	63,929 μs
DL721	64,069 μs
DL722	64,069 μs
Dimensions	37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm
Self-extinguishing properties	

# **APPLICATION**

These delay lines are for use in decoder circuits of colour television receivers.

# DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in mm

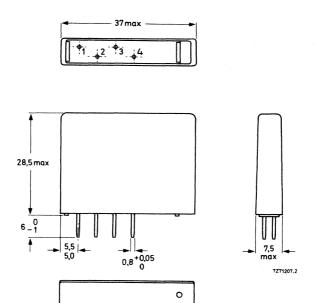


Fig. 1.

Mass 7 g

# Mounting

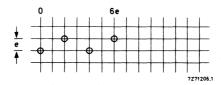


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0  $\pm$  0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25 °C and fo (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (f<sub>O</sub>)

Phase delay time  $(\tau)$  DL720

DL721 and DL722

Bandwidth at -3 dB

Insertion loss

Drift of phase delay from + 10 to + 60 °C

(relative to + 25 °C)

Maximum input voltage (p-p)

Spurious signals

 $3 \tau$  signals other signals

Phase relation  $\varphi_{4.3} - \varphi_{2.1}$ 

DL720

DL721 and DL722

Storage temperature range

3,582056 MHz

 $63,929 \pm 0,005 \mu s$  $64,069 \pm 0,005 \mu s$ 

from  $\leq 2.8$  to  $\geq 4.5$  MHz

9 ± 3 dB

max. 5 ns, typ. 3 ns

10 V

 $\leq$  -22 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal  $\leq$  -28 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal

00

180°

 $-40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

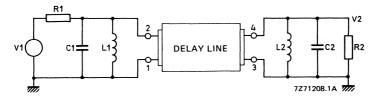


Fig. 3.

#### Terminations

R1 = R2 = 560  $\Omega$  for DL720 and DL721; R1 = R2 = 390  $\Omega$  for DL722.

C1 = 20 pF total capacitance of test jig without delay-line i.e. wiring capacitance,

C2 = 30 pF / capacitance of coil and extra trimming capacitor.

L1 = 15,2  $\mu$ H for DL720; L1 = 8,64  $\mu$ H for DL722.

 $L2 = 14.1 \mu H$  for DL721;  $L2 = 8.10 \mu H$  for DL722.

# **Application circuit**

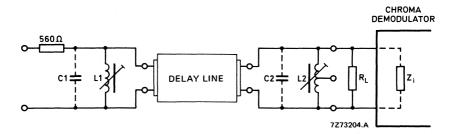


Fig. 4.

$$(R_L//Z_i)$$
 = 560  $\Omega$  for DL720 and DL721;  $(R_L//Z_i)$  = 390  $\Omega$  for DL722.

L1, L2 nominal values depend on values of C1 and C2 to produce the reactances:

X1 = 
$$\frac{\omega_0 L1}{1 - \omega_0^2 L1C1}$$
 = 405 Ω for DL720 and DL721; X1 = 278 Ω for DL722.

$$X2 = \frac{\omega_0 L^2}{1 - \omega_0^2 L2C2} = 405 \Omega$$
 for DL720 and DL721;  $X2 = 278 \Omega$  for DL722.

$$f_0 = 3,582056 \text{ MHz}.$$

Maximum bandwidth is obtained at minimum C1 and C2.

Recommended adjustment range of the coils -19 to +36%.

# **DELAY LINE**

# **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

Nominal frequency	3,579545 MHz
Phase delay time	63,555 μs
Dimensions	$37 \times 7,5 \times 28,5 \text{ mm}$
Self-extinguishing properties	

# **APPLICATION**

The DL750 is intended for use as a comb filter in colour television receivers to NTSC standard.

# DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in mm

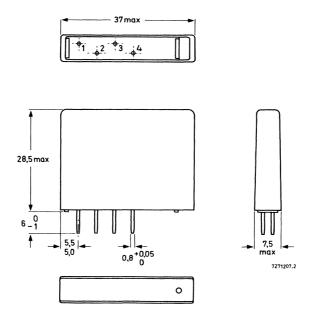


Fig. 1.

Mass 7 g

# Mounting

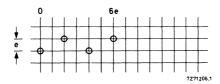


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board: e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0  $\pm$  0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$  and f $_{\rm o}$  (unless otherwise specified)

Nominal frequency (fo) 3,579545 MHz

Phase delay time  $(\tau)$  $63,555 \pm 0,005 \mu s$ 

Bandwidth at -3 dB

 $9 \pm 3 dB$ Insertion loss

Drift of phase delay from +10 to +60 °C

(relative to +25 °C)

Maximum input voltage (p-p)

Spurious signals

 $3 \tau$  signals

other signals

Phase relation  $\varphi_{4-3} - \varphi_{2-1}$ 

Storage temperature range

from  $\leq$  2,8 to  $\geq$  4,5 MHz

typ. 5 ns

10 V

 $\leq$  -30 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal  $\leq$  -28 dB with respect to 1  $\tau$  signal

180°

-40 to +70 °C

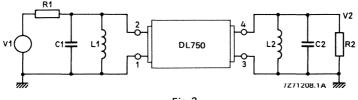


Fig. 3.

## Terminations

 $R1 = R2 = 560 \Omega$ 

C1 = 20 pF | total capacitance of test jig without delay-line i.e. wiring capacitance,

C2 = 30 pF / capacitance of coil and extra trimming capacitor.

 $L1 = 15,2 \mu H$ 

 $L2 = 14,1 \mu H$ 

## **Application circuit**

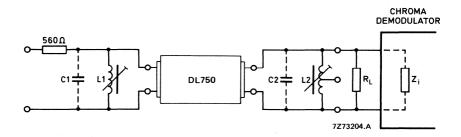


Fig. 4.

$$(R_1 //Z_i) = 560 \Omega$$

C1, C2 < 30 pF (wiring capacitance and capacitance of the coil)

L1, L2 nominal values depend on values of C1 and C2 to produce the reactances:

$$X1 = \frac{\omega_0 L1}{1 - \omega_0^2 L1C1} = 405 \Omega$$

$$X2 = \frac{\omega_0 L2}{1 - \omega_0^2 L2C2} = 405 \Omega$$

Maximum bandwidth is obtained at minimum C1 and C2.

Recommended adjustment range of the coils -19 to +36%.

3,579545 MHz

## **DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For video recorders to NTSC standard

Nominal frequency

Phase delay time

64 µs 37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm **Dimensions** 

Self-extinguishing properties

## **APPLICATION**

The DL752 is for use in comb filter circuits of NTSC video recorders.

## DESCRIPTION

A very thin slab of zero TC glass provided with two transducers is shock-proof mounted in a housing with self-extinguishing properties. Four pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printedwiring board.

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm

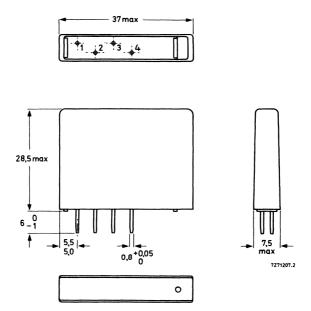


Fig. 1.

## Mass 7 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

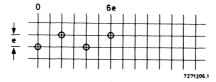


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $\pm$  5 °C, R.H. = 40 to 60%.

Nominal frequency (fo)	;	3,579545	MHz
Central comb frequency (f <sub>1</sub> )		3,57168	$\mathbf{MHz}$
Lower comb frequency (f_)		3,11538	MHz
Upper comb frequency (f <sub>+</sub> )		4,05944	MHz
Transducer attenuation at fo		10 ± 3	dB
Comb depth at f <sub>1</sub> with respect to f <sub>0</sub> *	≥	24	dB
Comb depth at f_ and f+ with respect to fo	$\geqslant$	10	dB
Phase delay time ( $ au$ )		64	μs
Bandwidth (-3 dB), measured with switch S open		f <sub>o</sub> ± 0,5	MHz
Maximum input voltage (p-p)		10	V
Spurious signals at the output, at fo**			
$2 \tau$ signals with respect to $1 \tau$ signal	<	-20	dB
other signals with respect to 1 $ au$ signal	$\leq$	-26	dB
3  au signals with respect to $1  au$ signal	$\leq$	-18	dB
Operating temperature range▲	+1	10 to +60	oC

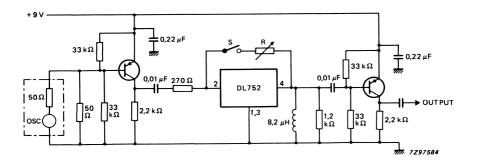


Fig. 3 Test circuit.

- \* Comb depth is adjusted to a maximum at  $f_1$  by varying direct path resistor R (0 1 k $\Omega$ ).
- \*\* Reflections are measured using a 5  $\mu$ s long input pulse.
- Over the whole temperature range the comb depth at  $f_1$  is  $\geq 18$  dB, and at  $f_+$  and  $f_- \geq 8$  dB.



## **DELAY LINE**

#### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

For video recorders to European PAL standard

Nominal frequency

4,433619 MHz 128 μs

Phase delay time Dimensions

37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

Self-extinguishing properties

#### **APPLICATION**

The DL872 is for use in comb filter circuits of PAL video recorders.

## DESCRIPTION

A very thin slab of zero TC glass provided with a split transducer is shock-proof mounted in a housing with self-extinguishing properties. Four pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

MECHANICAL DATA
Outlines

Dimensions in mm

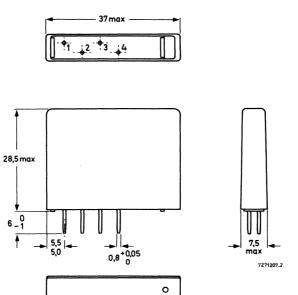


Fig. 1.

## Mass 7 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

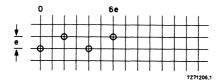


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e=2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $\pm$  5 °C, R.H. = 40 to 60%.

Nominal frequency (f <sub>0</sub> )	4,433619 MHz
Central comb frequency (f <sub>1</sub> )	4,42971 MHz
Lower comb frequency (f_)	3,92971 MHz
Upper comb frequency (f <sub>+</sub> )	4,92971 MHz
Transducer attenuation at fo	18 ± 3 dB
Comb depth at f <sub>1</sub> with respect to f <sub>0</sub> *	≥ 20 dB
Comb depth at f_ and f+ with respect to fo	≥ 10 dB
Phase delay time $( au)$	128 μs
Bandwidth (-3 dB), measured with switch S open	f <sub>o</sub> ± 0,5 MHz
Maximum input voltage (p-p)	10 V
Spurious signals at the output, at $f_0^{**}$ 2 $\tau$ signals with respect to 1 $\tau$ signal	≤ −12 dB

 $2 \tau$  signals with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal other signals with respect to  $1 \tau$  signal

Operating temperature range

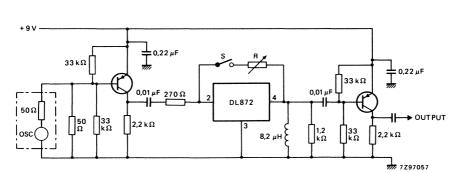


Fig. 3 Test circuit.

- Comb depth is adjusted to a maximum at  $f_1$  by varying direct path resistor R (1,0 to 2,4 k $\Omega$ ).
- Reflections are measured using a 5  $\mu$ s long input pulse.
- Over the whole temperature range the comb depth at  $f_1$  is  $\geq$  15 dB, and at  $f_+$  and  $f_- \geq 8$  dB.

≤-23 dB

+ 10 to + 60 °C



## **DELAY LINE**

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For video recorders to Brazilian PAL-M standard

Nominal frequency

3,575611 MHz

Phase delay time

128 μs

Dimensions

37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

Self-extinguishing properties

#### APPLICATION

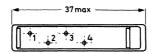
The DL875 is for use in comb filter circuits of PAL-M video recorders.

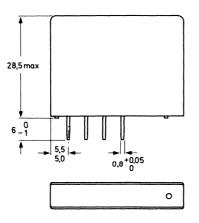
## DESCRIPTION

A very thin slab of zero TC glass provided with a split transducer is shock-proof mounted in a housing with self-extinguishing properties. Four pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines

Dimensions in mm





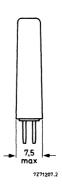


Fig. 1.

## Mass 7 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

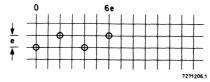


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e=2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Delay line DL875

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $\pm$  5 °C, R.H. = 40 to 60%.

Nominal frequency (f <sub>0</sub> )		3,575611	MHz
Central comb frequency (f <sub>1</sub> )		3,57168	MHz
Lower comb frequency (f_)		3,07605	MHz
Upper comb frequency (f <sub>+</sub> )		4,06731	MHz
Transducer attenuation at f <sub>O</sub>		18 ± 3	dB
Comb depth at f <sub>1</sub> with respect to f <sub>0</sub> *	$\geqslant$	18	dB
Comb depth at f_ and f+ with respect to f <sub>0</sub>	$\geqslant$	10	dB
Phase delay time $( au)$		128	μs
Bandwidth $(-3 \text{ dB})$ , measured with switch S open		f <sub>o</sub> ± 0,5	MHz
Maximum input voltage (p-p)		10	V
Spurious signals at the output, at fo**			
2  au signals with respect to $1  au$ signal	$\leq$	-15	
other signals with respect to 1 $ au$ signal	$\leq$	-20	dB
Operating temperature range ▲		+10 to +60	oC

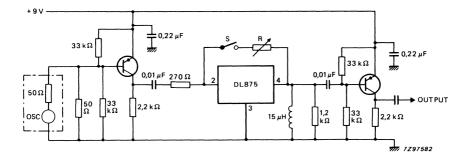


Fig. 3 Test circuit.

- \* Comb depth is adjusted to a maximum at  $f_1$  by varying direct path resistor R (2,0 4,5 k $\Omega$ ).
- \*\* Reflections are measured using a 5 μs long input pulse.
- △ Over the whole temperature range the comb depth at  $f_1$  is  $\geq 15$  dB, and at  $f_+$  and  $f_- \geq 8$  dB.



## **DELAY LINE**

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For video recorders to Argentinian PAL-N standard

Nominal frequency

128 μs

3,582056 MHz

Phase delay time

Dimensions Self-extinguishing properties 37 x 7,5 x 28,5 mm

## **APPLICATION**

The DL876 is for use in comb filter circuits of PAL-N video recorders.

#### DESCRIPTION

A very thin slab of zero TC glass provided with a split transducer is shock-proof mounted in a housing with self-extinguishing properties. Four pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printedwiring board.

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines

Dimensions in mm

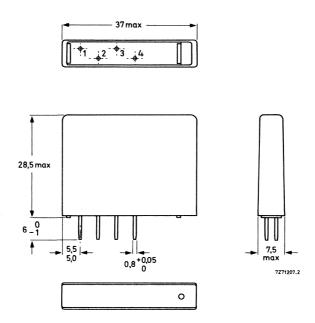


Fig. 1.

## Mass 7 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

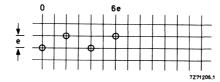


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e=2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $\pm$  5 °C, R.H. = 40 to 60%.

modeling with the enderter right at 20 and 1, which			
Nominal frequency (f <sub>0</sub> )		3,582056	MHz
Central comb frequency (f <sub>1</sub> )		3,57815	MHz
Lower comb frequency (f_)		3,08596	MHz
Upper comb frequency (f <sub>+</sub> )		4,07034	MHz
Transducer attenuation at fo		18 ± 3	dB
Comb depth at f <sub>1</sub> with respect to f <sub>0</sub> *	$\geqslant$	18	dB
Comb depth at f_ and f+ with respect to f <sub>0</sub>	≥	10	dB
Phase delay time $( au)$		128	μs
Bandwidth (-3 dB), measured with switch S open		$f_0 \pm 0.5$	MHz
Maximum input voltage (p-p)		10	V
Spurious signals at the output, at $f_0^{**}$ 2 $\tau$ signals with respect to 1 $\tau$ signal	<b>«</b>	<b>–15</b>	dВ
other signals with respect to 1 $\tau$ signal	<	-20	
Operating temperature range▲		+10 to +60	oC

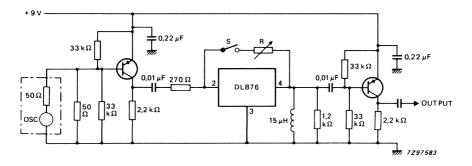


Fig. 3 Test circuit.

- \* Comb depth is adjusted to a maximum at f<sub>1</sub> by varying direct path resistor R (2,0 5,5 k $\Omega$ ).
- \*\* Reflections are measured using a 5  $\mu$ s long input pulse.
- ▲ Over the whole temperature range the comb depth at f<sub>1</sub> is  $\ge$  15 dB, and at f<sub>+</sub> and f<sub>-</sub>  $\ge$  8 dB.



## COMB FILTER

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

For video recorders to European PAL standard

Nominal frequency 4,433619 MHz

Phase delay time 128  $\mu$ s

Dimensions  $37 \times 7.5 \times 28.5 \text{ mm}$ 

Self-extinguishing properties

#### **APPLICATION**

The CF873 is for use in comb filter circuits of PAL video recorders.

## **DESCRIPTION**

A very thin slab of zero TC glass provided with a split transducer is shock-proof mounted in a housing with self-extinguishing properties. The filter incorporates a direct path resistor matched to the glass delay line which gives optimum combing properties. Four pins enable the unit to be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

# MECHANICAL DATA Outlines

Dimensions in mm

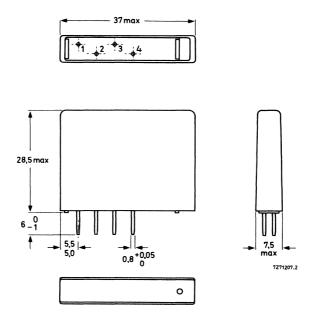


Fig. 1.

Mass

7 g

## Mounting

The unit can be soldered directly onto a printed-wiring board.

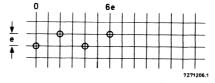


Fig. 2 Recommended hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; e = 2,54 mm. The tolerance on the distances of the different holes to the 0-line is  $\pm$  0,1 mm. Hole diameter is 1,0 + 0,1 mm.

Measured with the circuit of Fig. 3 at 25  $\pm$  5 °C, R.H. = 40 to 60%.

Nominal frequency (f <sub>o</sub> )	4,433619 MHz
Central comb frequency (f <sub>1</sub> )	4,42971 MHz
Lower comb frequency (f_)	3,92971 MHz
Upper comb frequency (f <sub>+</sub> )	4,92971 MHz
Transducer attenuation at fo	18 ± 3 dB
Comb depth at f <sub>1</sub> with respect to f <sub>0</sub>	≥ 20 dB
Comb depth at f_ and f+ with respect to fo	≥ 12 dB
Phase delay time ( $ au$ )	128 μs
Bandwidth (-3 dB), measured with pin 4 disconnected	$f_0 \pm 0.5 \text{ MHz}$
Maximum input voltage (p-p)	10 V
Spurious signals at the output, at fo*	
$2 \tau$ signals with respect to $1 \tau$ signal	≤-18 dB
other signals with respect to 1 $ au$ signal	≤-23 dB
Operating temperature range **	+ 10 to + 60 °C

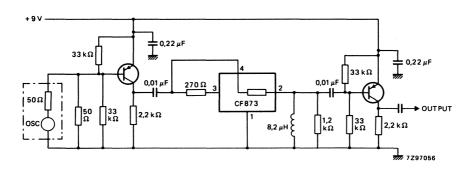


Fig. 3 Test circuit.

- \* Reflections are measured using a 5  $\mu$ s long input pulse.
- \*\* Over the whole temperature range the comb depth at f\_1 is  $\geq$  15 dB, and at f\_+ and f\_  $\geq$  8 dB.



## **DEGAUSSING COILS**



## **DEGAUSSING COILS**

- For 220/240 V mains voltage
- Double insulation

#### APPLICATION

For 14 in and 16 in, 90° colour picture tubes and high resolution data graphic display tubes. One coil asymmetrically mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the tube, in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009, produces a decaying alternating field.

Degaussing coil 3122 138 51860 to be used with 14 in tubes, degaussing coil 3122 138 51850 to be used with 16 in tubes.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The coils of aluminium wire are completely sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; the coil ends are connected to pins in a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971 is available to special order.

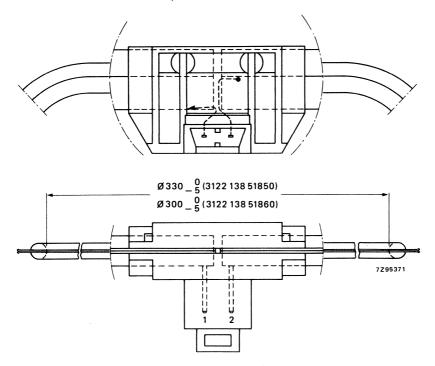


Fig. 1.

## 3122 138 51850 3122 138 51860

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

26,3 Ω ± 10%
$21,7 \Omega \pm 10\%$
107
97
6000 V
6000 V
70 °C

## DEGAUSSING COILS

Single insulation

#### **APPLICATION**

For 26 in, 22 in and 20 in, 110° colour picture tubes. Two coils mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the picture tube produce in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009 a decaying alternating field. The coils have to be connected in such a way that they operate magnetically in series, producing flux lines which flow from the top coil through the picture tube into the bottom coil or vice versa.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The coils are completely double sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; to guarantee mains isolation the coil ends are connected to a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971, is available to special order.

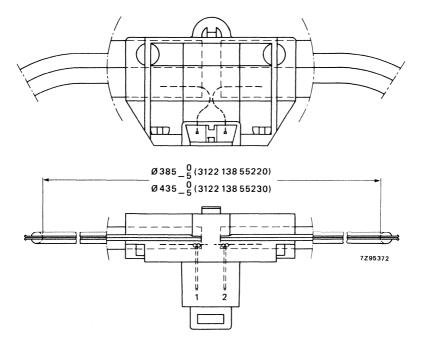


Fig. 1.

## 3122 138 55220 3122 138 55230

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Coil resistance
coil 3122 138 55220 (20, 22 in)
coil 3122 138 55230 (26 in)
Number of turns
coil 3122 138 55220 (20, 22 in)
coil 3122 138 55230 (26 in)
Safety

Maximum working temperature

40
49
52
according to IEC 65.10
and UL1410
70 °C

11,5  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ 8,6  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ 

## DEGAUSSING COIL

- For 117 V and 220/240 V mains voltage
- Single coil
- Single insulation

## **APPLICATION**

For 14 in, 90° colour picture tubes and high resolution data graphic display tubes. One coil asymmetrically mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the tube, in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009, produces a decaying alternating field.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The coil of aluminium wire is completely sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; the coil ends are connected to pins in a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971 is available to special order.

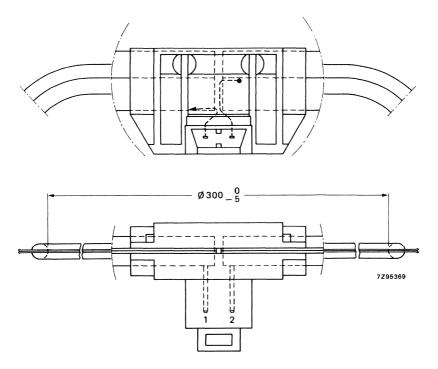


Fig. 1.

## 3122 138 55260

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Coil resistance	14 $\Omega$ ± 10%
Number of turns	134
Test voltage (d.c.)	
between interconnected pins and insulation foil	6000 V
between interconnected pins and holder	6000 V
Maximum working temperature	70 °C

## **DEGAUSSING COIL**

- For 110 V and 220/240 V mains voltage
- Double insulation

#### APPLICATION

For 20 in, 90° colour picture tubes and high resolution data graphic display tubes. Two coils mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the tube, in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009, produce a decaying alternating field.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The coil of aluminium wire is completely sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; the coil ends are connected to pins in a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971 is available to special order.

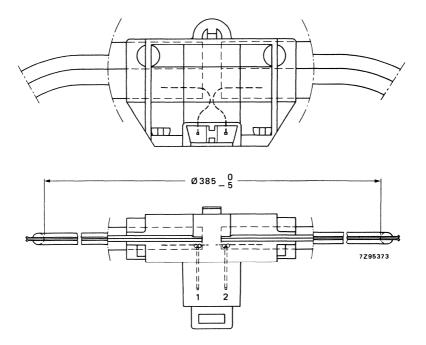


Fig. 1.

Coil resistance

Number of turns

Test voltage (d.c.)

between interconnected pins and insulation foil between interconnected pins and holder

Safety

Maximum working temperature

11,4  $\Omega$  ± 10%

65

6000 V 6000 V

according to IEC 65.10

and UL 1410

70 °C

## **DEGAUSSING COILS**

- For 220/240 V mains voltage
- Coil 3122 138 56070 with single insulation, coil 3122 138 56170 with double insulation

## **APPLICATION**

For 20 in, 90° colour picture tubes and high resolution data graphic display tubes. One coil asymmetrically mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the tube, in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009, produces a decaying alternating field.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The coils of aluminium wire are completely sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; the coil ends are connected to pins in a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971 is available to special order.

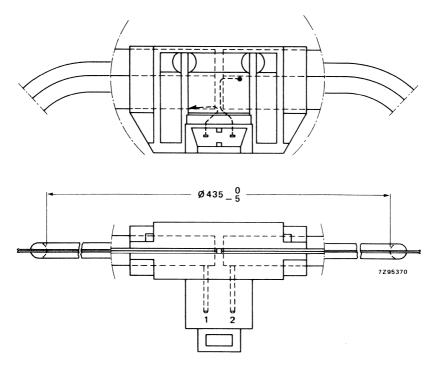


Fig. 1.

# 3122 138 56070 3122 138 56170

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Coil resistance	19,5 $\Omega$ ± 10%
Number of turns	120
Test voltage (d.c.) between interconnected pins and insulation foil between interconnected pins and holder	6000 V 6000 V
Maximum working temperature	70 °C

## **DEGAUSSING COILS**

#### Double insulation

#### APPLICATION

For 26 in, 22 in and 20 in, 110° colour picture tubes. Two coils mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the picture tube produce in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009 a decaying alternating field. The coils have to be connected in such a way that they operate magnetically in series, producing flux lines which flow from the top coil through the picture tube into the bottom coil or vice versa.

## MECHANICAL DATA Dimensions in mm

The coils are completely double sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; to guarantee mains isolation the coil ends are connected to a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971, is available to special order.

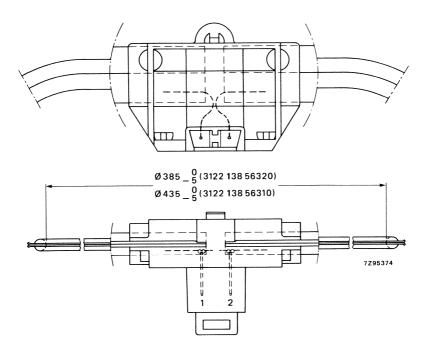


Fig. 1.

Coil resistance
coil 3122 138 56310 (26 in)
coil 3122 138 56320 (20, 22 in)
Number of turns

Number of to	urns	
coil 3122	138 56310	(26 in)
coil 3122	138 56320	(20, 22 in)

8,6 
$$\Omega \pm 10\%$$
  
11,5  $\Omega \pm 10\%$ 

52	
49	
according	to IEC 65.10

70	οС	

and UL1410

# **DEGAUSSING COILS**

- For 220/240 V mains voltage
- Single insulation

## **APPLICATION**

For 14 in and 16 in, 90° colour picture tubes and high resolution data graphic display tubes. One coil asymmetrically mounted on the top and bottom of the cone of the tube, in conjunction with PTC thermistor 2322 662 98009, produces a decaying alternating field.

Degaussing coil 3122 138 99840 to be used with 14 in tubes, degaussing coil 3122 138 99850, to be used with 16 in tubes.

## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The coils of aluminium wire are completely sleeved with a flame-retardent foil; the coil ends are connected to pins in a holder. For connecting the coils to the circuit, a cable, length 40 cm, catalogue number 8222 289 36971, is available to special order.

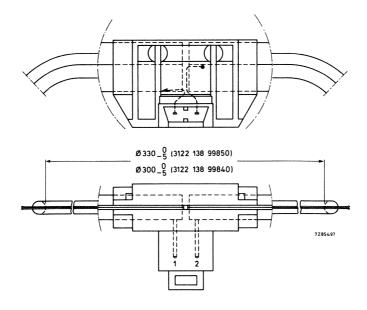
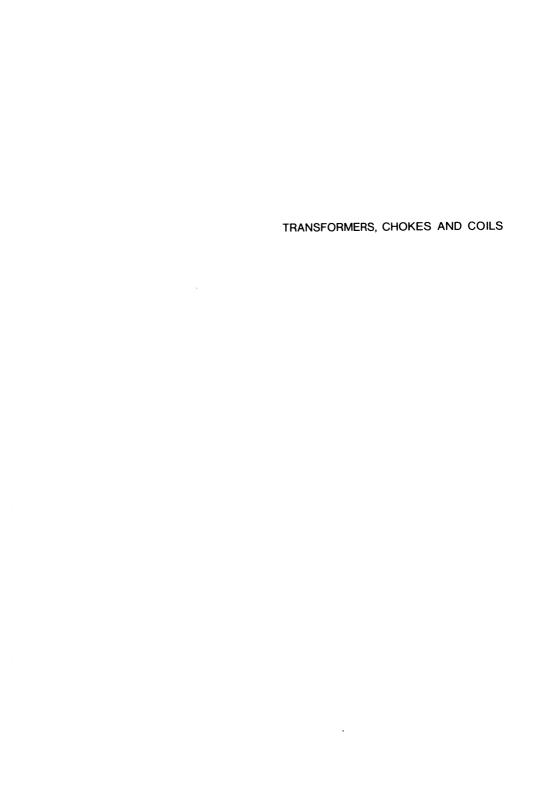


Fig. 1.

# 3122 138 99840 3122 138 99850

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Coil resistance	
coil 3122 138 99840 (14 in)	21,7 Ω ± 10%
coil 3122 138 99850 (16 in)	$26,3 \Omega \pm 10\%$
Number of turns	
coil 3122 138 99840 (14 in)	97
coil 3122 138 99850 (16 in)	107
Test voltage (d.c.)	
between interconnected pins and insulation foil	6000 V
between interconnected pins and holder	6000 V
Maximum working temperature	70 °C





# **DEVELOPMENT DATA**

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice,

# SWITCHED-MODE TRANSFORMER

- Aluminium foil winding
- Mains insulation
- 60 W output power
- 12 V/2 A, 5 V/3,5 A outputs

## **APPLICATION**

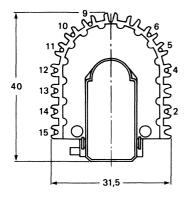
This transformer is for use as a flyback switched-mode transformer for monochrome monitors with mains insulation.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores with a rectangular leg, and a cylindrical leg on which the windings are situated.

The transformer has 11 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



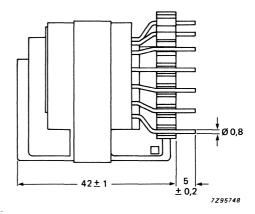


Fig. 1.

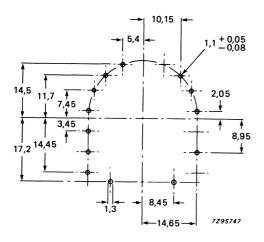


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed wiring board (solder side).

Inductance, primary (4 - 6)\*
Leakage inductance, primary (4 - 6)\*\*
Resistance, primary (4 - 6), at 25 °C
Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C
(15 - 11)
(14 - 10)
(13 - 9)
(2 - 5)

Transformation ratio⁴
(4 - 6)/(15 - 11)

(4 - 6)/(2 - 5)

Test voltage (d.c.) for 1 min
between primary and secondary
between windings and core

Mains insulation

(4 - 6)/(14 - 10)

(4 - 6)/(13 - 9)

Maximum operating temperature

< 0,9 Ω < 0,05 Ω < 0,05 Ω < 0,13 Ω < 0,085 Ω

 $< 45 \, \mu H$ 

1.2 mH ± 10%

17,5 ± 5% 17,5 ± 5% 6,3 ± 5% 13,45 ± 5%

5600 V 500 V

according to IEC 65, 14-3-1a, and UL 1410-1411

115 °C

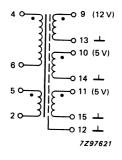


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram. (The screen must be connected to the secondary ground.)

<sup>\*</sup> At f = 1 kHz, I ≥ 100 mA.

<sup>\*\*</sup> At  $f \ge 100$  kHz, (13 - 9) short-circuited.

At V<sub>4-6</sub> = 1 V, f = 1 kHz.

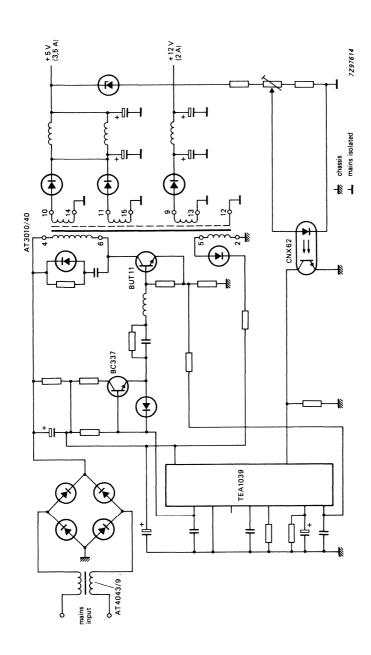


Fig. 4 Application circuit.



# **DEVELOPMENT DATA**

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# SWITCHED-MODE TRANSFORMER

- · Aluminium foil winding
- Mains insulation
- 55 W output power
- 105 V/0,4 A, 25 V/1 A, 15 V/0,6 A, 6 V/1 A outputs

## **APPLICATION**

This transformer is for use as a flyback switched-mode transformer for  $90^{\circ}$  colour TV receivers and colour monitors with mains insulation.

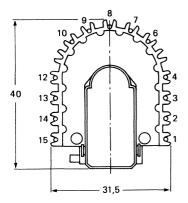
It can be used in conjunction with line output transformer AT2079 (Micro slot).

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores with a rectangular leg, and a cylindrical leg on which the windings are situated.

The transformer has 13 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



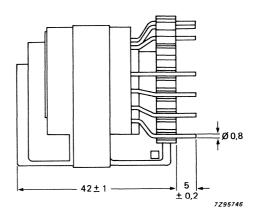


Fig. 1.

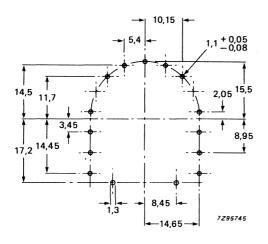


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed wiring board (solder side).

Inductance, primary (10 - 9)\*

Leakage inductance, primary (10 - 9)\*\*

Resistance, primary (10 - 9), at 25 °C

Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C

(12 - 3)

(15 - 2)

(13 - 14)

Transformation ratio

(10 - 9)/(12 - 3)

(10 - 9)/(15 - 2)

(10 - 9)/(13 - 1)

(10 - 9)/(13 - 14)

(10 - 9)/(8 - 6) (10 - 9)/(6 - 7)

Test voltage (d.c.) for 1 min between primary and secondary

between windings and core

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

1,15 mH ± 10%

≤ 55 μH

 $< 1 \Omega$ 

< 0,18  $\Omega$ 

< 0,06  $\Omega$ 

< 1 Ω

4,55 ± 5%

12,1 ± 5%

7,2 ± 5%

1,1 ± 5%

17 ± 5%

6,2 ± 5%

5600 V 500 V

according to IEC 65,

14-3-1a, and UL 1410-1411

115 °C

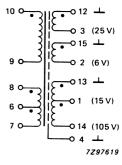


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

(The screen must be connected to the secondary ground.)

<sup>\*</sup> At f = 1 kHz, I ≥ 100 mA.

<sup>\*\*</sup> At  $f \ge 100$  kHz, (13 - 14) short-circuited.

V<sub>10-9</sub> = 1 V, f = 1 kHz.

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# SWITCHED-MODE TRANSFORMER

- · Aluminium foil winding
- Mains insulation
- 120 W or 70 W\* output power
- 145 V/0,4 A, 25 V/0,25 A, 25 V/1 A, 15 V/0,6 A, 8 V/1 A outputs

# **APPLICATION**

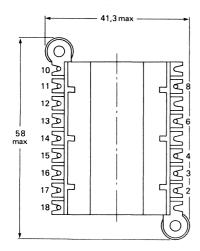
This transformer is for use as a flyback switched-mode transformer for 90° and 110° colour TV receivers and colour monitors with mains insulation.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube ETD-cores with a rectangular leg, and a cylindrical leg on which the windings are situated.

The transformer has 14 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



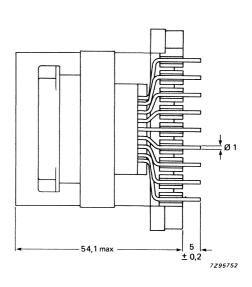


Fig. 1.

<sup>\*</sup>At mains input voltage 90 to 264 V

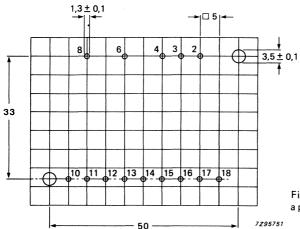


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed wiring board (solder side).

Inductance, primary (6 - 8)\*

Maximum current, primary (6 - 8)

Leakage inductance, primary (6 - 8)\*\*

Resistance, primary (6 - 8), at 25 °C

Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C

(11 - 18)

(10 - 15)

(12 - 14)

Transformation ratio<sup>♠</sup>

(8 - 6)/(11 - 18)

(8 - 6)/(10 - 15)

(8 - 6)/(12 - 16)

(8 - 6)/(12 - 14)

(8 - 6)/(2 - 4)

(8 - 6)/(4 - 3)

Test voltage (d.c.) for 1 min

between primary and secondary

between windings and core

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

1,08 mH ± 10%

3 A

≤ 55 μH

< 0,6 Ω

< 0,06  $\Omega$ 

< 0,05  $\Omega$ 

< 0,3  $\Omega$ 

9.1 ± 5%

. 25 ± 5%

14,4 ± 5%

1.7 ± 5%

17 ± 5%

11,6 ± 5%

5600 V

500 V

according to IEC 65,

14-3-1a, and UL 1410-1411

115 °C

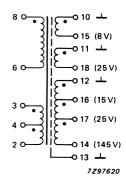


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram. (The screen must be connected to the secondary ground.)

<sup>\*</sup> At f = 1 kHz, I ≥ 100 mA.

<sup>\*\*</sup> At f ≥ 100 kHz, (12 - 14) short-circuited.

At  $V_{6-8} = 1 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ kHz.}$ 

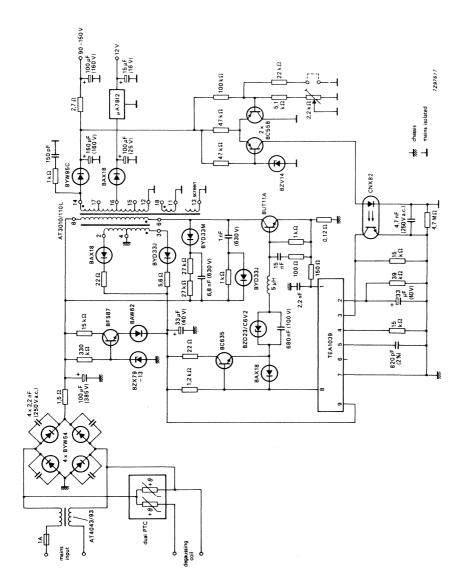


Fig. 4 Application circuit; 220/240 V mains input, 120 W output power.

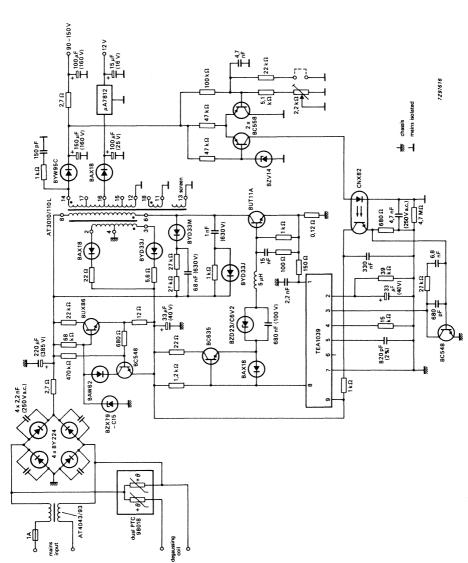


Fig. 5 Application circuit; 90 - 264 V mains input, 70 W output power.

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# SWITCHED-MODE TRANSFORMER

- · Aluminium foil winding
- Mains insulation
- 120 W output power
- 145 V/0,4 A, 105 V/0,4 A, 25 V/0,11 A, 18 V/0,7 A, 8 V/0,2 A outputs

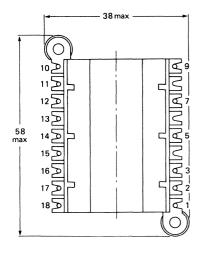
## **APPLICATION**

This transformer is for use as a flyback switched-mode transformer for 90° and 110° colour TV receivers and colour monitors with mains insulation.

MECHANICAL DATA Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube ETD-cores with a rectangular leg and a cylindrical leg on which the windings are situated.

The transformer has 15 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



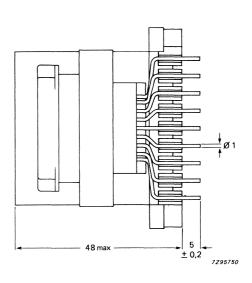


Fig. 1.

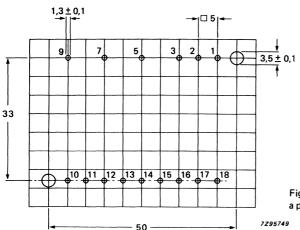


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed wiring board (solder side).

Inductance, primary (7 - 5)\*

Leakage inductance, primary (7 - 5)\*\*

Resistance, primary (7 - 5), at 25 °C

Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C

(10 - 12)

(11 - 12)

(13 - 18)

(14 - 17)

Transformation ratio

(7 - 5)/(3 - 2)

(7 - 5)/(2 - 1)(7 - 5)/(12 - 16)

(7 - 5)/(12 - 11)

(7 - 5)/(12 - 10)

(7 - 5)/(14 - 17)

(7 - 5)/(13 - 18)

Test voltage (d.c.) for 1 min between primary and secondary between windings and core

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

1.7 mH ± 10%

 $< 65 \, \mu H$ 

< 0,7  $\Omega$ 

< 0,3  $\Omega$ 

 $< 0.4 \Omega$ 

 $\Omega$  80,0 >

< 0,05 Ω

14.5 ± 5%

24.1 ± 5% 11,9 ± 5%

2,2 ± 5%

1,6 ± 5%

23,5 ± 5%

8,7 ± 5%

5600 V

500 V

according to IEC 65,

14-3-1a, and UL 1410-1411

115 °C

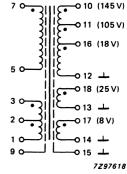


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

(The screen must be connected to the secondary ground.)

At f = 1 kHz,  $I \ge 100 \text{ mA}$ .

At f ≥ 100 kHz, (10 - 12) short-circuited.

At  $V_{7.5} = 1 V$ , f = 1 kHz.

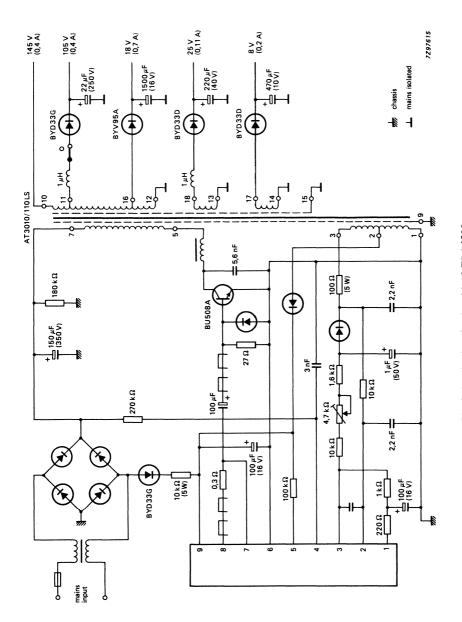


Fig. 4 Application circuit, with IC TDA4600.



# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays

#### APPLICATION

For drive of 1500 V transistors in line deflection and power supply circuits.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U15 cores, grade 3C8. The transformer has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board, and a reference pin.

## **Outlines**

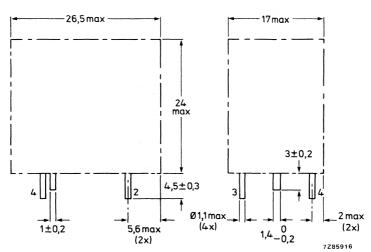


Fig. 1.

## Mounting

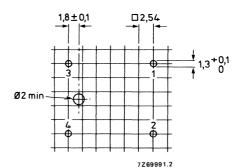


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side).

March 1984

Inductance, L <sub>2-1</sub>	140 mH ± 15%*	
Resistance, R <sub>2-1</sub> , at 25 °C	26,5 $\Omega$ ± 12%	20-31-04
Leakage inductance, L <sub>3-4</sub>	7,8 μH**	3 [~
Maximum permissible current, I <sub>2-1</sub> (peak value)	40 mA	10-3
Resistance, R <sub>4-3</sub> , at 25 °C	$0.29~\Omega~\pm~12\%$	7 Z 8 5 9 1 7
Voltage ratio, $V_{2-1}/V_{4-3}$ , at $V_{2-1} = 1 \text{ V}$ , 1 kHz	15 ± 5%	
Test voltage (d.c.) between the windings, and between windings and core	2000 V	Fig. 3.
Ambient temperature range operating	−25 to + 100 °C	
storage	-40 to + 115 °C	
Inflammability	according to UL94 V-1	

# The transformer withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68	procedure
	test metriod	
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Са	21 days, 40 °C, 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	$230 \pm 10$ °C, $2 \pm 0.5$ s

# Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures	
after 300 h	≤ 0,01%
after 10 000 h	≤ 0,02%
after 30 000 h	≤ 1%

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 9 V, 1 kHz.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Primary 2-1 short-circuited.

# **EAST/WEST CHOKE**

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays

# **APPLICATION**

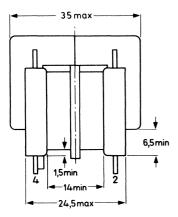
The AT4043/08A is for use as an east/west choke in colour monitors.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the choke comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**

Dimensions in mm



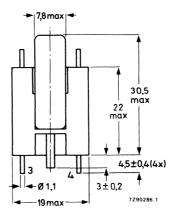


Fig. 1.

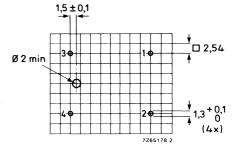


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side).

Inductance, L<sub>2·3</sub>\*
Resistance, R<sub>2·3</sub>\*, at 25 °C
Maximum current (peak value)

Maximum working temperature

 $\geqslant$  2 mH; typ. 2,6 mH 0,5  $\Omega$ 

0,7 A 115 °C

Fig. 3.

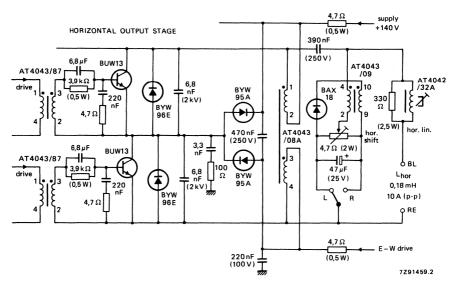


Fig. 4 Application circuit.

<sup>\*</sup> Terminals 1 and 4 interconnected.

# The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30/min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, 40 °C; 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, +100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Ta	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

# Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage	e catastrophic failures
after 300 h	≤ 0,01%
after 10 000 h	≤ 0,02%
after 30 000 h	≤ 1%



# UNIVERSAL HORIZONTAL SHIFT TRANSFORMER

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays

# APPLICATION

This shift transformer is for use in colour data graphic display monitors.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores, grade 3C8. The transformer has 10 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**

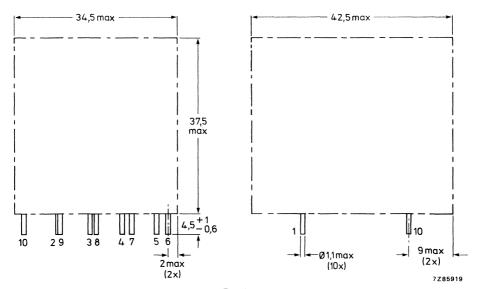
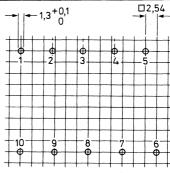


Fig. 1.

## Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).



#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, L<sub>5-1</sub>\*
Resistance, R<sub>5-1</sub>, at 25 °C
Resistance, R<sub>10-6</sub>, at 25 °C
Voltage ratio\*

V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>2-1</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>3-1</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>4-1</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>7-6</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>8-6</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>9-6</sub>
V<sub>5-1</sub>/V<sub>10-6</sub>
Test voltage (d.c.) of winding 1-5
to winding 6-10 and core, for 1 min

to winding 6-10 and core, for 1 min
Test voltage (d.c.) between winding 6-10
and core, for 1 min
Ambient temperature range
operating
storage
Inflammability

 $150 \text{ mH} \pm 15\% \\ 7,8 \Omega \pm 10\% \\ 0,23 \Omega \pm 10\% \\ 3,2 \pm 5\% \\ 2,1 \pm 5\% \\ 1,5 \pm 5\% \\ 128,8 \pm 5\% \\ 73,6 \pm 5\% \\ 57,2 \pm 5\% \\ 2000 V$ 

Fig. 3.

-25 to + 100 °C

2000 V

-40 to + 115 °C according to UL94 V-1

## The transformer withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, 40 °C, 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

#### Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

after 300 h

after 10 000 h

after 30 000 h

≤ 0,02%

after 30 000 h

\* Measured at  $V_{5-1} = 5 \text{ V}$ , 1 kHz.

# INPUT CHOKE

- For 110 O deflection colour TV in twin switch power pack system
- For 30 V/2 A audio power
- Mains insulation

# **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/16A is for use as a supply choke in the twin switch power pack system (TSP²) for 110° colour TV receivers and colour monitors. It is used in conjunction with mains transformer TS561/2 or TS521B, mains filter choke AT4043/55, current sensing transformer AT4043/46, driver transformer AT4043/17 and diode-split line output transformer AT2077/82.

The secondary winding of the choke can be used for generating the stereo audio power in  $110^{\circ}$  colour TV receivers, up to  $2 \times 15$  W.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube E42 cores, grade 3C8. The choke has 11 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**

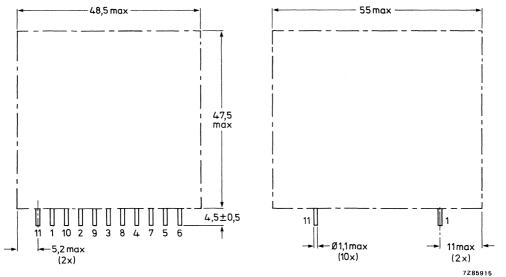


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

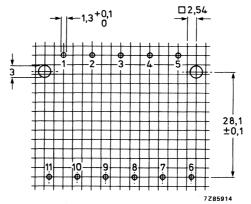


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (solder side).

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, L <sub>1.4</sub> *	14 mH ± 10%
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub>	0,44 Ω ± 12%
Resistance, R <sub>2-4</sub>	0,98 Ω ± 12%
Resistance, R <sub>7-8</sub>	$68~\text{m}\Omega~\pm~12\%$
Resistance, R9-10	$68~\text{m}\Omega~\pm~12\%$
Turns ratio 1-4/7-8	27,7 ± 5%
orns ratio 1-4/9-10	27,7 ± 5%
Test voltage (d.c.) of winding 1-4 to winding 7-10	
and core for 1 min	5600 V
Test voltage (d.c.) of winding 7-10 to core for 1 min	500 V
Maximum operating temperature	115 °C
Inflammability	according to UL94 V-1

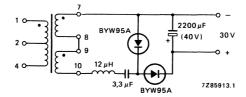


Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 17,2 V, 1 kHz.

The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, 40 °C, 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	$230 \pm 10 {}^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $2 \pm 0.5  \text{s}$

# Reliability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{after 300 h} & & \leqslant 0,01\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & & \leqslant 0,02\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & & \leqslant 1\% \\ \end{array}$ 



# DRIVER TRANSFORMER

- For 1100 deflection colour TV in twin single switch power pack system
- Mains insulation

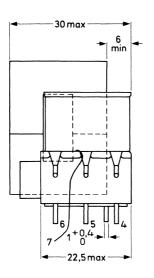
## **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/17 is for use as a power supply and line driver transformer in the twin switch power pack system (TSP<sup>2</sup>) for 110<sup>o</sup> colour TV receivers and colour monitors. It is used in conjunction with mains transformer TS561/2 or TS5621B, mains filter choke AT4043/55, current sensing transformer AT4043/46, input choke AT4043/16A and diode-split line output transformer AT2077/82.

# MECHANICAL DATA Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores, grade 3C8. The primary and secondary windings are wound in a two-part coil former with large creepage distances and clearances, which ensure safe insulation between the mains and control circuits. The transformer has six pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board, and one lead (connecting point 7).

## Outlines



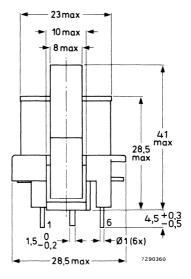
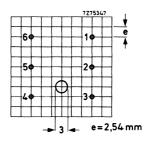


Fig. 1.

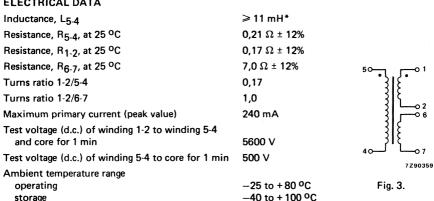
# Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side); hole diameter is 1,3 + 0,1 mm.



according to UL94 V-1

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**



The transformer withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 400 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, 40 °C, 93%, R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, +85 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
Solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

## Reliability

storage Inflammability

Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures

after 300 h	≤ 0,01%
after 10 000 h	≤ 0,02%
after 30 000 h	≤ 1%

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 4,4 V, 1 kHz.

# LINE DRIVER/D.C. SHIFT TRANSFORMER

## APPLICATION

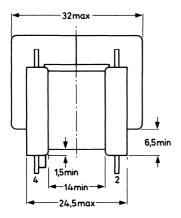
This line driver, or d.c. shift, transformer, is for all transistor colour television receivers and monochrome data graphic display monitors.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores, grade 3C8. The transformer has four connecting pins and a location pin for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

# **Outlines**



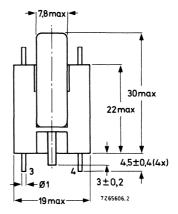


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

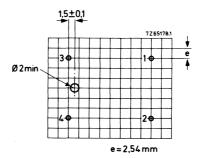
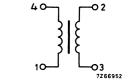


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board, hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm.

370 mH  $\pm$  12% 14  $\mu$ H  $\pm$  20% 0,35  $\Omega$  31 : 1 100 °C

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance primary (1-4)	
Leakage inductance secondary (2-3)*	
Resistance secondary (2-3) at 25 °C	
Transformation ratio 4-1/2-3	
Maximum working temperature	



<sup>\*</sup> Primary short circuited.

# SWITCHED-MODE DRIVER TRANSFORMER with mains isolation

## APPLICATION

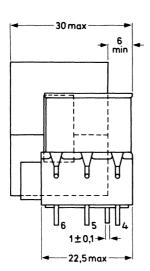
The transformer AT4043/45 has been designed for use as a driver transformer in the synchronous power pack system for colour tv receivers with mains isolation. It is used in conjunction with current sensing transformer AT4043/46 and mains transformer TS561/2.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U20-cores. Two separate coil formers guarantee the required isolation between primary and secondary. The transformer is provided with 6 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**



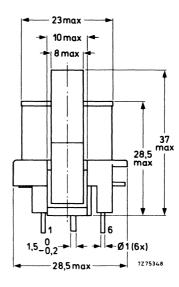
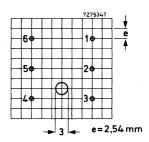


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

Fig.2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.



# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, primary	(4 - 6)	≥ 16 mH *	
Resistance at 25 °C	(4 6)	$2 \Omega \pm 12\%$	
Leakage inductance, secondary	(1 - 3)	≤ 6 μH **	40-1 [-01
Resistance at 25 °C	(1 - 3)	$0.05~\Omega~\pm~12\%$	318
Turns ratio		5 : 1	318
Mains isolation		acc. to IEC 65	60-1 1-03
Maximum working temperature		115 °C	7Z75346.1
•		7	Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring condition: E = 8 V, f = 1 kHz.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measuring condition (primary short-circuited):  $E \le 250 \text{ mV}$ , 0,9 MHz  $\le f \le 1,1 \text{ MHz}$ .

# CURRENT SENSING TRANSFORMER with mains isolation

#### APPLICATION

The transformer AT4043/46 has been designed for use as a sensing transformer in switched-mode power supply circuits.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U15-cores. The primary turn is potted in the coil former to guarantee the required isolation. The transformer is provided with 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

Outlines Dimensions in mm

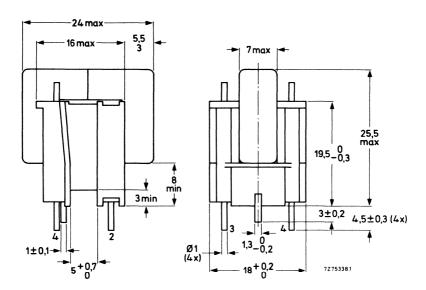
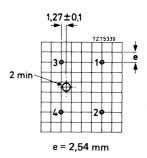


Fig.1

## Mounting

Fig.2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.



## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, secondary (3 - 4)  $\geqslant$  700 mH \*

Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C (3 - 4) 65  $\Omega$  ± 12%

Turns ratio 1 : 800

Mains isolation acc. to IEC 65

Maximum working temperature 115 °C



## Fig.3

# **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

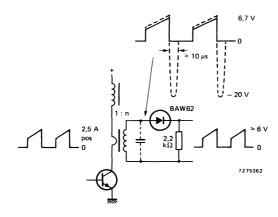


Fig. 4.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring condition: E = 10 V, f = 1 kHz.

# **CURRENT SENSING TRANSFORMER**

with mains isolation

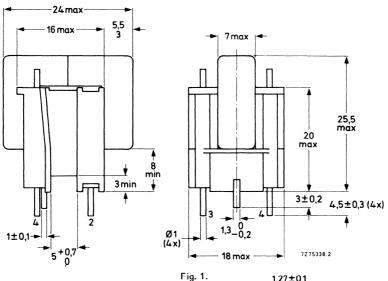
#### **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/47 is a current sensing transformer in professional switched-mode power supply circuits. It can also be used as a measuring device in many applications.

## MECHANICAL DATA Dimensions in mm

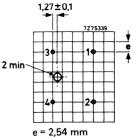
The ungapped magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U15-cores in grade 3C8. The primary turn is potted in the coil former to guarantee the required isolation. The transformer is provided with 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### Outlines



## Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.



Inductance, secondary

(4 - 3)

≥ 12,5 mH\*

Resistance, secondary, at 25 °C

(4 - 3)

 $1 \Omega \pm 12\%$ 

Number of turns

1 prim., 100 sec.

Mains isolation at 5600 V d.c. Maximum working temperature acc. to IEC 435

115 °C

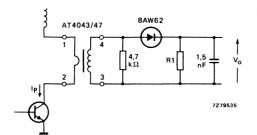
7275340

Inflammability

acc. to UL94V-1

Fig. 3.

#### **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**



R1 tp droop Ω % 20 10 1 10 3 22 20 5 2,5 1 39 20 10 2,5 1 10 39 5

typical values

Fig. 4.

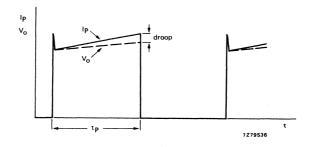


Fig. 5.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring condition: E = 1,3 V; f = 1 kHz.

# The transformer withstands the following tests:

test	IEC68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 40g, 6 directions
vibration	Fc	freq. 10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,75 mm, 6 directions 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days 40 °C; 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, +125 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	16 h + 125 °C
solderability	Т	$230 \pm 10$ °C, $2 \pm 0.5$ s



# THYRISTOR TRIGGER AND TRANSISTOR DRIVER TRANSFORMERS

Mains isolation

#### APPLICATION

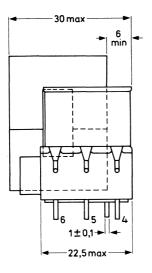
These transformers have been designed for use as thyristor and triac trigger transformers in professional applications where highly reliable primary to secondary voltage isolation is required, and as transistor driver transformers typically for use in switched-mode power supplies.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuits of the transformers comprise two Ferroxcube U20 cores in grade 3C8. Type AT4043/48 is ungapped, type AT4043/63 has two 60  $\mu$ m gap spacers. The primary and secondary windings are wound on a two-part coil former with large creepage and clearance distances which ensure very safe isolation between mains and control circuits. The transformers are provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**



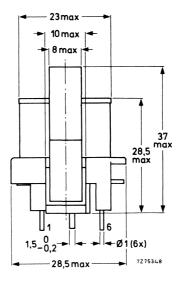
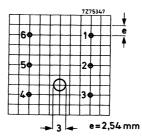


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.





# **ELECTRICAL DATA** (see Fig. 3)

	AT4043/48	AT4043/63
Inductance primary * $(4-6)$	≥ 6 mH	≥ 1,9 mH
Resistance at 25 $^{\circ}$ C (4 – 6)	0,9 Ω ± 12%	$0.9 \Omega \pm 12\%$
Inductance, secondary $(1-3)$	0,66 mH	0,22 mH
Resistance at 25 $^{\circ}$ C (1 - 3)	0,05 Ω ± 12%	0,05 $\Omega$ ± 12%
Leakage inductance primary, secondary short-circuited **	≤ 60 μH	ł
Leakage inductance secondary, primary short-circuited **	≤ 6 μH	
Turns ratio 4-6/3-1	3/1	
*faximum Et product	1 mWb	
Maximum primary current (r.m.s.) for non-simultaneous switching	1 A	
Test voltage (d.c.) of winding 1-3 to winding 4-6 and core for 1 min	5600 V	
Test voltage (d.c.) of winding 4-6 to core for 1 mm	500 V	
Ambient temperature range operating storage		+80 °C +100 °C
Inflammability	acc. to UL94 V-1	

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring condition: E = 1,5 V, f = 1 kHz.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measuring condition: E  $\leq$  250 mV; 0,8 MHz  $\leq$  f  $\leq$  1 MHz.

#### Environmental tests

The transformers withstand the following tests:

test	IEC68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 40g, 6 directions
vibration	Fc	freq. 10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,75 mm 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Ca	21 days, 40 °C, 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	–25 °C, +125 °C, 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	16 h, +125 °C
solderability	Т	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

## **APPLICATION CIRCUITS**

Type AT4043/48 used as a thyristor trigger transformer. This transformer is suitable for triggering all our thyristors and triacs.

# Typical operating conditions:

Rise time	≤ 0,5 μs
Pulse duration	15 μs
Duty factor	0,25
Trigger peak current	750 mA

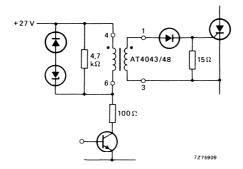


Fig. 4 Typical circuit.

Type AT4043/48 or type AT4043/63 as a transistor driver transformer.

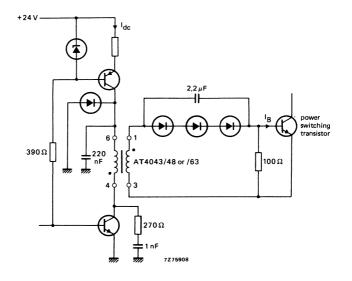


Fig. 5 Typical circuit.

# Typical operating conditions:

AT4043/48 frequency kHz	I <sub>dc</sub>	I <sub>B1</sub>	I <sub>B2</sub> A
20	160	0,9	0,4
50	230	1,0	0,7
AT4043/63 frequency kHz	I <sub>dc</sub> mA	I <sub>B1</sub>	I <sub>B2</sub>
20	310	1,5	1,0
50	290	1,2	1,0

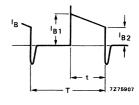


Fig. 6  $\frac{t}{T}$  = 0,4.

3112 338 30660

# POWER PACK SYSTEM SUPPLY CHOKE

#### For Colour Television

#### APPLICATION

The DT4043/52A is for use as a supply choke in a power pack system for colour TV receivers. It is used in conjunction with mains transformer TS61/2, mains filter choke AT4043/55, current sensing transformer AT4043/46, line choke AT4043/53 and synchronous power pack transformer AT2076/70A.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores, grade 3C8. The choke has 10 pins ( $\phi$ 1 + 0,1 mm, length 4,5  $\pm$  0,5 mm) for mounting on a printed-wiring board. The maximum height of the choke is 36 mm.

## Mounting

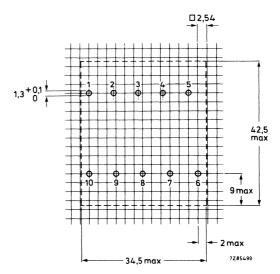


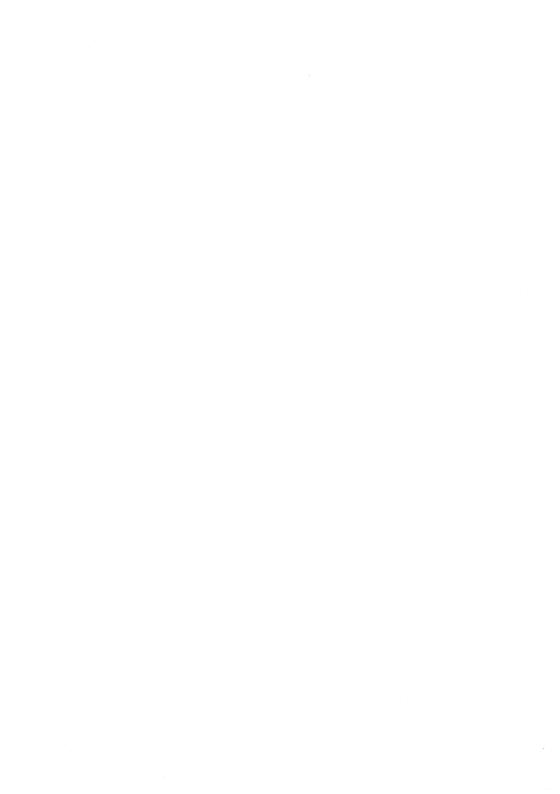
Fig. 1 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board, viewed from the solder side.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, L8-2 Resistance, R8-2 Maximum peak current Maximum working temperature Flammability 9 mH ± 10% 2,3 Ω ± 12% 1,4 A 115 °C

according to UL94, category V-1





# POWER PACK SYSTEM LINE CHOKE

for colour television

## **APPLICATION**

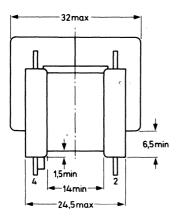
The AT4043/53 has been designed for use as a line choke in a power pack system in conjunction with mains transformer TS561/2, power pack transformer AT2076/70A, etc. (see data on relevant transformer).

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the line choke comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The unit is provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**



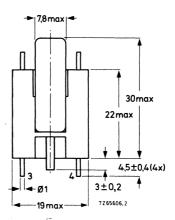


Fig. 1. -/

## Mounting

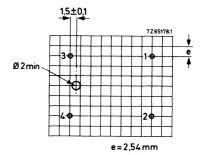


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board, viewed from component side. Hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance (1-2)*	12 mH ± 10%
Resistance (1-2)	9,2 $\Omega$ ± 10%
Maximum peak current (1-2)	525 mA
Turns ratio 1-3/1-2	0,32
Maximum working temperature	115 °C
Inflammability	UL94V-1
Corona test voltage at 70 kHz	1700 V peak

With the choke connected in the line timebase circuit with deflection unit AT1270, AT1260 or AT1250:

Deflection current p-p

BU205 or BU208A

Flyback time

V<sub>CEM</sub> 1000 V I<sub>C</sub> 1,7 A

2.85 A

11,6 µs



Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring condition: E = 1 V, f = 1 kHz.

## **APPLICATION CIRCUITS**

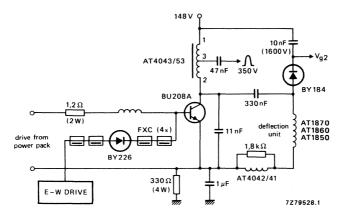


Fig. 4 Circuit for 1100 deflection.

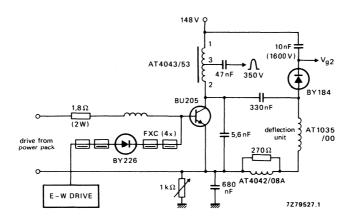


Fig. 5 Circuit for 900 deflection.



# MAINS FILTER CHOKE FOR 1,5 A rms

#### **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/55 has been designed for use in consumer and professional equipment as part of the filter network in the power supply.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores. The unit is provided with four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

Outlines Dimensions in mm

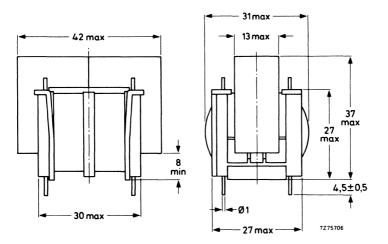
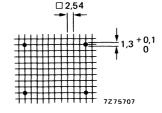


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board. Viewed from the solder side. The windings may be interchanged because the coil is symmetrical.



## Marking

The catalogue number is printed on the Ferroxcube core.

Inductance, L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	≥ 25 mH
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub> , at 25 °C	0,5 Ω
Leakage inductance	
L <sub>s(1-2)</sub> , L <sub>3-4</sub> short-circuited	0,65 mH
L <sub>s</sub> (3-4), L <sub>1-2</sub> short-circuited	0,65 mH
Capacitance	37 pF
Maximum current (r.m.s.)	2 A
Maximum working temperature	115 °C



Fig. 3.

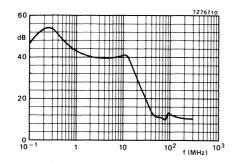


Fig. 4 Insertion loss measured in the 60  $\Omega$  circuit of Fig. 5.

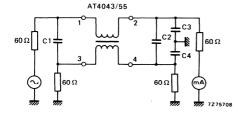


Fig. 5 C1 = C3 = C4 = 2200 pF, 250 V. C2 = 0,47 
$$\mu$$
F, 250 V.

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

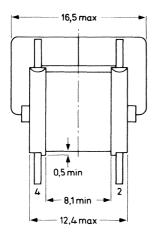
#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed for use in monochrome monitors. The required supply voltage is 12 V. The transformer is used in conjunction with deflection unit AT1071/03 or AT1074, line-output transformer AT2102/02, and linearity control unit AT4036/00A.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The unit is provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



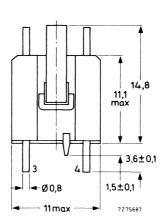
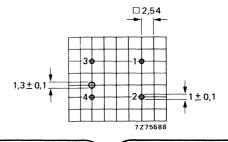


Fig. 1 Line driver transformer AT4043/56.

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side).



Inductance (primary, 1-2)

5,8 mH ± 15%

Inductance (secondary)

≤ 10 μH

Transformation ratio

4:1

Maximum operating temperature

95 °C



Application circuit

Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

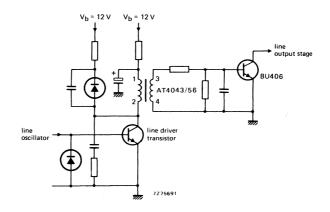


Fig. 4.

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

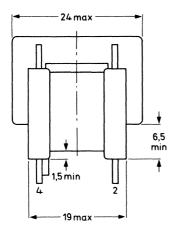
## **APPLICATION**

This transformer has been designed for use in monochrome monitors. The required supply voltage is 24 V. The transformer is used in conjunction with deflection unit AT1038/40A, line-output transformer AT2102/04C and linearity control unit AT4042/08A.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The unit is provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



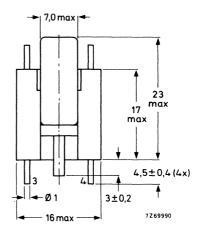


Fig. 1 Line driver transformer AT4043/59.

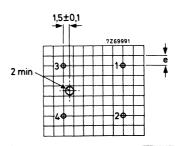


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side). Hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. e = 2,54 mm (0,1 in).

Transformation ratio

**Application circuit** 

Inductance (primary, 1-2)

Leakage inductance (secondary)

Maximum operating temperature

6,1 mH

 $12 \mu H \pm 15\%$ 

4,18:1

95 °C



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

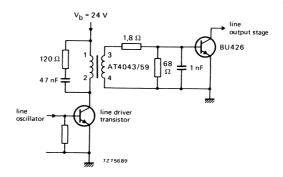


Fig. 4.

# E/W INJECTION COIL

• For colour Television

## **APPLICATION**

This injection coil is for the line deflection output stage of the 45AX system.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the injection coil comprises two Ferroxcube U15-cores. The coil has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**

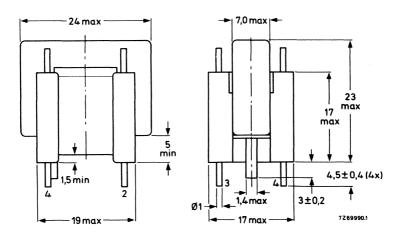


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

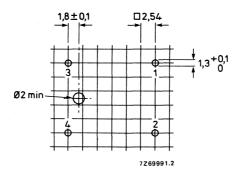


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side).

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance *	15 mH ± 12%	10
Resistance	max. 3 $\Omega$	31
Maximum current (r.m.s. value)	1,2 A	الإ
Maximum working temperature	100 °C	4 O—— O 7Z78412

Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring conditions: E = 3,3 V; f = 1000 Hz.

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed for use in monochrome monitors. The required supply voltage is 12 V. The transformer is used in conjunction with deflection unit AT1071/03, line-output transformer AT2102/02, and linearity control unit AT4036/00A.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The unit is provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

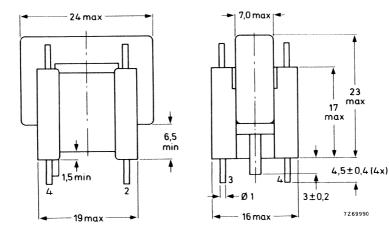


Fig. 1 Line driver transformer AT4043/64.

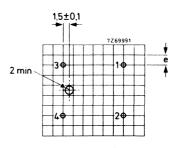


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side). Hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. e = 2,54 mm (0,1 in).

Inductance (primary, 1-2)

1,2 mH

Leakage inductance (secondary)
Transformation ratio

5 μH ± 10%

Maximum operating temperature

2 : 1 95 °C



# **Application circuit**

Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

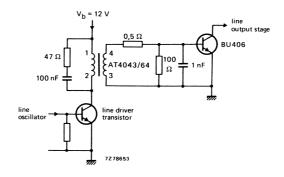


Fig. 4.

# DYNAMIC FOCUSING TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### APPLICATION

This transformer has been designed to improve the overall picture sharpness of the CRT. It is applied in series with the line coils of the deflection unit to generate a voltage which is fed to the focus electrode.

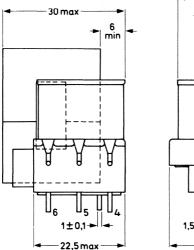
#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U20-cores, grade 3C8. The primary and secondary windings are wound on a two-part coil former.

The transformer is provided with 6 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**



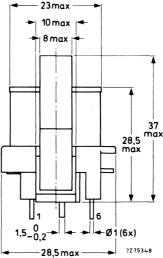


Fig. 1.

## Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, secondary (1-3)\*

Resistance, primary (4-6), at 23 °C

Resistance, secondary (1-3), at 23 °C

Voltage ratio E<sub>1-3</sub>/E<sub>4-6</sub>\*\*

Maximum permissible current (r.m.s. value)

primary (4-6) secondary (1-3)

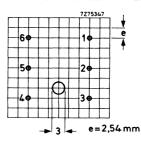
Mains isolation

Breakdown voltage

between winding 1-3 and winding 4-6 or core

between winding 4-6 and core

Maximum working temperature



7275346.1

Fig. 3.

≥1 H

≤0,05 Ω

≤ 44 Ω

60,75 ± 5%

3 A

0,125 A

according to IEC 65

≥ 5600 V (d.c.) ≥ 500 V (d.c.)

115 °C

**Application circuit** 

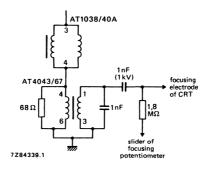


Fig. 4 Application circuit for use with deflection unit AT1038/40A.

- \* Measuring condition: E = 20 V, f = 1 kHz.
- \*\* Measuring condition:  $E_{1-3} = 5 \text{ V, f} = 1 \text{ kHz.}$

# **TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS**

The dynamic focusing transformer withstands the following tests.

IEC 68-2 test method	name of test	procedure (quick reference)
Ua1	Tensile strength of terminations	
Ub (method 1)	Bending of terminations	
Fc	Vibration	Frequency range 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min per direction.
Eb	Bump	1000 bumps in 6 directions, acceleration 25 g.
Ea	Shock	Half-sine pulse shape, 11 ms, 50g, 6 directions, 3 shocks per direction.
Ta (method 1)	Soldering	Solder temp. 230 °C, dwell time 2 s.
Tb (method 1A)	Resistance to soldering heat	
Bb	Dry heat	96 h at + 100 °C.
Db	Damp heat, cyclic	21 cycles of 24 h at + 40 °C, R.H. 95%.
Ab	Cold	96 h at40 °C.
Ca	Damp heat, steady state	21 days.
Na	Rapid change of temperature	5 cycles of -25 °C/+ 100 °C.
	Flammability	UAN-L1082, class b.



# **BRIDGE COIL**

#### APPLICATION

The AT4043/68 is designed for the horizontal deflection output stage of  $110^{0}$  and  $90^{0}$  colour deflection systems. It is used in conjunction with the three-layer diode-split line output transformer AT2076/51, AT2076/81 or AT2077/81.

# MECHANICAL DATA (Dimensions in mm)

The coil is wound on a combination of two Ferroxcube U15-cores. It has four termination pins for mounting through a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**

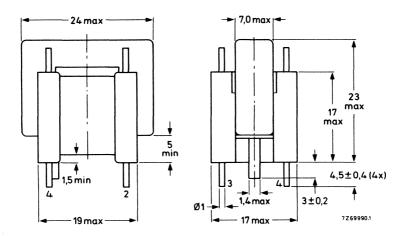


Fig. 1.

## Mounting

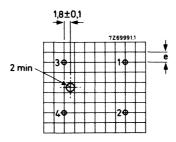


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side). Hole diameter 1,3+0,1 mm. e=2,54 mm (0,1 in).

Inductance\*

Resistance

Maximum peak-to-peak voltage Maximum peak-to-peak current

Maximum working temperature

0,52 mH ± 10%

max. 0,6  $\Omega$ 

800 V

2,9 A 100 °C 20-0 0 7Z65969.1

Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring conditions: E = 0,3 V; f = 1000 Hz.

# **BRIDGE COIL**

• For Colour Data Graphic Displays

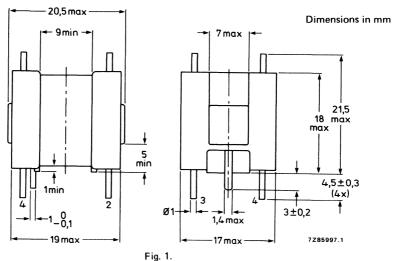
#### **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/69 is for the horizontal deflection output stage of 90° colour deflection systems. It is used in conjunction with the three-layer diode-split line output transformer AT2076/81 or AT2076/51, driver transformer AT4043/01, shift transformer AT4043/09 and dynamic focusing transformer AT4043/67.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

The coil is wound on a Ferroxcube I-15 core. It has four termination pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**



Mounting

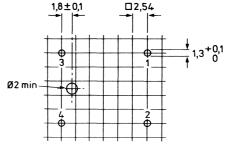


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side).

7Z69991.2

Inductance \*

Resistance

Maximum working temperature

1,0 mH  $\pm$  10% max. 1,07  $\Omega$ 

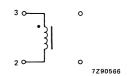


Fig. 3.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring conditions: E = 2,7 V; f = 1000 Hz.

3122 138 50000

# INPUT CHOKE

• For single switch power pack system

#### **APPLICATION**

The AT4043/81 is for use as a supply choke in the single switch power pack system (S² P²) for colour TV receivers. It is used in conjunction with mains transformer TS561/2 or TS521B, mains filter choke AT4043/55, current sensing transformer AT4043/46, driver transformer AT4043/82 and diode-split line output transformer AT2076/80.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores, grade 3C8. The choke has 10 pins  $(\phi 1 + 0.1 \text{ mm}, \text{length } 4.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm})$  for mounting on a printed-wiring board. The maximum height of the choke is 36 mm.

## Mounting

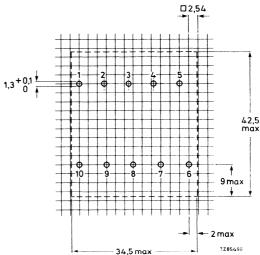


Fig. 1 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board, viewed from the solder side.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance (1-7)	25 mH ± 10%*
Resistance (1-4)	1,45 $\Omega$ ± 10%
Resistance (4-7)	1,85 $\Omega$ ± 10%
Resistance (10-3)	28 $\Omega \pm 10\%$
Maximum peak current (1-7)	0,55 A
Maximum peak current (1-4)	1,1 A
Maximum working temperature	115 °C
Flammability	according to UL94,
	category V1.

<sup>\*</sup> Measuring conditions: E = 20 V, f = 1 kHz.

Fig. 2.



# DRIVER TRANSFORMER

- For single switch power pack system
- Mains insulation

#### **APPLICATION**

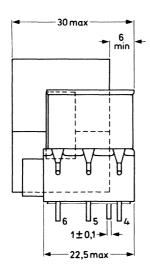
The AT4043/82 is for use as a transistor driver transformer in the single switch power pack system  $(S^2P^2)$  for colour TV receivers. It is used in conjunction with mains transformer TS561/2 or TS521B, mains filter choke AT4043/90, current sensing transformer AT4043/46, input choke AT4043/81 and diode-split line output transformer AT2076/80 or AT2077/80.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores, grade 3C8. The primary and secondary windings are wound on a two-part coil former with large creepage distances and clearances, which ensure safe insulation between the mains and control circuits. The transformer has six pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### Outlines



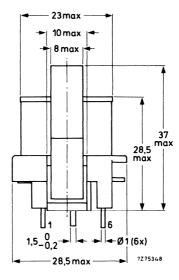
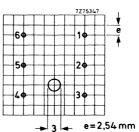


Fig. 1.

#### Mounting

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm. Viewed from the component side.



#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance, primary (4-6) Resistance, primary (4-6), at 25 °C

Leakage inductance, secondary (1-3)

Resistance, secondary (1-3)

Transformation ratio

Permissible current (r.m.s. value)

primary (4-6) secondary (1-3)

Mains isolation

Breakdown voltage (d.c.)

between secondary (1-3) and primary (4-6) or core

between primary (4-6) and core

Maximum working temperature

 $\geqslant$  6,8 mH\* 2,6  $\Omega$  ± 10% 17  $\mu$ H ± 10%\*\* 0,11  $\Omega$  ± 10%

0,11,32 ± 10

3,24

200 mA 500 mA

according to IEC65

≥ 5600 V ≥ 500 V

115 °C

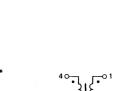


Fig. 3.

7275346.1

- \* Measuring condition: E = 3 V, f = 1 kHz.
- \*\* Measuring condition (primary short-circuited):  $E \le 250 \text{ mV}$ , 500 kHz  $\le f \le 600 \text{ kHz}$ .

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For Monochrome Data Graphic Displays

#### APPLICATION

This transformer is for use in monochrome monitors. The required supply voltage is 70 V. The transformer is used in conjunction with deflection unit AT1039/01, line-output transformer AT2076/53 and linearity control unit AT4036/00A.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U20-cores. The unit has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

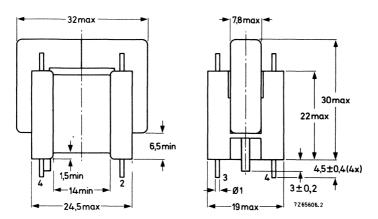


Fig. 1 Line driver transformer AT4043/83.

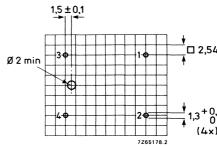


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printedwiring board (component side). Hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm; e = 2,54 mm (0,1 in).

Inductance (primary, 1 - 4)
Leakage inductance (secondary)

80 mH ± 12% 6 μH ± 15%

Transformation ratio

12,1:1

Maximum operating temperature

95 °C



Application circuit

Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

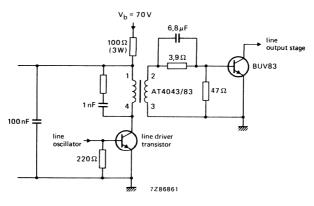


Fig. 4.

Note: Complete description is given in Technical Publication 058: "A full-page data graphic display unit (C62) operating at a line frequency of 32 kHz".

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

#### APPLICATION

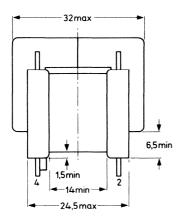
The transformer AT4043/87 has been designed for all-transistor black/white and colour television sets. In black and white television sets it can be used in the single-transistor (BU205) line-output circuit in conjunction with the line-output transformer AT2048/12; in colour television sets it can be used in the single-transistor (BU208A) line-output circuit in conjunction with the line-output transformer AT2076/30.

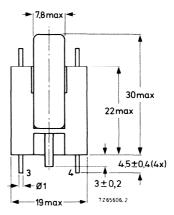
### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

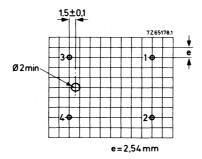
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U-cores. The unit is provided with pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### Outlines





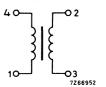
# Mounting



Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board; hole diameter 1,3 + 0,1 mm.

## **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance (primary, 1-4)	76 mH ± 12%
Leakage inductance (secondary)*	≤ 2,0 μH
Transformation ratio 4-1/2-3	29 : 1
Maximum working temperature	100 °C



<sup>\*</sup> Primary short circuited.

# LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMER

• For colour TV ("Two Chip Design")

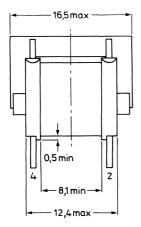
#### **APPLICATION**

This transformer is for use in economic colour TV receivers with 14 or 16 in 90° picture tubes, in conjunction with line-output transformer AT2078/06 and linearity corrector AT4042/90 or AT4042/91.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U10-cores. The unit has pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.



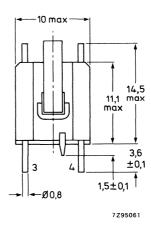


Fig. 1 Line driver transformer AT4043/89.

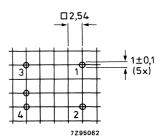


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side).

Inductance (primary, 1-2)

Transformation ratio

Maximum operating temperature

3,85 mH ± 15%

5:1

95 °C



Fig. 3 Circuit diagram.

# MAINS FILTER CHOKE FOR 1,0 A rms

#### APPLICATION

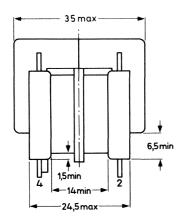
The AT4043/90 is for use in consumer and professional equipment as a part of the filter network in the power supply.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **Outlines**

Dimensions in mm



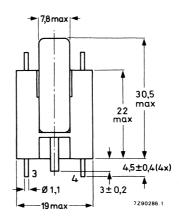
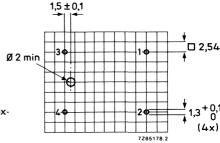


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side). The windings may be interchanged because the coil is symmetrical.

### Marking

The 12-digit catalogue number is printed on the Ferrox-cube cores.



Inductance, L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	≥ 28 mH*	
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub> , at 25 °C	1,0 Ω	1 2
Leakage inductance		°کس۲
L <sub>s(1-2)</sub> , L <sub>3-4</sub> short-circuited	0,75 mH	· <u>m</u>
$L_{s(1-2)}$ , $L_{3-4}$ short-circuited $L_{s(3-4)}$ , $L_{1-2}$ short-circuited	0,75 mH	3 4 7275709
Maximum current (r.m.s.)	1,0 A	
Maximum working temperature	115 °C	Fig. 3.

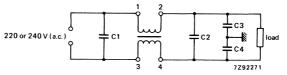


Fig. 4 Application circuit. C1 = C3 = C4 = 3300 pF, 250 V; C2 = 0,47  $\mu$ F, 250 V.

# The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Са	21 days, 40 °C; 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

# Reliability

Maximum cumulative percenta	ge catastrophic failures
after 300 h	≤ 0,019
after 10 000 h	≤ 0,02%
after 30 000 h	≤ 1%

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 V, 1 kHz.

# MAINS FILTER CHOKE FOR 0,25 A rms

#### APPLICATION

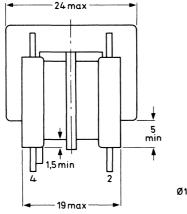
The AT4043/91A is for use in consumer and professional equipment as a part of the filter network in the power supply.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U15 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

# **Outlines**

Dimensions in mm



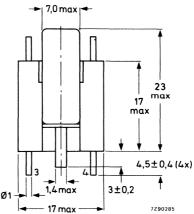
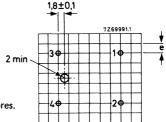


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side); e = 2,54 mm; hole diameter is 1,3 + 0,1 mm. The windings may be interchanged because the coil is symmetrical.

Fig. 1.



The 12-digit catalogue number is printed on the Ferroxcube cores.



Inductance, L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	≥ 40 mH*	
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub> , at 25 °C	5,0 $\Omega$ ± 12%	1 2
Leakage inductance		<u>اسیا</u>
$L_{s(1-2)}$ , $L_{3-4}$ short-circuited $L_{s(3-4)}$ , $L_{1-2}$ short-circuited	1,5 mH	$\cdot$ m
L <sub>s</sub> (3-4), L <sub>1-2</sub> short-circuited	1,5 mH	3 4 7275709
Maximum current (r.m.s.)	0,25 A	
Maximum working temperature	115 °C	Fig. 3.

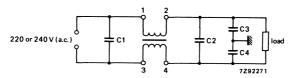


Fig. 4 Application circuit. C1 = C3 = C4 = 3300 pF; 250 V; C2 = 0,47  $\mu$ F, 250 V.

# The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp, heat, steady state	Са	21 days, 40 °C; 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C; 2 ± 0,5 s

# Reliability

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures} \\ \mbox{after 300 h} & \leqslant 0,01\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & \leqslant 0,02\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & \leqslant 1\% \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 V, 1 kHz.

# MAINS FILTER CHOKE FOR 0,5 A rms

#### APPLICATION

The AT4043/92 is for use in consumer and professional equipment as a part of the filter network in the power supply.

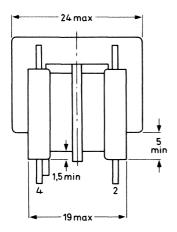
#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U15 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

Fig. 1.

### **Outlines**

Dimensions in mm



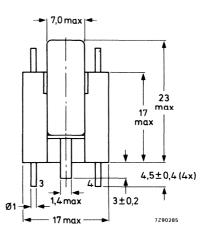
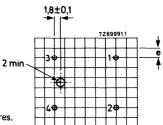


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side); e = 2,54 mm; hole diameter is 1,3 + 0,1 mm. The windings may be interchanged because the coil is symmetrical.

#### Marking

The 12-digit catalogue number is printed on the Ferroxcube cores.



Inductance, L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	≥ <b>1</b> 5 mH*	
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub> , at 25 °C	2,0 Ω	1 2
Leakage inductance L <sub>s(1-2)</sub> , L <sub>3-4</sub> short-circuited L <sub>s(3-4)</sub> , L <sub>1-2</sub> short-circuited	0,7 mH 0,7 mH	°
Maximum current (r.m.s.)	0,5 A	3 4 7275709
Maximum working temperature	115 °C	Fig. 3.

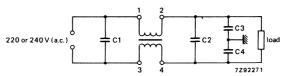


Fig. 4 Application circuit. C1 = C3 = C4 = 3300 pF, 250 V; C2 = 0,47 µF, 250 V.

# The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Са	21 days, 40 °C; 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

## Reliability

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Maximum cumulative percentage catastrophic failures} \\ \mbox{after 300 h} & \leqslant 0.01\% \\ \mbox{after 10 000 h} & \leqslant 0.02\% \\ \mbox{after 30 000 h} & \leqslant 1\% \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1,6 V, 1 kHz.

# MAINS FILTER CHOKE FOR 1,5 A rms

## **APPLICATION**

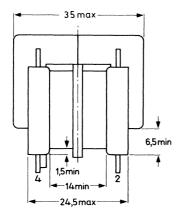
The AT4043/93 is for use in consumer and professional equipment as a part of the filter network in the power supply.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

**Outlines** 

Dimensions in mm



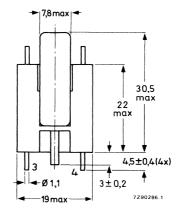
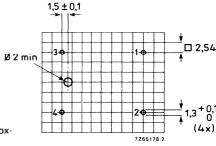


Fig. 1.

Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side). The windings may be interchanged because the coil is symmetrical.



The 12-digit catalogue number is printed on the Ferrox-cube cores.



Inductance, L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	≥ 12 mH*	
Resistance, R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub> , at 25 °C	0,4 Ω ± 10%	
Leakage inductance L <sub>s(1-2)</sub> , L <sub>3-4</sub> short-circuited L <sub>s(3-4)</sub> , L <sub>1-2</sub> short-circuited	0,5 mH 0,5 mH	<sup>ئ</sup> ِــَــِــِ <sup>2</sup> ُ ب <u>س</u>
Maximum current (r.m.s.)	1,5 A	3 4 7275709
Test voltage (d.c.) between the windings, and between windings and core	2000 V	Fig. 3.
Maximum working tepmerature	115 °C	

The choke withstands the following tests:

test	IEC 68 test method	procedure
bump	Eb	1000 bumps, acceleration 245 m/s², 6 directions
vibration	Fc	10-55-10 Hz, ampl. 0,35 mm, 3 directions, 30 min/direction
damp heat, steady state	Са	21 days, 40 °C, 93% R.H.
damp heat, cyclic	Db	21 days, 40 °C
change of temperature	Na	-25 °C, + 100 °C; 5 cycles
dry heat	Bb	96 h, + 100 °C
solderability	Та	230 ± 10 °C, 2 ± 0,5 s

# Reliability

atastrophic failures
≤ 0,01%
≤ 0,02%
≤ 1%

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 2,2 V, 1 kHz.

# **BRIDGE COIL**

#### **APPLICATION**

This bridge coil is for the line deflection output stage of the 45AX system.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm

The magnetic circuit comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores, grade 3C8. The transformer has four connecting pins and a location pin for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **Outlines**

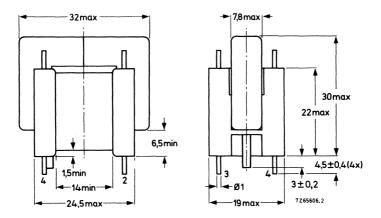


Fig. 1.

# Mounting

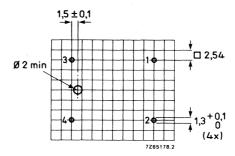


Fig. 2 Hole pattern for mounting on a printed-wiring board (component side).

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

Inductance (1-4)	1 mH ± 12%	10
Resistance (1-4) at 25 °C	$0,125~\Omega~\pm~12\%$	31
Maximum permissible peak current	1,3 A	
Maximum working temperature	100 °C	4 O 7Z78412

Fig. 3.

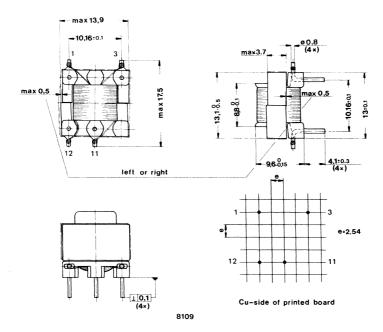
• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets.

## DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E12,6-cores. The transformer has 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



	catalogue number 3112 338 30910
Inductance, primary*	(1-12) 3,3 mH ± 10%
Leakage inductance, primary	(1-6) 10%
Maximum current, primary	(1-6) 320 mA
Number of turns primary secondary	(1-12) = 228 (11-3) = 16
secondary	(113) 10
Test voltage (d.c.) between primary and secondary	500 V

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration	IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz, Bmax = 0,3 T.

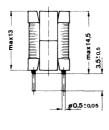
• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

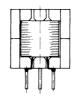
#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E12,6 cores. The transformer has 5 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

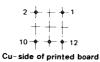
## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm









8099

	catalogue number 3112 338 30440		
Inductance, primary (1-2)*	3 mH ± 10%		
Leakage inductance, primary (1-2)	0,2%		
Maximum current, primary (1-2)	300 mA		
Number of turns primary (1-2) secondary (10-12)	220 22		
Test voltage (d.c.) between primary and secondary between primary and core	1500 V 1500 V		

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, tests Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.3 T$ .

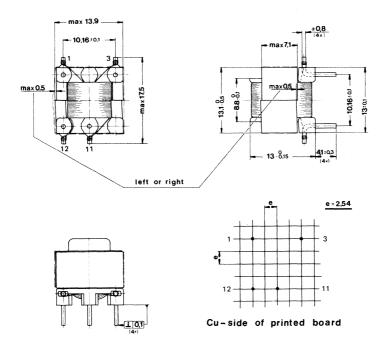
• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets.

#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E12,6-cores. The transformer has 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



catalogue number 3112 338 30800

Inductance, primary \* (1-12) 5,6 mH  $\pm$  10%

Leakage inductance, primary (1-12) 5,4%

Maximum current, primary (1-12) 325 mA

Number of turns

primary (1-12) = 252 secondary (11-3) = 14

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary 1500 V between primary and core 1500 V

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C
Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz, Bmax = 0,3 T.

• For consumer applications, e.g. video recorders, television sets, monitors.

## DESCRIPTION

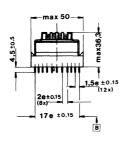
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E42/15 cores. The coil is built-up in layers of copper wire, separated from each other by insulation foils. A screen between primary and secondary guarantees the required insulation between the windings.

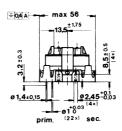
The transformer has 22 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

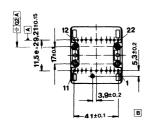
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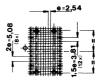
## **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm









Cu-side of printed board

			catalogue number			
			3112 338 3107	70	3112 338 31150	* *
Inductance, primar	nductance, primary* (7-5) 0,94 mH ±		± 10%	(5-7) 0,67 mH ± 10%		
Leakage inductance	e, primary	primary		(7-5) 2,1% (5-7) 2,1%		
Maximum current,	primary		(7-5) 2,03 A (5-7) 2,5 A			
Number of turns						
primary			(2-1) = 4		(2-1) = 5	
			(4-3) = 1		(4-3) = 1	
			(7-5) = 34		(7-5) = 32	
secondary			(20-19) = 6		(20-19) = 6	
			(21-22) = 3		(21-22) = 4	
			(16-18) = 5		(16-18) = 7	
			(15-14) = 7		(15-14) = 16	
			(13-12) = 14		(13-12) = 4	
Diagram				6 0	O 17	
Diagram				70-01	12	
				- : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	O 13	
					0 14	
				5 0_3	0 15	
				30-	0 18	
				3!	0 16	
				الف 4	0 19	
				10-7	20	
				311	C 22	
				انٹ ہ 2	16-0 21	
					7297606	

Test voltage (d.c.) between primary and secondary

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

between primary and core

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

VDE0860 and UL1411

115 °C

# Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +55$  °C

- \* Measured at 10 kHz, B<sub>max</sub> = 0,3 T.
- \*\* UL approved.

• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors

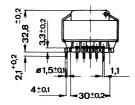
## DESCRIPTION

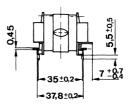
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E42/15 cores. The coil is built-up in layers of copper wire, separated from each other by insulation foils.

The transformer has 14 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

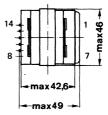
Dimensions in mm







 $\begin{array}{c|c}
14 & \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} & \underline$ 



8098

	catalogue number		
	3112 338 30550	3112 338 30970	
Inductance, primary*	(5-4) 2,5 mH ± 10%	(3-2) 1,9 mH ± 10%	
Leakage inductance, primary	(5-4) 1,2%	(3-2) 2%	
Maximum current, primary	(5-4) 1,2 A	(3-2) 1,36 A	
Number of turns			
primary	(5-4) = 78	(3-2) = 64	
	(2-3) = 2	(4-6) = 2	
	(3-7) = 2	(6-5) = 1	
secondary	(5-6) = 39	(9-10) = 52	
	(13-9) = 34	(11-12) = 11	
	(12-13) = 33	(13-10) = 7	
	(11-10) = 8		
Diagram			
	4 0-3 [-0 12	20-315-09	
	6 0—3 13	<b> </b>	
	<b>4</b>  }	30-16	
	و مے اکسہ ہ	50	
	7 0-7 0-11	6 0 13	
	3 0 10	<b>₹</b>	
	201	4 0-1-0 12	
		7297605	
		1	

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

and VDE0860

115 °C

# Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% Damp heat, accelerated

IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +85$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.3 T$ .

• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors.

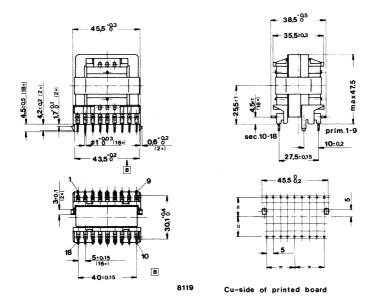
#### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E42/15 cores. The coil is built-up in layers of copper wire, separated from each other by insulation foils.

The transformer has 18 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



	catalogue number 3112 338 30940 (4-6) 1,8 mH ± 10%		
Inductance, primary*			
Leakage inductance, primary	(4-6) 1,4%		
Maximum current, primary	(4-6) 1,7 A		
Number of turns			
primary	(1-2) = 1		
·	(8.9) = 1		
	(3-7) = 3		
	(4-6) = 50		
secondary	(13-15) = 19		
	(11-10) = 13		
	(16-12) = 4		
	(18-17) = 3		

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary 5600 V between primary and core 5600 V

Mains insulation according to IEC 65 class 2, and VDE0860

Maximum operating temperature 115°C

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C
Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +55$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz, Bmax = 0,3 T.

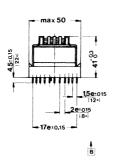
• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors.

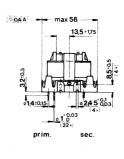
### DESCRIPTION

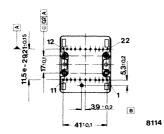
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E42/20 cores. The coil is built-up in layers of copper wire, separated from each other by insulation foils. A screen between primary and secondary guarantees the required insulation between the windings. The transformer has 22 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

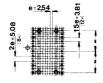
## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm









Cu-side of printed board

	catalogue	catalogue number		
	3112 338 30620	3112 338 31040		
Inductance, primary*	(5-7) 1,5 mH ± 10%	(7-5) 0,4 mH ± 10%		
Leakage inductance, primary	(5-7) 2%	(7-5) 3,75%		
Maximum current, primary	(5-7) 2,9 A	0.00		
Number of turns				
primary	(1-2) = 1	(2-1) = 2		
	(8-9) = 1	(9-8) = 2		
	(10-11) = 4	(11-10) = 2		
	(5-7) = 51	(7-5) = 31		
secondary	(18-16) = 25	(18-16) = 45		
	(12-13) = 10	(20-19) = 11		
	(15-14) = 3	(22-21) = 9		
		(14-15) = 9		
		(12-13) = 5		
		(12-13) - 5		

Test voltage (d.c.)
between primary and secondary
between primary and core

Mains insulation

Maximum operating temperature

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

and VDE0860

115 °C

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

## **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +55$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.3 T$ .

• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors.

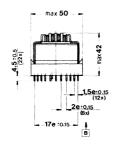
#### DESCRIPTION

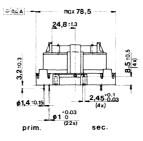
The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube E42/20 cores. The coil is built-up in layers of copper wire, separated from each other by insulation foils. A screen between primary and secondary guarantee the required insulation between the windings.

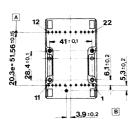
The transformer has 22 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

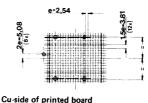
Dimensions in mm







8115



	catalogue number 3112 338 30740
Inductance, primary*	(5-7) 1,35 mH ± 10%
Leakage inductance, primary	(5-7) 1,5%
Maximum current, primary	(5-7) 3,55 A
Number of turns	
primary	(1-2) = 2
	(8-9) = 1
	(10-11) = 5
	(5-7) = 68
secondary	(18-16) = 37
	(12-13) = 15
	(15-14) = 4
	(19-20) = 6
	(21-22) = 6

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary 5600 V between primary and core 5600 V

Mains insulation according to IEC 65 class 2, and VDE0860

Maximum operating temperature 115 °C

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

## **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C
Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%
Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +35$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 10 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.3 T$ .

# **BRIDGE COIL**

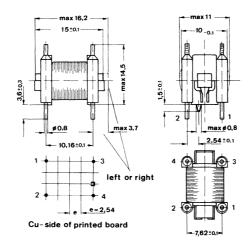
• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets, monitors

## DESCRIPTION

The coil is wound on a Ferroxcube I-10 core. It has four termination pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



catalogue number					
	3122 138 71330	3122 138 74310	3122 138 74290	3112 338 30790	3112 338 30460
	(1-4) 0,14 mH (1-4) 0,29 Ω				(3-1) 0,38 mH (3-1) 0,68 Ω

## Approbation

Sets with coils of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The bridge coil withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Tol.  $\pm$  10%; measured at 1 kHz, B<sub>max</sub> = 0,3 T.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tol.  $\pm$  12%; measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 23 °C.

### **PULSE TRANSFORMER**

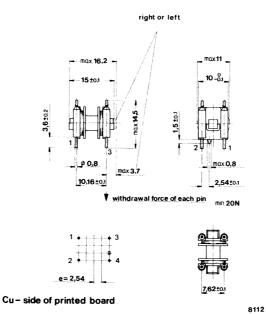
- For use in switched mode power supplies
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets.

### DESCRIPTION

The coil is wound on a Ferroxcube I-10 core. It has four termination pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

The coil former has three sections, of which the middle section is a safety distance between the other two.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



	catalog	ue number
	3112 338 31010	3112 338 31190
Resistance, primary	(1-2) 18 Ω	(1-2) 20,5 Ω
secondary	$(3-4)$ 18 $\Omega$	(3-4) 3,5 Ω
Maximum current, primary	(1-2) 610 mA	(1-2) 690 mA
Turns ratio	200 : 200	225 : 45

Diagram



Insulation resistance between primary and secondary

Test voltage (d.c.) between primary and secondary

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2, and VDE0860

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25q, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

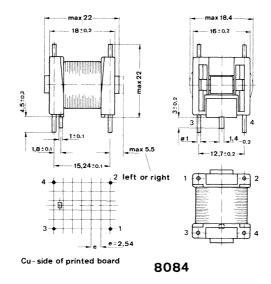
### **BRIDGE COIL**

• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

### DESCRIPTION

The coil is wound on a Ferroxcube I-15 core. It has four termination pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



***************************************			catalogue number	•	
	3122 138 71800	3122 138 29390	3122 138 29360	3112 338 30650	3112 338 30200
Inductance* Resistance**			ł	' ' '	(3-4) 0,2 mH (3-4) 0,3 Ω

### Approbation

Sets with coils of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The bridge coil withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25 g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> ToI.  $\pm$  10%; measured at 1 kHz, B<sub>max</sub> = 0,3 T. \*\* ToI.  $\pm$  12%; measured at T<sub>amb</sub> = 23 °C.

UL approved.

### **BRIDGE COIL**

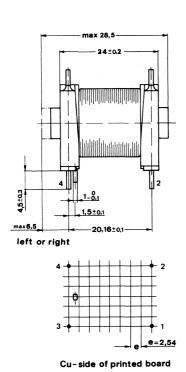
• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets.

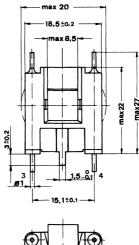
### DESCRIPTION

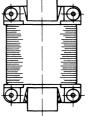
The coil is wound on a Ferroxcube I-20 core. It has four termination pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm







8094

		catalogue number	
	3112 338 30920	3122 138 94810	3122 138 28870
Inductance*	(1-2) 1,05 mH	(1-2) 0,43 mH	(1-2) 0,35 mH
Resistance**	(1-2) 1,17 Ω	(1-2) 0,55 Ω	(1-2) 0,21 Ω
Maximum current	(1-2) 3 A		a makanan se

### Approbation

Sets with coils of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The bridge coil withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C
Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Tol.  $\pm$  10%; measured at 1 kHz, B<sub>max</sub> = 0,3 T.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tol.  $\pm$  12%; measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 23 °C.

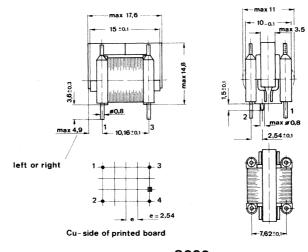
### LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMERS, BRIDGE COILS AND CHOKES

• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors, video recorders

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the unit comprises two Ferroxcube U10 cores. The unit has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



8092

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			catalogue number	number			
	3112 338 30070	3112 338 30390	3112 338 30880	3112 338 30390   3112 338 30880   3112 338 31030   312 338 31090   3122 138 90070	3112 338 31090	3122 138 90070	
Inductance* (± 10%)	(3-4) 0,9 mH	(1-2) 0,1 mH	(1-2) 85 mH	(3-4) 2,5 mH	(1-2) 20 mH	(1-2) 3,85 mH	
Resistance ** (± 12%)	(3-4) 0,85 $\Omega$	(1-2) 0,2 \ar{\Omega}	(1-2) 39 വ	(1-2) 0,53 Ω	(1-2) 1,02 ß	(1-2) 2,0 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
		(3-4) 0,03 വ	(3-4) 0,8 വ	(3-4) 1,05 $\Omega$	(3-4) 0,49 $\Omega$	(3-4) 0,6 $\Omega$	_
Leakage inductance				(3-4) 2,4%			
Maximum current	(3-4) 385 mA	(1-2) 1200 mA	(1-2) 29 mA	(3-4) 1500 mA	(1-2) 36 mA		_
Transformation ratio		45:7	1000 : 50	135 : 99	194 : 66	200 : 40	
Diagram		Ē					
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# Approbation

Sets with units of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, E1, SEV, UL and BSI.

### TESTS

Vibration

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 oC IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 oC, R.H. 95 to 100% 3 x 30 min The unit withstands the following tests:

IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles, T  $_{A}$  =  $-25\ ^{o}$  C T  $_{B}$  =  $+100\ ^{o}$  C Rapid change of temperature

Damp heat, steady state Damp heat, accelerated

Dry heat

Bump

- - - Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0,1 T$ . Measured at  $T_{amb} = 23$  °C. \* \*

### FILTER COIL

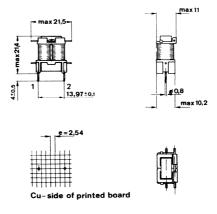
 For applications where a low winding capacitance and a small stray field are required, e.g. car radios, video recorders.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit consists of a Ferroxcube U11 core. The winding is split up over two coil formers, each of which is mounted on a leg of the core.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



8097

Inductance*		
Inductance		
Resistance * *		
nesistance		
Maximum current		
Waxiii odii odii oii		
Diagram		
- · · · <b>3</b> · - · · ·		

catalog	gue number
3122 138 51020	3122 138 99460
(1-2) 0,75 mH ± 10%	(1-2) 0,185 mH ± 10%
(1-2) 0,45 $\Omega$ ± 12%	(1-2) 0,11 Ω ± 12%
530 mA	2500 mA



### Approbation

Sets with coils of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The coil withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

T<sub>B</sub> = +100 °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measured at Tamb = 23 °C.

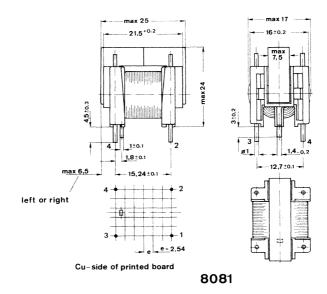
### LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMERS, BRIDGE COILS AND CHOKES

• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the unit comprises two Ferroxcube U15 cores. The unit has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



		catalogue	number	
	3122 138 93520	3122 138 93870	3122 138 96550	3112 338 31120
	driver transformer	E/W injection coil	bridge coil	choke
Inductance* (± 10%)	(1-2) 6,1 mH	(1-2) 15 mH	(1-2) 0,52 mH	(3-4) 8 mH
Resistance** (± 12%)	(1-2) 2,3 $\Omega$ (3-4) 0,22 $\Omega$	(1-2) 2,6 Ω	(1-2) 0,6 Ω	(3-4) 1,7 Ω
Leakage inductance	$(1-2) < 13.8 \mu H$			
Maximum current		(1-2) 1200 mA	(1-2) 1850 mA	(3-4) 300 mA
Transformation ratio	180 : 43		·	
Diagram				
	20 4	20	O 7297575	4 0 0

### Approbation

Sets with units of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The unit withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

 $T_B = +100 \, ^{\circ}C.$ 

Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measured at Tamb = 23 °C

		catalogue number		
3112 338 30980	3122 138 95450	3112 338 30840	3112 338 30820	3112 338 30420
driver transformer	driver transformer	driver transformer	driver transformer	driver transformer
(1-2) 8,5 mH	(1-2) 1,2 mH	(1-2) 12,8 mH	(1-2) 470 mH	(1-2) 1000 mH
(1-2) 2,8 Ω (3-4) 0,16 Ω	(1-2) 0,55 Ω (3-4) 0,3 Ω	(1-2) 9 Ω (3-4) 0,14 Ω	(1-2) 320 Ω (3-4) 0,28 Ω	(1-2) 105 Ω (3-4) 1,65 Ω
	(3-4) $<$ 6 $\mu$ H	(3-4) $<$ 9 $\mu$ H	(3-4) < 8,4 μH	$(3-4) < 25 \mu H$
(1-2) 200 mA		(1-2) 220 mA	(1-2) 35 mA	(1-2) 15 mA
186 : 27	100 : 50	300 : 43	1750 : 51	1600 : 63





### FILTER COIL

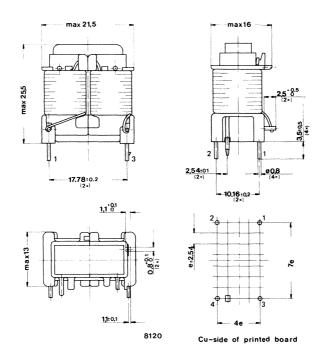
• For applications where a low winding capacitance and a small stray field are required, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, car radios.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit consists of a Ferroxcube U15 core. The winding is split up over two coil formers, each of which is mounted on a leg of the core.

The transformer has 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



catalogue number 3112 338 30720

Inductance (1-3)\*

Resistance (1-3)\*\*

Maximum current (1-3)

0,16 mH  $\pm$  10% 0,055  $\Omega$   $\pm$  12% 5000 mA

3 0 7797607

Diagram

### **Approbation**

Sets with coils of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The coil withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measured at Tamb = 23 °C.

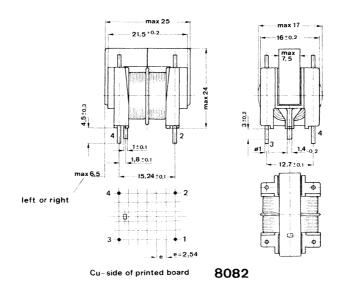
### MAINS FILTER CHOKE

- For filter networks in the power supply
- For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors, compact disc players.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U15 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



		catalogu	e number	
	3122 138 52560	3112 338 30640	3112 338 30170	3112 338 31020
Inductance* (± 10%) $L_{1-2} = L_{3-4}$	0,7 mH	70 mH	25 mH	0,7 mH
Resistance** (± 12%) R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub>	2,0 Ω	5,0 Ω	1,9 Ω	0,08 Ω
Maximum current, I <sub>1-2</sub>	500 mA	250 mA	480 mA	290 mA



Diagram.

Test voltage (d.c.)

between windings

between windings and core

2000 V 2000 V

### Approbation

Sets with chokes of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The choke withstands the following tests:

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm Vibration

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

 $T_B = + 100 \, ^{\circ}C$ 

Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

Measured at  $T_{amb} = 23 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

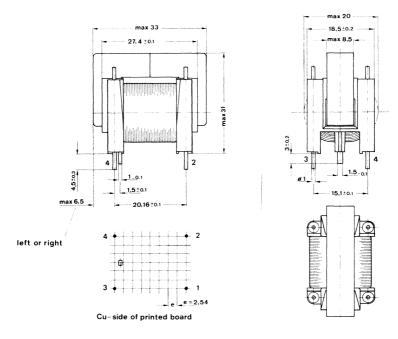
### LINE DRIVER TRANSFORMERS, BRIDGE COILS AND CHOKES

• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the unit comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The unit has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



8089

			catalogu	catalogue number		
	3112 338 30160	3122 138 26060	3112 338 30830	3112 338 31000	3112 338 30830   3112 338 31000   3112 338 30380   3112 338 30210	3112 338 30210
	driver transformer	driver transformer	bridge coil	bridge coil	driver transformer   choke	choke
Inductance* (± 10%)	(1-4) 80 mH	(1-4) 76 mH	(1-4) 1 mH	(1-2) 0,05 mH	(1-4) 0,3 mH	(2-3) 20 mH
Resistance** (± 12%)	(1-4) 42 Ω (2-3) 0,64 Ω		(1-4) 0,14 $\Omega$	(1-2) 0,04 $\Omega$	(1-4) 0,17 \(\Omega\) (2-3) 0,01 \(\Omega\)	(2-3) 13,5 $\Omega$
Leakage inductance	$(2-3) < 6,9 \mu H$	$(2-3) < 2 \mu H$				
Maximum current	(1-4) 95 mA	(1-4) 120 mA	(1-4) 1,3 mA	(1:2) 5000 mA	(1-4) 3400 mA	(2-3) 400 mA
Transformation ratio	184 : 40	574:20			62:3	
Diagram		0 2	٠	Ĺ	10	2
	<del>~~</del>	···-	<del></del>	<del></del>	<u></u>	<del></del> -
	4	7297576	•	2 0 0	4 0	°

# Approbation

Sets with units of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI. The unit withstands the following tests:

## TESTS

The difference of the following tests:	ig tests.
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm
	3 x 30 min
Bump	IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions
Dry heat	IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 oC
Damp heat, steady state	IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%
Damp heat, accelerated	IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%
Rapid change of temperature	IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles, $T_A = -25$ oC,
	$T_B = +100 \text{ oC}.$

- Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max}$  = 0,1 T. Measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 23  ${}^{0}C$ .

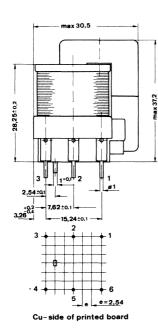
### DRIVER TRANSFORMER

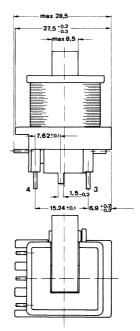
• For consumer applications, e.g. television sets, monitors

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The primary and secondary windings are on separate coil formers, and concentrically mounted on one leg of the core. The transformer has six pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**





8090

	catalogue number			
	3122 138 96570	3122 138 90290	3122 138 90580	3112 338 30780
Inductance * primary	(1-3) > 1 mH	(4-6) > 16 mH	(4-6) > 6 mH	(1-2) 5 mH
Leakage inductance primary			(4-6) 1%	(1-2) 1%
Number of turns primary	(1-3) = 800	(4-6) = 100	(4-6) = 60	(1-2) = 200 (2-3) = 20
secondary	(4-6) = 13	(1-3) = 20	(1-3) = 20	(4-5) = 15 (5-6) = 4
Diagram	10-1	10-14	***************************************	20
	30	30	30	3 0

Test voltage (d.c.)

between (1-2-3) and (4-5-6) 5600 V between (1-2-3) and core 5600 V between (4-5-6) and core 500 V

Mains insulation according to IEC 65 class 2, VDE 0860

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

 $3 \times 30 \text{ min}$ 

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

 $T_B = +100 \text{ oC}$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 kHz, B<sub>max</sub> = 0,1 T.

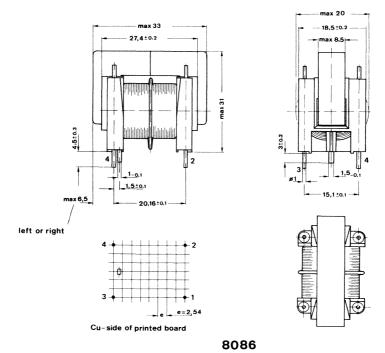
### MAINS FILTER CHOKE

- For filter networks in the power supply
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the filter choke comprises two Ferroxcube U20 cores. The choke has four pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



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		-	catalogue number	number			
	3122 138 53860	3112 338 30190	3122 138 53860 3112 338 30190 3112 338 30220 3112 338 30700 3112 338 30810 3112 338 30860 3111 108 33100	3112 338 30700	3112 338 30810	3112 338 30860	3111 108 33100
nductance* (± 10%)							
L <sub>1-2</sub> = L <sub>3-4</sub>	12 mH	3,5 mH	1,7 mH	0,77 mH	64 mH	17,5 mH	28 mH
Resistance** (± 12%)							
R <sub>1-2</sub> = R <sub>3-4</sub>	0,44 \\Cappa	0,21 Ω	0,44Ω	0,26 \\Darto	Ω 1,7 Ω	0,48 \\ \Omega	1,0 Ω
eakage inductance							
$L_{I(1-2)} = L_{I(3-4)}$	0,5 mH						
Maximum current,							
11.2	1400 mA	280 mA	950 mA	1260 mA	53 mA	100 mA	1000 mA

Sets with chokes of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, E1, SEV, UL and BS1. 2000 V 2000 V between windings and core between windings Test voltage (d.c.) Approbation

TESTS

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min The choke withstands the following tests: Vibration

Dry heat Bump

Damp heat, steady state

Rapid change of temperature Damp heat, accelerated

IEC 68-2-4, test Db; + 40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100% EC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $\Gamma_{\rm B} = + 100 \, {}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

\* Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max}$  = 0,1 T. \*\* Measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 23  $^{\circ}$ C.

410

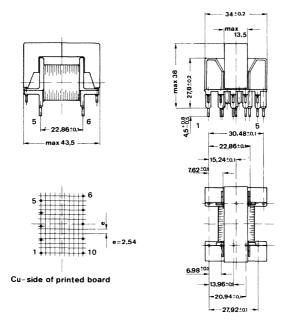
### CHOKE

- To be used as a choke or a transformer
- For consumer applications, e.g. monitors and television sets

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the choke comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores. The choke has 10 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



8093

		catalogi	ue number		
	3112 338 30230	3112 338 30660	3122 138 50000	3122 138 50050	
Inductance, primary* (tol. ± 10%)	(1-5) 150 mH	(8-2) 9 mH	(1-7) 25 mH	(1-10) 16 mH	
Maximum current primary			(1-7) 560 mA	(1-10) 625 mA	
Number of turns primary secondary	(1-2) = 160 (2-3) = 80 (3-4) = 110 (4-5) = 165 (6-7) = 1 (7-8) = 3 (8-9) = 3 (9-10) = 2	(8-4) = 180 (4-2) = 162	(1-4) = 225 (4-7) = 225	(1-10) = 365 (3-2) = 62 (8-7) = 10	
Diagram	4 0 6 7 3 0 8 2 0 9 0 10	40	40	100 2 02 08 100 7 7297571	

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary 2000 V between windings and core 500 V

### Approbation

Sets with chokes of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The choke withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

TB = +100 °C

Measured at 10 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

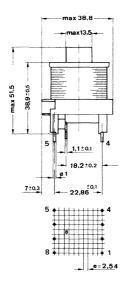
### SWITCHED-MODE TRANSFORMER

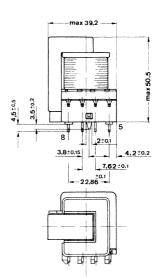
• For consumer applications, e.g. monitors and television sets

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U25 cores. The primary and secondary windings are on separate coil formers, and concentrically mounted on one leg of the core. The transformer has 8 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**

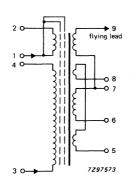




8104

	catalogue number 3112 338 30120
Inductance, primary (3-4)	2,2 mH
Leakage inductance, primary (3-4)	<b>4</b> %
Number of turns, primary (3-4)	70
(1-2)	9
secondary (7-8)	14
(7-6)	17
(7-5)	8
(9-7)	8

Diagram



Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary 5600 V between primary and core 5600 V

Mains insulation according to IEC 65 class 2, VDE 0860

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C
Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%
Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

 $T_B = +100 \text{ oC}$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Measured at 1 kHz, Bmax = 0,1 T.

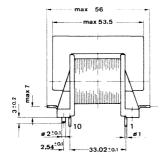
### CHOKE

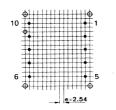
- To be used as a choke or a transformer
- For consumer applications, e.g. monitors and television sets

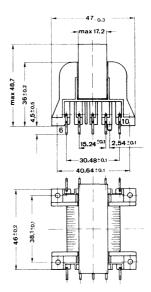
### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the choke comprises two Ferroxcube U30 cores. The choke has 10 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board. It can be fixed to the board with four screws.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**







8105

Inductance (8-9)\*

Resistance (8-9)\*\*

(6-7) \* \*

Maximum current (8-9)

Diagram

catalogue number 3112 338 30150

16 mH ± 10%

 $1,65 \Omega \pm 12\%$  $0.054 \Omega \pm 12\%$ 

1000 mA

Test voltage (d.c.)

between windings

500 V

### Approbation

Sets with chokes of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### TESTS

The choke withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm

3 x 30 min

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95%

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,

 $T_B = +100 \text{ oC}$ 

Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measured at Tamb = 23 °C.

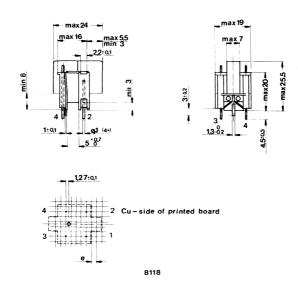
### CURRENT SENSING TRANSFORMER

- For switched-mode power supply circuits.
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, casette recorders, television sets.

### DESCRIPTION

The magnetic circuit of the transformer comprises two Ferroxcube U15-cores. The primary turn is potted in the coil former to guarantee the required isolation. The transformer has 4 pins for mounting on a printed-wiring board.

### **MECHANICAL DATA**



Inductance (3-4)\* Resistance (3-4)\*\* Maximum current (1-2) Turns ratio Diagram

catalogu	ue number
3122 138 90300	3122 138 93390
> 700 mH	> 12,5 mH
44 Ω	1 Ω
2,5 A	10 A
1:800	1 : 100
10-	0 3

Test voltage (d.c.) between primary and core

Mains insulation

5600 V according to IEC 65 class 2, and VDE0860

### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

### **TESTS**

The transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc; 10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm 3 x 30 min

C ∵mp IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 25g, 4000 bumps, 6 directions

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, +125 °C

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca; 21 days, R.H. 95% Damp heat, accelerated

IEC 68-2-4, test Db; +40 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%

Rapid change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +100$  °C

Measured at 1 kHz,  $B_{max} = 0.1 T$ .

Measured at Tamb = 23 °C.





Dimensions in mm

### MAINS TRANSFORMER

Output power 8 VA

**MECHANICAL DATA** 

• For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

The transformer has 12 pins for mounting on printed-wiring boards (A), or solder tags with eyelets for wire connections (B).

### 

Mounting

The transformer is secured by means of four self-tapping screws of 3 mm.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

8 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

	catalogue number		
	3112 318 38130	3112 348 30110	3112 348 30330
Primary voltage	(3-5)* 110 V (3-1)* 127 V (3-2)** 220 V (3-1)** 240 V	(3-5) 110 V (3-2) 220 V (3-1) 240 V	(3-5)* 110 V (3-1)* 127 V (3-2)** 220 V (3-1)** 240 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(3-5)* 150 Ω (3-1)* 202 Ω (3-2)** 600 Ω (3-1)** 652 Ω	(3-5) 250 Ω (3-2) 590 Ω (3-1) 649 Ω	(3-5)* 105 Ω (3-1)* 140 Ω (3-2)** 420 Ω (3-1)** 455 Ω
Secondary voltage	(8-9) 17,3 V (10-11) 28,3 V	(9-10) 9,2 V (8-11) 21 V	(8-9) 12,5 V (9-11) 12,5 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(8-9) 4,4 Ω (10-11) 110 Ω	(9-10) 2,1 Ω (8-11) 4,8 Ω	(8-9) 3,25 Ω (9-11) 3,25 Ω
Diagram	1	5 THE TOTAL	6 9 5 11 3 11 3 17297543

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

VDE 0860

<sup>\* (4-5)</sup> parallel connected to (6-2).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Terminals 5 and 6 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%. Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = + 125$  °C.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na Flammability UL94, category V2.

- Output power 8 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

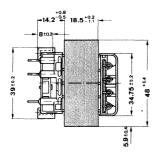
#### DESCRIPTION

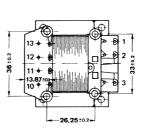
This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

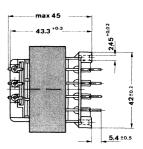
The transformer has 7 pins for mounting on printed-wiring boards.

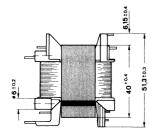
#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

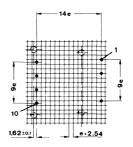
Dimensions in mm











Cu-side of printed board

### 8048

#### Mounting

The transformer is secured by means of four self-tapping screws of 3 mm.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

8 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numbe	r 3112 318	
	35730	36940	37490	39190
Primary voltage	(1-2) 220 V (1-2) 240 V	(1-2) 220 V	(1-2) 220 V	(1-2) 240 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(1-2) 400 Ω	(1-2) 400 Ω	(1-2) 540 Ω	(1-2) 540 Ω
Secondary voltage	(10-11) 25,2 V* (11-13) 25,2 V*	(10-11) 10,5 V (11-13) 10,5 V	(10-13) 10,8 V	(10-13) 22,3 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(10-11) 14 Ω (11-13) 14 Ω	(10-11) 2,2 Ω (11-13) 2,2 Ω	(10-13) 1,5 Ω	(10-13) 5,6 Ω
Diagram	1 10	1 10 10 11 11 13 13 13 13	3 3 13 2 7297544	3 - 13

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$  > 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

<sup>\*</sup> At primary voltage of 220 V.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.

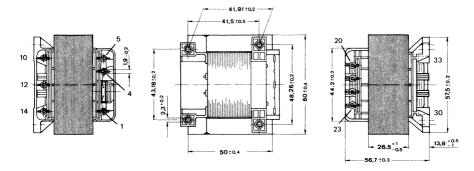
- Output power 25 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

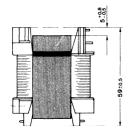
#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm





8103

#### Mounting

The transformer is secured by means of four self-tapping screws of 3 mm.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

25 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numbe	r 3112	
	318 38020	318 39560	318 39970	348 30340*
Primary voltage	(4-5) 220 ∨	(4-12)** 110 V (4-14)** 127 V (4-5) ▲ 220 V (4-14) ▲ 240 V	(4-5) 220 V	(4-5) 120 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(4-5) 79,5 Ω	(4-12)** 22,3 Ω (4-14)** 30,2 Ω (4-5) ▲ 89,3 Ω (4-14) ▲ 97,2 Ω	(4-5) 61 Ω	(4-5) 20,5 Ω
Secondary voltage	(20-23) 14,8 V	(20-21) 12,3 V (21-22) 12,3 V	(20-21) 9,7 V (22-23) 17,1 V	(32-31) 10,3 V (31-33) 10,3 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(20-23) 0,37 Ω	(20-21) 0,7 Ω (21-22) 0,7 Ω	(20-21) 0,19 Ω (22-23) 2,3 Ω	(32-31) 0,46 Ω (31-33) 0,46 Ω
Diagram	5 20	14 20 5 10 21 12 21	5 20 21 22 22 23 4	5 32 31 33 4 7297546

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V

5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

- UL approved.
- \*\* (1-12) parallel connected to (10-5).
- ▲ Terminals 10 and 12 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.



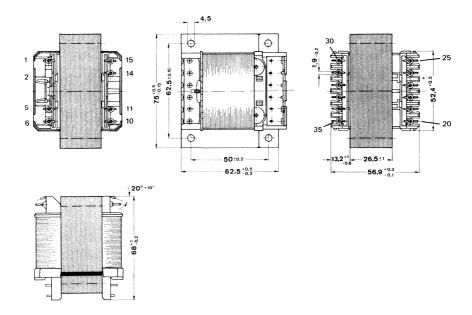
- Output power 48 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, video recorders, television sets

#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



#### 8061

#### Mounting

The transformers can be fitted with four screws M4; the mounting holes are positioned according to DIN 41302.

Output power at T = 115  $^{\circ}$ C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60  $^{\circ}$ C)

48 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numbe	r <b>3112</b>	
######################################	318 39480	318 39700	318 39990	348 30000
Primary voltage	(5-15)* 110 V (5-1)* 127 V (5-6)** 220 V (5-1)** 240 V	(5-6) 220 V	(5-6)* 110 V (5-10)* 127 V (5-6)** 220 V (5-10)** 240 V	(5-6)* 110 V (5-10)* 127 V (5-6)** 220 V (5-10)** 240 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(5-15)* 10,2 Ω (5-1)* 13,8 Ω (5-6)** 41 Ω (5-1)** 44,6 Ω	(5-6) 39 Ω	(5-6)* 9,5 Ω (5-10)* 13 Ω (5-6)** 38 Ω (5-10)** 41,5 Ω	(5-6)* 9,5 Ω (5-10)* 13 Ω (5-6)** 38 Ω (5-10)** 41,5 Ω
Secondary voltage	(21-25) 62,5 V	(24-23) 9,1 V (23-25) 9,1 V	(34-33) 18,8 V (33-30) 10,2 V	(34-35) 27 V (33-30) 10,6 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(21-25) 3,1 Ω	(24-23) 0,16 Ω (23-25) 0,16 Ω	(34-33) 0,29 Ω (33-30) 2,6 Ω	(34-35) 0,8 Ω (33-30) 0,7 Ω
Diagram	1 21 6 11 14 15 12 2 25	23	10 34 6 33 15 33 15 30 5 30	10 34 8 35 15 33 31 2 7297546

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Main insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2, VDE 0860

<sup>(2-15)</sup> parallel connected to (14-6).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Terminals 14 and 15 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = + 125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.

- Output power 60 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. amplifiers, cassette recorders, television sets

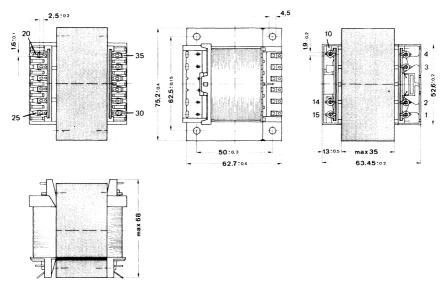
#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

The transformer has solder tags with eyelets for wire connections.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



#### 8054

#### Mounting

The transformers can be fitted with four screws M4; the mounting holes are positioned according to DIN 41302.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

60 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

	catalogue number 3112 318			
	38620	38820	39010	39440*
Primary voltage	(3-4) 220 V (3-1) 240 V	(3-14)** 110 V (3-10)** 127 V (3-4) ▲ 220 V (3-10) ▲ 240 V	(3-4) 220 V	(1-4) 120 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(3-4) 27 Ω (3-1) 29,3 Ω	(3-14)** 6,7 Ω (3-10)** 9,2 Ω (3-4)▲ 27 Ω (3-10)▲ 29,5 Ω	(3-4) 21 Ω	(1-4) 7,0 Ω
Secondary voltage	(20-21) 15,5 V	(34-33) 25,6 V (33-35) 25,6 V	(32-34) 28 V	(30-34) 17,2 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(20-21) 0,13 Ω	(34-33) 0,65 Ω (33-35) 0,65 Ω	(32-34) 0,37 Ω	(30-34) 0,18 Ω
Diagram	20	10 34 4 33 15 33 14 33 3 35	32	4 30 30 31 34 7297547

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$  > 60 M $\Omega$ 

> 60 IVIS

5600 V

5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

- Without temperature/current fuse.
- \*\* (1-14) parallel connected to (15-4).
- ▲ Terminals 14 and 15 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm,  $3 \times 30$  min.

Bump

IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat

IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C. IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, steady state Damp heat, accelerated

IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature

IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +125$  °C.

Flammability

UL94, category V2.

- Output power 95 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. amplifiers, cassette recorders, television sets

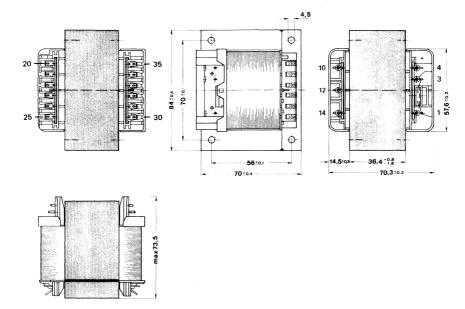
#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

The transformer has solder tags with eyelets for wire connections.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



8064

#### Mounting

The transformers can be fitted with four screws M4; the mounting holes are positioned according to DIN 41302.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

95 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

	catalogue number 3112 318			
	37600	38710*	39030	39640**
Primary voltage	(2-4) 220 V	(3-4) 120 V	(3-12) ▲ 110 V (3-14) ▲ 127 V (3-4) ▲ 220 V (3-14) ▲ 240 V	(1-3) 120 V (1-4) 240 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(2-4) 13 Ω	(3-4) 3 Ω	(3-12) ▲ 4 Ω (3-14) ▲ 5,4 Ω (3-4) ▲ 16,0 Ω (3-14) ▲ 17,4 Ω	(1-3) 5,3 Ω (1-4) 23,5 Ω
Secondary voltage	(22-24) 29,8 V (24-23) 29,8 V	(24-23) 28,4 V (23-25) 28,4 V	(24-23) 27,2 V (23-25) 27,2 V	(30-34) 49,7 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(22-24) 0,6 Ω (24-23) 0,6 Ω	(24-23) 0,36 Ω (23-25) 0,36 Ω	(24-23) 0,55 Ω (23-25) 0,55 Ω	(30-34) 0,78 Ω
Diagram	22	23	14	3 3 34 1 297548

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$  > 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2, VDE 0860

UL approved.

<sup>\*\*</sup> UL and CSA approved.

<sup>▲ (1-12)</sup> parallel connected to (10-4).

<sup>▲▲</sup> Terminals 10 and 12 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h,  $\pm$  125 °C. Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = + 125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.



- Output power 12 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, cassette recorders, television sets

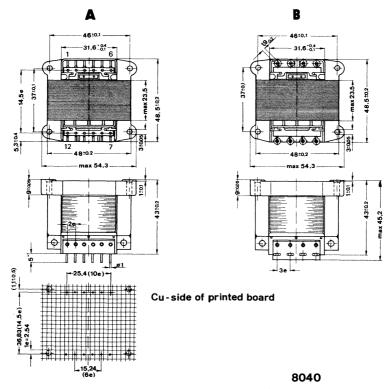
#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

The transformer has 12 pins for mounting on printed-wirings boards (A), or solder tags with eyelets for wire connections (B).

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



#### Mounting

The transformer is secured by means of four self-tapping screws of 3 mm.

Output power at T = 115  $^{\circ}$ C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60  $^{\circ}$ C)

12 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numb	er 3112	
	348 30410	318 39470	348 30190	348 30430*
Primary voltage	(3-5)** 110 V (3-1)** 127 V (3-2) ▲ 220 V (3-1) ▲ 240 V	(3-5) 240 V	(3-5) 127 V (3-6) 220 V	(3-5) 220 V (3-6) 240 V (1-2) 7,9 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(3-5)** 79 Ω (3-1)** 106 Ω (3-2) ▲ 315 Ω (3-1) ▲ 342 Ω	(3-5) 270 Ω	(3-5) 147 Ω (3-6) 275 Ω	(3-5) 268 Ω (3-6) 294 Ω
Secondary voltage	(8-9) 11,9 V (9-11) 11,9 V	(8-9) 18,3 V (9-10) 18,3 V	(7-8) 11,8 V	(11-10) 10,9 V (9-8) 21,5 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(8-9) 2,2 Ω (9-11) 2,2 Ω	(8-9) 3,7 Ω (9-10) 3,7 Ω	(7-8) 1,23 Ω	(11-10) 1,2 Ω (9-8) 18 Ω
Diagram	1	5 8 9 3 — 10	5 3 4 8	1 9 2 1 8 5 8 8 111 3 10 3 7297549

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

- Vacuum sealed, VDE 0551 approved.
- \*\* (4-5) parallel connected to (6-2).
- ▲ Terminals 5 and 6 interconnected.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = + 125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.



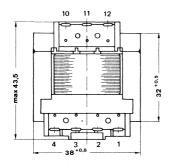
- Output power 3,2 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, radio-cassette recorders

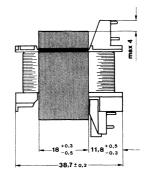
#### **DESCRIPTION**

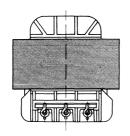
This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm







8067

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

3,2 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numbe	er 3112 318	
	36510	38000	38010	39410*
Primary voltage	(3-1) 127 V (3-4) 220 V (3-4) 240 V	(3-4) 220 V	(3-4) 240 V	(2-4) 120 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(3-1) 640 Ω (3-4) 1140 Ω	(3-4) 830 Ω	(3-4) 1140 Ω	(2-4) 290 Ω
Secondary voltage	(10-11) 10,3 V (11-12) 10,3 V	(10-12) 9,9 V	(10-12) 10 V	(10-12) 9,8 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(10-11) 7 Ω (11-12) 7 Ω	(10-12) 1,7 Ω	(10-12) 1,8 Ω	(10-12) 1,7 Ω
Diagram	1 11 11 12 12	3 12	2 12	10

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

> 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V 5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

<sup>\*</sup> Without fuse; UL approved.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, EI, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration

IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump

IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat

IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state

IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated

IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%. IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +$  125 °C.

Change of temperature

Flammability

UL94, category V2.

- Output power 3.2 VA
- For consumer applications, e.g. record players, radio-cassette recorders, television sets

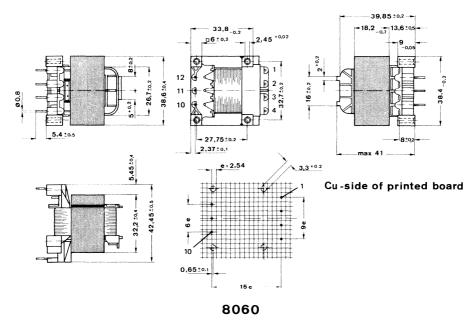
#### DESCRIPTION

This transformer has a laminated iron core (welded E-I combination). The primary and secondary windings are wound on separate coil formers, which are concentrically mounted on the centre leg of the E-I combination.

The transformer has 7 pins for mounting on printed-wiring boards.

#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Dimensions in mm



#### Mounting

The transformer is secured by means of four self-tapping screws of 3 mm.

Output power at T = 115 °C (T<sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C)

3,2 VA

Note: for over-temperature protection a built-in temperature/current fuse for 123 °C is used.

		catalogue numbe	er 3112	
	318 38210	318 39320*	318 39870**	348 30050
Primary voltage	(3-1) 115 V (3-4) 220 V	(2-1) 120 V	(3-1) 120 V (3-4) 230 V	(3-1) 127 V (3-4) 220 V (3-4) 240 V
Primary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(3-1) 360 kΩ (3-4) 1430 Ω	(2-1) 150 Ω	(3-1) 850 Ω (3-4) 2100 Ω	(3-1) 640 Ω (3-4) 1140 Ω
Secondary voltage	(10-11) 8,8 V (11-12) 8,8 V	(10-12) 14,6 V	(10-11) 20 V (11-12) 20 V	(10-11) 10,3 V (11-12) 10,3 V
Secondary resistance (at T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C)	(10-11) 4,1 Ω (11-12) 4,1 Ω	(10-12) 2,4 Ω	(10-11) 38 Ω (11-12) 38 Ω	(10-11) 5,9 Ω (11-12) 5,9 Ω
Diagram	1 11 11 12 12	1 10 10 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	1 11 11 12 3	1 11 12

Insulation resistance

between primary and secondary

between primary and core

Test voltage (d.c.)

between primary and secondary between primary and core

Mains insulation

> 60 M $\Omega$ > 60 M $\Omega$ 

5600 V

5600 V

according to IEC 65 class 2,

**VDE 0860** 

UL approved.

<sup>\*\*</sup> UL and CSA approved.

#### Approbation

Sets with transformers of this construction are released by Demko, Nemko, Semko, El, SEV, UL and BSI.

#### **TESTS**

The mains transformer withstands the following tests:

Vibration IEC 68-2-6, test Fc,

10-55-10 Hz, amplitude 0,35 mm, 3 x 30 min.

Bump IEC 68-2-29, test Eb; 40g, 4000 bumps, 3 directions.

Dry heat IEC 68-2-2, test Bb; 96 h, + 125 °C.

Damp heat, steady state IEC 68-2-3, test Ca, 21 days, R.H. 95%.

Damp heat, accelerated IEC 68-2-4, test D, + 55 °C, R.H. 95 to 100%.

Change of temperature IEC 68-2-14, test Na; 5 cycles,  $T_A = -25$  °C,  $T_B = +125$  °C.

Flammability UL94, category V2.

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